

ThreeBond

1100/1200 Series

Liquid Gaskets / Silicone-Based Adhesives, Sealants and Potting Agents



Liquid Gaskets

These are liquid sealants used for sealing inner fluids by applying them to the joint surfaces of various flanges, screws, etc., in transportation equipment and industrial equipment.

Highly reliable sealing is achieved by filling in and adhering to the minute clearance on the joint surface.

Also, they are a liquid when applied, so metal joint surfaces touch each other, and there is almost no decrease in surface pressure due to vibration, etc. Therefore, they are durable and have excellent sealability.

Products with various material bases are available including synthetic resin-based, synthetic rubber-based, acrylate-based, acrylic emulsion-based, and silicone-based. There are also various reaction system grades including solvent vaporization, anaerobic curing, and moisture-curing.

Products include general-purpose types, and products for FIPG and CIPG.

Applicable markets

Transportation Equipment Electrical and Electronics Industrial Materials and Public Works Automotive Aftermarket

1101

This is a non-drying type solventless liquid gasket.

It has excellent water resistance and seawater resistance.

It is possible to use it together with solid sheet gaskets because there is almost no effect on rubber

It is easy to remove, so it is optimal for sealing joints that require periodic disassembly and overhauling. 1102

This is a non-drying type, solvent-type liquid gasket.

It has excellent water resistance and oil resistance.

There are variations such as different colors.

1107D

This is a sealant for hot materials that contain metal powder and silicone oil as main components.

It is good for sealing joint surfaces and bolts that are exposed to high temperatures. It has a heat resistance of approximately 300°C. 1109J

This is a sealant for hot materials that contains liquid glass as its main component.

It can be used for vehicle mufflers in which high temperatures are applied, or in other high temperature junctions.

It has a heat resistance of approximately 400°C.

1119

This is a room-temperature curing type twocomponent fluorine-based liquid gasket. It forms fluororubber quickly by mixing the Agent A and Agent B liquids.

It has excellent heat resistance and chemical resistance, and in addition to oil resistance, it also has excellent resistance to gasoline, gas oil, organic solvents, acid, and inorganic bases. In addition to transportation equipment, it can also be used for sealing plant piping.

1121

This is a non-drying type solventless liquid gasket.

It has excellent water resistance and oil resistance.

It is possible to use it together with solid sheet gaskets because there is almost no effect on rubber.

It is easy to remove, so it is optimal for sealing joints that require periodic disassembly and overhauling. There is also a low-viscosity type available.



^{*} FIPG: Formed In Place Gasket

Liquid gasket that is applied on one surface and forms a seal by reactive curing after joining the other surface.

^{*} CIPG: Cured In Place Gasket

Liquid gasket that is applied on one surface as a bead and forms a seal by curing before joining the other surface (sealing by surface pressure of the joint surface).

1130

This is a low-reaction, anaerobic-curing liquid gasket for tapered plugs.

It is a slow-curing type, so it is possible to apply it to many plugs using a tumbler, etc., and blocking between plugs does not occur for approximately 8 hours.

It has excellent oil resistance and coolant resistance. It is a low adhesive type.

1133J

This is an anaerobic curing type liquid gasket for flanges.

It conforms to flange movement because it is flexible after curing.

It has excellent oil resistance.

1141G

This is a water-based type liquid gasket for better working environment. Acrylic resin is the main component.

It has excellent chemical resistance. It is possible to use it together with solid sheet gaskets because there is almost no effect on rubber.

There are grades with different viscosities.

1152C 1152D 1153C

This is an olefin-based heat-curing liquid gasket for fuel cell batteries.

The cured material has rubber elasticity with excellent chemical resistance.

It has rubber elasticity, but also has excellent gas barrier property with hydrogen barrier property and low moisture permeability. In addition to being used as a gas seal for fuel cell batteries, it can also be used for sealing water, coolants, methanol, etc.

1158

This is an alcohol-releasing single-component, moisture-curing, acrylic resin-based liquid gasket for FIPG.

It has excellent oil resistance, and is used for sealing AT and CVT transmissions and gear cases.

It can also be used for high-grade oil.

1171D 1171E 1171F

This is a volatile solvent-type liquid gasket for batteries.

Special synthetic rubber is the main component, and it forms a rubber-like elastic body with low moisture permeability. It has excellent heat resistance and reflow soldering durability. In addition to resistance to nonaqueous electrolytic solution, it also has resistance to acid and inorganic bases. It is used for lithium-ion batteries, capacitors, etc.

1184

This is a solvent-vaporizing type all-purpose liquid gasket.

It has rubber elasticity after curing. It has excellent padding ability during application, making it effective for joint surfaces with large clearances and poor flatness.

It has excellent water resistance and oil resistance.

There are grades with different colors and viscosities.

1206D

This is an alcohol type single-component, moisture-curing, modified silicone-based liquid gasket.

It is paintable, making it an optimal sealant for portions where painting is required after assembly.

There are grades with different colors and flowabilities.

1207B

This is an acetone type single-component, moisture-curing, silicone-based liquid gasket for FIPG.

It has a fast curing speed, and it becomes a flexible cured material, so it has excellent displacement conformability on joint surfaces. In addition to engine oil pans, it can also be used for sealing coolants such as for water pumps.

1211

This is an oxime type single-component, moisture-curing, silicone-based liquid gasket. It has low viscosity, so it is easy to apply. It has excellent oil resistance and can be used together with solid sheet packings for engine oil pans in addition to general-purpose sealing applications.

There is also a high-viscosity type available.

1215

This is an oxime type single-component, moisture-curing, silicone-based liquid gasket. It has relatively low viscosity, so it is easy to apply.

It has excellent chemical resistance and can be used as an FIPG for engine oil pans and gear cases, etc., in addition to general-purpose sealing applications. 1216

This is an oxime type single-component, moisture-curing, silicone-based liquid gasket for FIPG.

It has excellent chemical resistance, and in addition to engine oil pans and gear cases, it can also be used for sealing coolants such as for water pumps.

There are variations such as different functions.

1217G

This is an oxime type single-component, moisture-curing, silicone-based liquid gasket for FIPG.

It is a high elasticity type with excellent conformability to vibration.

It is a grade with high viscosity and excellent initial pressure resistance.

1217H

This is an oxime type single-component, moisture-curing, silicone-based liquid gasket for FIPG.

It is a high elasticity type with excellent conformability for vibration.

It is a grade with high viscosity and excellent initial pressure resistance.

1217M

This is an oxime type single-component, moisture-curing, silicone-based liquid gasket for FIPG.

It has excellent oily surface adhesiveness. It has oil resistance, and it is used for sealing engine oil pans, chain cases, etc. 1217N

This is an oxime type single-component, moisture-curing, silicone-based liquid gasket for FIPG.

It has excellent adhesion to magnesium alloys. It has oil resistance, and it is used for sealing engine oil pans and chain cases, etc.

About the single-component, moisture-curing, silicone-based liquid gasket reaction types

All single-component, moisture-curing, silicone-based liquid gaskets become rubber-like elastic bodies due to reaction with moisture in the air, but they are sorted into the following three types according to their reaction types.

Oxime type:

Gaskets that generate a small amount of oxime gas as a reactive byproduct. These are corrosive to copper alloys, so these are not suitable for electronic devices. They may cause cracks, etc., on thermoplastics. They have excellent adhesion with various materials.

Acetone type:

Gaskets that generate a small amount of acetone gas as a reactive byproduct.

There is no corrosion on metals and no influence on most plastics.

They have a fast curing speed and have excellent airtightness and heat resistance.

Alcohol type:

Gaskets that generate a small amount of methanol gas as a reactive byproduct.

They have no influence on metals or plastics, but have weaker adhesion.



		Product name									
	Cha	aracteristics	Unit	1101	1102	1102D	1102G	1103B	1105	1105B	1107D
	Mair	n component		Vegetable oil	Alkyd-based resin	Alkyd-based resin	Alkyd-based resin	Cellulose- based acetate	NBR	NBR	Silicone
	Cur	ing method		Non-drying	Non-drying	Non-drying	Non-drying	Solvent vaporization	Solvent vaporization	Solvent vaporization	Non-dryin
		Features		Seawater resistance	Water resistance Oil resistance	Water resistance Oil resistance	Water resistance Oil resistance	Dry Peelable	Dry Peelable	Dry Peelable	Sealant for hot materials
	A	ppearance		Reddish brown	Yellow	Silver	Yellow	Black	Black	Silver	Gray
		Viscosity	Pa-s	850	7.0	6.9	6.9	3.4	3.5	3.5	25.0
	Spe	ecific gravity		1.50	1.32	1.33	1.33	0.88	0.92	0.92	1.80
N	lon-V	olatile Content	%	99.0	77.0	79.0	79.0	26.6	25.0	26.0	57.0
	Tac	ck free time	min	Non-drying	Non-drying	Non-drying	Non-drying	-	-	-	-
eristics after curing		State		Non-drying	Non-drying	Non-drying	Non-drying	Dry Peelable film	Dry Peelable film	Dry Peelable film	Semidryir
after		Hardness		-	*	-	-	-	-	-	-
eristics	E	longation rate	%	-			-	- 6			
Physical charact	T	ensile strength	MPa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
sical ch		nsile shear bond strength (Iron)	MPa		-	15		1	•	-	2.73
Phy		nsile shear bond ngth (Aluminum)	MPa	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
stance	Ro	om temperature	MPa	7.0	9.5	9.5	9.0	6.5	8.5	8.5	10 or high
ire resi		80°C	MPa	3.5	7.5	7.5	7.0	2.5	6.5	6.5	10 or high
Press		150°C	MPa	0.5	6.5	6.0	4.0	2.0	5.5	5.5	10 or high
stance	e rate	Water*1	96	-4.2	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	-2.3	+0.3	+0.3	+1.2
Chemical resistance Pressure resistance	Mass change rate	Gasoline*2	%	-36.4	-2.4	-2.4	-2.4	-38.6	-5.2	-5.2	-83.7
Chem	Mass	Lubricating oil No.2'3	%	-	-	-	-	-23.4	-	-	+4.8
	Re	movability		Good	Difficult	Difficult	Difficult	Good	Good	Good	Good
Op		ing temperature ange (Est.)	°€	-40 to 80	-40 to 150	-40 to 150	-40 to 150	-40 to 150	-40 to 150	-40 to 150	-40 to 40
	F	Remark(s)		Good plastic resistance		Different color from 1102		Suited for relatively small joint surfaces	Suited for relatively small joint surfaces	Different color from 1105	

^{*1 :} Immersion conditions 90°C×24h *2 : Immersion conditions 50°C×24h

^{*3:} Immersion conditions 100°C×24h

^{* -:} Unmeasured

* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



								_					
		Product name		1108	1109J	1109M	11	19	1121	1121C	1130	1133C	
	Ch	aracteristics	Unit					2000	100000			The section of	
	Mai	n component		Vinyl modified resin Natural resin	Liquid glass	Synthetic rubber	Fluo	rine- I resin	Saturated polyester resin	Saturated polyester resin	Acrylate	Acrylate	
	Cu	ring method		Solvent vaporization	Solvent evaporation reaction	Solvent vaporization	two t	ure of fluids ohol- ng type)	Non-drying	Solvent vaporization Non-drying	Anaerobic curing	Anaerobic curing	
		Features		Used in combination with solid gaskets	Sealant for hot materials	Heat and Water resistance		mical tance	Solventless	1121 Low viscosity	For tapered plugs	For flanges	
							Agent A	Agent B					
	А	ppearance		Brown	Gray	Black	Black	White	Gray	Gray	White	Blue	
		Viscosity	Pa-s	0.75	Paste	5.0	150	260	330	11.0	50.0	100	
	Sp	ecific gravity		0.94	1.64	1.2	1.76	1.80	1.35	1.27	1.15	1.1	
	Non-\	/olatile Content	96	53.0	65.0	54.0	99.3	93.5	100	87.3	100	-	
	Та	ck free time	min	-	-	÷	1	0 life)	Non-drying	Non-drying	-	-	
Physical characteristics after curing		State		-	Dry	Rubber-like	Rubb	er-like	Non-drying	Non-drying	Rubber-like	Rubber-like	
after		Hardness			-		A	39	-	-	-	-	
eristics		Elongation rate	96		-		9	7	-			-	
aracte	7	Tensile strength	MPa	-:	-		1.	03	-	-	-	-	
sical c		nsile shear bond strength (Iron)	MPa	-	5.2		0.	54	-		-	11.0	
Phy		ensile shear bond ength (Aluminum)	MPa	-	1.8	-	0.	59	-		-	10.0	
stance	Ro	oom temperature	MPa	8.5	9.0	10.0		-	9.0	9.0	11.0	-	
ure resi		80°C	MPa	8.0	8.5	6.5			7.0	7.0	11.5	-	
Press		150°C	MPa	4.0	-	6.0	55	21	6.5	6.5	4.0	-	
Chemical resistance Pressure resistance	e rate	Water*1	%	-5.3	-	-0.4		-	-5.5	-5.5	+0.25	-	
cal resi	Mass change rate	Gasoline*2	96	+2.3	-	-21.3	-	3	-4.4	-4.4	-0.85	-	
Chemi	Mass	Lubricating oil No.2*3	96	-	-	-3.8		- :	-	-	-	-	
	Re	emovability		Good	Relatively difficult	Normal	Nor	mal	Good	Good	Normal	Difficult	
(Operat r	ing temperature ange (Est.)	°C	-40 to 140	-40 to 400	-40 to 150	-30 to	o 150	-40 to 130	-40 to 130	-40 to 130	-40 to 130	
		Remark(s)			Sealant for mufflers					1121 low- viscosity product diluted with alcohol			

^{*1 :} Immersion conditions 90°C×24h

^{*2:}Immersion conditions 50°C×24h *3:Immersion conditions 100°C×24h

1133J	1133K	1141G	1141H	1141J	1184	1184D	1184E	1184J	1184Y
Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylic emulsion	Acrylic emulsion	Acrylic emulsion	Special synthetic rubber	Special synthetic	Special synthetic	Special synthetic	Special synthetic rubber
Anaerobic curing	Anaerobic curing	Vaporization	Vaporization	Vaporization	Solvent vaporization	solvent vaporization	rubber Solvent vaporization	rubber Solvent vaporization	Solvent vaporization
For flanges	For flanges	Water-based type	Water-based type	Water-based type	All-purpose type Chemical	All-purpose type Chemical	All-purpose type Chemical	All-purpose type Chemical	All-purpose type Chemical
Blue	Yellow	Nonflammable Gray	Nonflammable Gray	Nonflammable Gray	resistance	resistance	resistance	resistance	resistance
100	250	15.0	0.9	10.0	9.5	29.0	8.5	6.5	9.5
1.10	1.9	1.26	1.22	1.26	1.26	1.32	1.20	1.23	1.35
-		68.0	60.0	68.0	57.5	63.0	55.0	54.0	53.9
-	60 (Set time)	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	10
Rubber-like	Rubber-like	-	- 1	-	Rubber-like	Rubber-like	Rubber-like	Rubber-like	Rubber-like
-	-	-	-	-	A23	A22	A28	A22	-
-			*	-	1720	1000	700	1200	
	-	-	#1	-	0.17	0.15	0.21	0.13	
11.0	17.0	-	50	5	3.3		-	-	17
10.0	17.7 (Cured at 80°C)	-	-	-	2.7	-	-	-	
9	10 or higher	10 or higher	10 or higher	10 or higher	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
-	-	10 or higher	9.5	10 or higher	8.5	8.0	8.5	8.0	8.5
	-	9.5	8.5	9.0	8.5	8.0	8.0	8.0	12
-	-	-2.3	-2.1	-2.5	-1.9	-1.9	-2.5	-3.0	-2.9
-	-	-7.5	-7.0	-7.2	-2.8	-1.8	-3.8	-3.7	-2.6
-	-	-	-	-	-3.6	-1.1	-1.9	-	-
Difficult	Difficult	Good	Good	Good	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal
-40 to 130	-40 to 130	-40 to 140	-40 to 140	-40 to 140	-40 to 150				
		pH: 9.0	pH: 9.0	pH: 9.0	Superior acid and alkali resistance				

^{* - :} Unmeasured

* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



	Product name	7.7	1152C	115	52D	1153C	1156B	1156C	1158
	Characteristics	Unit	20000000			50460000	10000000	100000000	17767.20
	Main component		Olefin-based resin	Olefin-ba	sed resin	Olefin-based resin	Acryl rubber	Acryl rubber	Acryl rubber
	Curing method		Heat-curing		mponent	Heat-curing	Heat-curing	Heat-curing	Moisture- curing Alcohol- releasing type
	Features		Gas barrier property Low moisture permeability	Chemical	r property resistance permeability	Gas barrier property Low moisture permeability	Heat resistance Chemical resistance	Heat resistance Chemical resistance	Oil resistance
	Appearance		Milky white	White	Black	Gray	Black	Black	Black
	Viscosity	Pa-s	650	390	230	1700	180	380	200
	Specific gravity		0.97	0.97	0.97	1.03	1.2	1.24	1.35
St	andard curing conditions		100°C× 30 min	90°C×	30 min	100°C× 30 min	150°C× 30 min	150°C× 30 min	-
r curing	Hardness		A30	A	28	A41	A6	A15	A20
istics afte	Elongation rate	96	280	23	30	221	275	300	300
Physical characteristics after curing	Tensile strength	MPa	2.6	1.	.7	3.0	1.2	1.7	1.8
Physica	Moisture permeability (40°C×95%RH)	g/m²/24h	5.56	0	.5	3.43		-	-
	Removability		Difficult	Diffi	icult	Difficult	Normal	Normal	Normal
	Operating temperature range (Est.)	°C	-30 to 120			-30 to 120	-30 to 150	-30 to 150	-30 to 150
	Remark(s)		For fuel cell FIPG	For fuel	cell FIPG	For fuel cell CIPG	Superior CVT/AT oil performance	High- viscosity and high- thixotropic type of TB1156B	One component moisture- curing acrylic sealant, paintable type

^{* - :} Unmeasured

^{*} The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

	Product name		1170	1170E	1171D	1171E	1171F
	Characteristics	Unit	100000	284000		101101010	
	Main component		Special synthetic rubber	Special synthetic rubber	Special synthetic rubber	Special synthetic rubber	Special synthetic rubber
	Curing method		Solvent vaporizasion	Solvent vaporizasion	Solvent vaporizasion	Solvent vaporizasion	Solvent vaporizasion
	Features		Low moisture permeability	Low moisture permeability	Low moisture permeability	Low moisture permeability	Chemical resistance
	Appearance		Blue	Blue	Colorless	Colorless	Black
	Viscosity	mPa-s	230	220	440	600	1800
	Specific gravity		0.87	0.86	0.87	0.79	0.91
	Non-Volatile Content	96	8.0	8.5	6.3	6.0	14.5
after curing	State		Dry	Rubber-like adhesive film	Rubber-like adhesive film	Rubber-like adhesive film	Rubber-like elastic film
Physical characteristics after curing	Moisture permeability (40°C×95%RH)	g/m²/24h	-	2.0	4.12	4.12	-
Physical ch	Moisture permeability (60°C×95%RH)	g/m²/24h	9.20	-	-	-	
ge rate)	Polyprene carbonate	96	5.0	-2.3	-1.5	-1.5	0.5
iss chang	Gamma-Butyrolactone	%	6.0	-0.7	-0.2	-0.2	0.6
ance (Ma	Dimethoxyethane	96	-7.0	-2.5	-3.2	-3.2	-0.8
Chemical resistance (Mass change rate)	Potassium hydroxide (10%)	96	2.9	-	-	-	-
Chemic	Hydrochloric acid (10%)	%	-1.9	72	-	-	-
	Remark(s)		For Batteries	For Batteries	For Batteries	For Batteries	For Batteries

^{* -:} Unmeasured

^{*}The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

*Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



		Property Table										
	c	Product name	Unit	1201	1206C	1206D	1206E	1206G	1207B	1207C	1207D	
	Ma	nin component		Silicone	Modified Silicone	Modified Silicone	Modified Silicone	Modified Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	
	C	uring method		Oxime	Alcohol	Alcohol	Alcohol	Alcohol	Acetone	Acetone	Acetone	
		Features		Solvent dilution type Low viscosity	Paintable Oil resistance	Paintable Oil resistance	Paintable Oil resistance	Paintable Oil resistance	Fast-curing Cooling liquid resistance	Fast-curing Cooling liquid resistance	Fast-curing Cooling liquid resistance	
		Appearance		Gray	Black	Gray	Gray	White	Black	Reddish brown	Aluminum	
		Viscosity	Pa-s	4.0	-	-	72.0	-	250	200	200	
-	Appar	ent viscosity (SOD)	Pa-s	2/	90	80	121	80	100	70	70	
	S	pecific gravity		1.17	1.45	1.46	1.43	1.45	1.01	1.47	1.46	
	1	Tack free time	min	100	30	5	16	5	3	3	5	
uring		Hardness		A45	A45	A41	A33	A45	A30	A60	A60	
afterci		Elongation rate	96	150	400	470	350	450	400	200	170	
Physical characteristics after curing		Tensile strength	MPa	2.8	2.0	2.2	1.8	2.2	1.9	4.2	4.0	
l charac	1	Tensile shear bond strength (Iron)	MPa	-	2.3	-	-	-	1.6	1.7	2.0	
Physica		Tensile shear bond rength (Aluminum)	MPa		-	2.3	1.7	2.2	1.1	1.7	2.0	
ance	Ini	tial (When uncured) clearance: 0.2mm	MPa	-	-	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.18	0.14	0.14	
Pressure resistance	Ini	tial (When uncured) clearance: 0.5mm	MPa		0.11	-	-	-	0.07	0.05	0.05	
Pressur		After curing Room temperature)	MPa			-	-	-	10 or higher	10 or higher	10 or higher	
		Engine oil			(Lower heat resistance)	(Lower heat resistance)	(Lower heat resistance)	(Lower heat resistance)	0	0	0	
	Appropriateness	Gear oil		20	(for agricultural equipment)	(for agricultural equipment)	(for agricultural equipment)	(for agricultural equipment)	×	×	×	
nce	opriat	AT oil		• 1	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	
Chemical resistance	Appr	MT oil		-	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	
emica		Coolant		70	×	×	×	×	0	0	0	
5	Mass change rate	Water*1	%	-	5	7	-	-	-0.6	-0.4	-	
	chang	Gasoline*2	96	-	-	-		-	+5.0	-0.3	-	
	Mass	Lubricating oil No.2 ^{*3}	96	-	-	-	-	-	-6.0	+5.8	-	
	-	Removability		Good	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Relatively difficult	Good	Good	
	Opera	ating temperature range (Est.)	°C	-60 to 200 (250)	-40 to 120	-40 to 120	-40 to 120	-40 to 120	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	
		Remark(s)		Brush application possible May be used as a coating on solid packings	For FIPG farm equipment	For FIPG farm equipment	For FIPG farm equipment	For FIPG farm equipment	FIPG: Engine oil and Cooling liquid sealing	FIPG: Engine oil and Cooling liquid sealing	FIPG: Engine oil and Cooling liquid sealing Different color from 1207C	

^{*1:} Immersion conditions 90°C×24h

^{*2:} Immersion conditions 50°C×24h

^{*3:} Immersion conditions 100°C×24h

1207F	1207H	1211	1211E	1211F	1211G	1211H	1212	1212D	1212E	1215
Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone
Acetone	Acetone	Oxime	Oxime	Oxime	Oxime	Oxime	Oxime	Oxime	Oxime	Oxime
Fast-curing Cooling liquid resistance	Fast-curing Cooling liquid resistance	use	For general use Low viscosity	use	use	use	use	For general use High viscosity	For general use High viscosity	For general use Chemical resistance
Aluminum color	Gray	White	White	Clear	White	White	White	Aluminum color	Black	Gray
-	-	70.0	5.0	70.0	4.3	63.0	300	300	-	75.0
180	200	-	-	2	2	-	100	100	100	20
1.45	1.47	1.01	1.05	1.04	1.04	1.03	1.04	1.05	1.55	1.50
5	3	40	60	40	35	16	7	7	5	10
A56	A57	A26	A25	A24	A20	A21	A30	A30	A28	A50
190	230	300	200	300	250	280	300	300	380	320
3.7	3.0	2.5	1.0	2.5	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.7	1.2
2.3	1.1	-	0.8	-	-	-	-	1.7	1.8	0.9
2.2	1.2	1.4	0.8	1.2	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	0.8
0.23	-	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.15	0.1	0.15	0.05
0.12	0.10	0.01	-	0.01	Œ	0.01	0.06	0.03	0.06	0.01
10 or higher	-	10 or higher	10 or higher	10 or higher	10 or higher	10 or higher	10 or higher	10 or higher	10 or higher	10 or higher
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	0
×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	0
0	0	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
-	-	-0.5	-	-	-	-	+1.3	+1.3		-1.0
	-	-20.2		- 8		-	-15.1	-15.1	-	-5.0
	-	+5.0	-		-	-	+5.0	+5.0	-	+5.0
Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal
-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)
FIPG: Engine oil and Cooling liquid sealing	FIPG: Engine oil and Cooling liquid sealing	For general use Engine oil pan Used with packing	1211 Low viscosity	1211 Color difference	Better nylon adhesion than 1211E	Better nylon adhesion than 1211	For general use Engine oil pan sealing	For general use Engine oil pan sealing 1212 Color difference	For general use Engine oil pan sealing 1212 Color difference	FIPG: Engine oil pan and Gear case sealing

^{* -:} Unmeasured

* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



-	-	Property Table										
	(Product name	Unit	1215B	1216	1216B	1216C	1216E	1217	1217B	1217C	
	M	ain component		Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	
	(Curing method		Oxime	Oxime	Oxime	Oxime	Oxime	Oxime	Oxime	Oxime	
		Features		For general use Chemical resistance	Multi-grade	Mission oil resistance	Mission oil resistance	Multi-grade Fast-curing	Chemical resistance ATF resistance	Chemical resistance ATF resistance	Chemical resistance ATF resistance	
		Appearance		Black	Gray	Black	Light reddish brown	Gray	Gray	Reddish brown	Black	
		Viscosity	Pa-s	85.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Appa	rent viscosity (SOD)	Pa-s	20	120	120	170	215	140	150	150	
	5	pecific gravity		1.45	1.40	1.50	1.48	1.36	1.47	1.45	1.50	
		Tack free time	min	11	5	20	5	6	20	20	20	
uring		Hardness		A40	A60	A50	A48	A57	A57	A56	A52	
s after c		Elongation rate	96	380	240	500	470	300	400	350	320	
cteristic		Tensile strength	MPa	1.2	3.0	2.0	2.1	3.3	2.1	1.9	2.0	
Physical characteristics after curing		Tensile shear bond strength (Iron)	MPa	0.9	2.3	-	1.1	-	-	-	-	
Physic		Tensile shear bond trength (Aluminum)	MPa	0.8	2.2	1.7	1.3	2.5	2.3	1.7	1.7	
tance	In	itial (When uncured) clearance: 0.2mm	MPa	0.05	0.21	0.17	0.18	0.25	0.18	0.20	0.21	
ure resistance	In	itial (When uncured) clearance: 0.5mm	MPa	0.01	0.10	0.07	0.06	0.10	0.07	0.10	0.10	
Press	(After curing Room temperature)	MPa	10 or higher	10 or higher	10 or higher	-	10 or higher	10 or higher	10 or higher	10 or higher	
		Engine oil		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	eness	Gear oil		0	0	Δ	Δ	0	Δ	Δ	Δ	
auce	Appropriateness	AT oil		×	Δ	0	0	Δ	Δ	0	0	
Chemical resistance	Appr	MT oil		0	0	0	0	0	0	×	×	
mical		Coolant		×	Δ	×	×	Δ	×	×	×	
She	e rate	Water*1	96	-0.4	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	
	Mass change rate	Gasoline*2	96	-4.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Mass	Lubricating oil No.2 ^{"3}	96	+4.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	20.	Removability		Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	
	Oper	rating temperature range (Est.)	°C	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	
		Remark(s)		FIPG: Engine oil pan and Gear case sealing	FIPG: Engine oil pan, AT case, Gear case and Cooling liquid sealing	FIPG: AT case and CVT case sealing 1215B High viscosity	FIPG: AT case and CVT case sealing 1216B Color difference	FIPG: Engine oil pan, AT case, Gear case and Cooling liquid sealing	FIPG: Engine oil pan, AT case, Gear case and Cooling liquid sealing	oil pan, AT case and Gear case	FIPG: Engine oil pan, AT case and Gear case sealing	

^{*1 :} Immersion conditions 90°C×24h

^{*2:}Immersion conditions 50°C×24h *3:Immersion conditions 100°C×24h

=	=			$\overline{}$			=	=	=	-
1217D	1217E	1217F	1217G	1217H	1217M	1217N	1227D	1280	1280B	1280E
Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone
Oxime	Oxime	Oxime	Oxime	Oxime	Oxime	Oxime	Alcohol	Oxime	Oxime	Oxime
Engine oil Low foamability	ATF resistance AT oil Low foamability	High-grade engine oil	High elasticity High-grade engine oil	High elasticity High-grade engine oil	High elasticity Oily surface adhesiveness	High elasticity Magnesium adhesion	Compliant with MEKO regulations Coolant resistance	Engine oil resistance	Initial pressure resistance	Initial pressure resistance
Gray	Reddish brown	Gray	Gray	Gray	Black	Gray	Black	Aluminum color	Gray	Gray
-	-	-	1.5	-	-			-	-	-
120	140	210	301	330	280	280	200	100	200	250
1.51	1.50	1.39	1.37	1.36	1.37	1.45	1.46	1.04	1.06	1.12
10	5	6	5	5	7	6	90	6	3	4
A52	A53	A60	A60	A51	A45	A35	A33	A30	A33	A45
400	260	210	430	470	500	440	410	400	480	330
1.8	1.6	3.0	2.6	2.6	2.5	3.1	2.3	2.0	2.5	3.10
-	1.3	1.9	2.1	2.3	-	2.6	2.3	1.4	1.8	2.80
1.7	1.4	1.9	2.0	2.3	1.6	2.7	2.2	1.4	2.0	2.29
0.17	0.20	0.34		-	-	-	0.19	0.13	0.17	0.40
0.09	0.10	0.14	0.10	0.15	-	0.15		0.06	0.13	-
10 or higher	10 or higher	10 or higher	10 or higher	10 or higher	10 or higher	10 or higher		10 or higher	10 or higher	10 or higher
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
×	0	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
×	0	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
×	×	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×	×
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-
Normal	Normal	Good	Relatively difficult	Relatively difficult	Normal	Normal	Normal	Good	Good	Relatively difficult
-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)
FIPG: Engine oil pan and Engine oil sealing Low-foaming ability	FIPG: Engine oil pan, AT case and AT oil sealing Low-foaming ability	FIPG: Engine oil pan for coolant sealing	FIPG: Engine oil pan sealing Excellent initial pressure resistance	FIPG: Engine oil pan sealing Excellent initial pressure resistance		FIPG: Engine oil pan sealing	FIPG: Engine oil pan for coolant sealing	FIPG: Engine oil pan sealing	FIPG: Engine oil pan sealing 1280 thickening agent	FIPG: Engine oil pan sealing 1280B thickening agent

^{*-:} Unmeasured

*The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

*Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



		Product name				
	C	haracteristics	Unit	1281B	1282B	1283
	M	ain component		Silicone	Silicone	Silicone
	c	uring method		Oxime	Acetone	Oxime
		Features		ATF resistance	Initial pressure resistance Liquid coolant resistance	High elasticity Initial pressure resistance
		Appearance		Reddish brown	Black	Gray
		Viscosity	Pa-s	70	-	300
А	ppar	ent viscosity (SOD)	Pa-s	115	200	-
	S	pecific gravity		1.45	1.07	1.37
	1	Tack free time	min	10	3	5
uring		Hardness		A60	A46	A50
aftero		Elongation rate	96	220	330	400
teristic		Tensile strength	MPa	4.8	3.3	2.0
Physical characteristics after curing	1	Tensile shear bond strength (Iron)	MPa	2.0	1.8	1.2
Physica		Tensile shear bond rength (Aluminum)	MPa	2.0	1.7	1.2
ance	Ini	tial (When uncured) clearance: 0.2mm	MPa	0.15	0.11	-
Press ure resistance		tial (When uncured) clearance: 0.5mm	MPa	0.06	0.06	0.10
Pressu	(F	After curing Room temperature)	MPa	10 or higher	10 or higher	-
		Engine oil		Δ	Δ	0
	ness	Gear oil		×	×	×
nce	priate	AT oil		0	×	×
esista	Appropriateness	MT oil		×	×	×
Chemical resistance	9	Coolant		×	0	×
Cher	rate	Water*1	96	-	-	- 1
	Mass change rate	Gasoline*2	96	-	-	-
	Mass	Lubricating oil No.2 ⁷³	96	-5	-	-
		Removability		Normal	Normal	Relatively difficult
(Opera	ating temperature range (Est.)	°C	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)
		Remark(s)		FIPG: AT case sealing	FIPG: Engine oil pan for coolant sealing	FIPG: Engine oil pan sealing

^{*1 :} Immersion conditions 90°C×24h

^{*2 :} Immersion conditions 50°C×24h *3: Immersion conditions 100°C×24h

^{* - :} Unmeasured

^{*}The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

*Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

Silicone-Based Adhesives, Sealants and Potting Agents



These are single-component type silicone adhesives and sealants. They can be used for various purposes including bonding, sealing, and dampproof coatings for different fields such as for electric and electronic devices.

The curing reaction occurs from the moisture in the air when it is squeezed from the container, and it becomes a rubber-like elastic body.

They have a fast curing speed, the surface cures at room temperature and normal humidity (25°C / 50%RH) after ten minutes (tack free), and they reach a cured thickness of 1mm or greater after 2 to 3 hours.

The rubber elasticity of the cured material is maintained over a wide temperature range from -60°C to 250°C (approx.) (300°C for heat-resistant type). They have excellent adhesion, so they can bond to most materials.

There are two reaction types; the alcohol type (generates a small amount of methanol gas as a reactive byproduct) and the acetone type (generates acetone gas). Neither type is corrosive to metals such as electric-contact metals. They also do not dissolve or cause cracks on most plastics.

All grades of the 1220 Series are low-molecular siloxane-reduced products, so they do not cause electrical contact failures.

Applicable markets

Transportation Equipment Electrical and Electronics Industrial Materials and Public Works Automotive Aftermarket

1220G 1220H

This is a paste-like fluid type product. It is the alcohol type, so there is no influence such as corrosion on metals and plastics. It has excellent adhesion with metals, glass,

and plastics. It can be used at a temperature range of -60°C to 250°C (approx.), and for continuous use, the heat resistance is about 180°C.

It has excellent electric insulation.

1220G is milky white (translucent), and 1220H is white.

1221G 1221H

This is a paste-like non-fluid type with excellent padding ability due to its non-fluidity during application.

It is the alcohol type, so there is no influence such as corrosion on metals and plastics. It has excellent adhesion with metals, glass, and plastics.

It can be used at a temperature range of -60°C to 250°C (approx.), and for continuous use, the heat resistance is about 180°C.

It has excellent electric insulation.

1221G is milky white (translucent), and 1221H is white.

1222C

This is an incombustible type certified according to incombustibility standard UL94V-0.

It is a gray non-fluid paste with excellent padding ability due to its non-fluidity during application. It is the alcohol type, so there is no influence such as corrosion on metals and plastics.

It has excellent adhesion with metals, glass, and plastics.

It can be used at a temperature range of -60°C to 250°C (approx.), and for continuous use, the heat resistance is about 180°C.

It has excellent electric insulation.

1224G

This is milky white (translucent) ultra-fluid type with excellent flowability and leveling ability during application.

It is the alcohol type, so there is no influence such as corrosion on metals and plastics. It has excellent adhesion with metals, glass, and plastics.

It can be used at a temperature range of -60°C to 250°C (approx.), and for continuous use, the heat resistance is about 180°C.

It has excellent electric insulation.

1225B

This has high thermal conductivity and excellent heat dissipation.

It is a white fluid paste.

It can be used for heat dissipation and insulation of various electronic devices such as switching power supplies, power ICs, and lighting inverters.

It is the alcohol type, so there is no influence such as corrosion on metals and plastics. It can be used at a temperature range of -60°C to 250°C (approx.), and for continuous use, the heat resistance is about 180°C.

1225C

This has high thermal conductivity and excellent heat dissipation.

It is a gray fluid paste.

It can be used for heat dissipation and insulation of various electronic devices such as switching power supplies, power ICs, and lighting inverters.

It is alcohol type with excellent electric insulation.

Low-molecular siloxane, which causes electrical contact failures, is reduced.

1207B

It is a black non-fluid type.

It has excellent electric insulation.

It is the acetone type, so there is no corrosiveness with metals, and almost no influence on plastics.

It has excellent adhesion with metals and plastics.

It can be used at a temperature range of -60°C to 250°C (approx.), and for continuous use, the heat resistance is about 180°C.

The cured material is soft and it can conform to the movement of the substrate. It has excellent heat resistance and moisture resistance.

* It cannot be used for insulation, as it has low electrical resistance.

1208 1208B 1208C

This is a white type adhesive sealant for electric and electronic devices.

It is the acetone type, so there is no corrosiveness with metals, and almost no influence on plastics.

It has excellent adhesion with metals, glass, and plastics.

It can be used at a temperature range of -60°C to 250°C (approx.), and for continuous use, the heat resistance is about 180°C.

It has excellent electric insulation.

1208 is a medium-viscosity fluid paste, 1208B is a low-viscosity fluid paste, and 1208C is a non-fluid paste.

* It is not a low-molecular siloxane-reduced product.

1209

It is a highly heat-resistant type with excellent heat resistance.

It is a black non-fluid type with excellent padding ability due to its non-fluidity during application.

It is the acetone type, so there is no corrosiveness with metals, and almost no influence on plastics.

It has excellent adhesion with metals, glass, and plastics.

It can be used at a temperature range of -60°C to 300°C (approx.), and for continuous use, the heat resistance is about 250°C.

* It does not have high electrical resistivity, so it cannot be used for insulation.

1226

This is a tin-free product.

It is the alcohol type, so there is no influence such as corrosion on metals and plastics. It exhibits excellent adhesion for various kinds of substrates, including metals and resin materials such as engineering plastics. It can be used at a temperature range of -60°C to 250°C (approx.), and for continuous use, the heat resistance is about 180°C.

It has excellent electric insulation.

1230

This is a heat curable two-component potting agent with a low viscosity for electric/ electronic devices.

It is hardened by heating at 100°C for approximately 15 minutes to form a rubber elastomer that is heat resistant, cold resistant, waterproof, humidity resistant, impact resistant with impact absorption, and has great electrical characteristics, and great heat conductivity.

It can be used at a temperature range of -60°C to 250°C (approx.), and for continuous use, the heat resistance is about 180°C.

It is a flame-retardant type that is certified with the flame-retardant standard UL94 V-0.

1234B

This is a heat-curing type with excellent resistance to heat, moisture, and water. It reaches practical strength in 1 hour after being heated at 100°C.

It exhibits excellent adhesion for various kinds of substrates, including metals and resin materials such as engineering plastics.

It can be used at a temperature range of -60°C

It can be used at a temperature range of -60°C to 250°C (approx.), and for continuous use, the heat resistance is about 180°C.

The cured material is soft and it can conform to the movement of the substrate.



Silicone-Based Adhesives Sealants and Potting Agents Property Table

	Product name		1207B	1208	1208B	1208C	1209	1220G	1220H	1221G	1221H
- 3	Characteristics	Unit									
1	Main component		Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone
	Reaction type		Acetone	Acetone	Acetone	Acetone	Acetone	Alcohol	Alcohol	Alcohol	Alcohol
	Features		Standard Type	Standard Type	Standard Type	Standard Type	Highly heat- resistant type	Standard Type	Standard Type	Standard Type	Standard Type
	Appearance		Black	White	White	White	Black	Milky white (Translucent)	White	Milky white (Translucent)	White
	Viscosity	Pa-s	100	55.0	3.3	29	140	65.0	65.0	-	25
	Flowability		None	Yes	Yes	None	None	Yes	Yes	None	None
	Tack free time	min	3	3	3	3	5	10	10	10	10
	Content of low- nolecular siloxane			-		-	Reduced product	Reduced product	Reduced product	Reduced product	Reduced product
	Specific gravity		1.01	1.04 (Liquid specific gravity)	1.04 (Liquid specific gravity)	1.04 (Liquid specific gravity)	1.05 (Liquid specific gravity)	1.04	1.03	1.04	1.04
ing	Hardness		A30	A30	A20	A30	A42	A20	A20	A28	A28
s after cur	Elongation	96	400	300	200	450	270	500	500	500	500
Physical characteristics after curing	Tensile strength	MPa	1.9	2.0	0.7	2.5	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.5	2.5
ysical char	Volume resistivity	Ω/m	÷	5.2×10 ¹²	1.0×10 ¹²	1.0×10 ¹²	Not good for insulation	2.0×10 ¹³	2.0×10 ¹³	3.0×10 ¹⁴	3.0×10 ¹⁴
Phy	Dielectric breakdown strength	kV/mm	-	25	22	23	Not good for insulation	25	25	22	22
	Thermal conductivity	W/m-K		-		-					-
ngth	Aluminum	MPa	1.1	1.4	2.5	0.5	1.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
bond stre	Glass	MPa	-	-	÷	2	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.0
Tensile shear bond strength	Acrylic	MPa	-	-	-	-	-	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2
Tens	Polycarbonate	MPa	-	-	-	-2	-	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.2
	Remark(s)						Heat resistance of approx. 300°C				

^{* - :} Unmeasured

^{*}The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

^{*} Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

200 Series



Silicone-Based Adhesives Sealants and Potting Agents Property Table

	Product name		1222C	1224G	1225B	1225C	1226	12	30	1234B
	Characteristics	Unit		* 10000 (and a	11000000000	2.6100.0000	100000000			
	Main component		Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone	Silic	one	Silicone
	Reaction type		Alcohol	Alcohol	Alcohol	Alcohol	Alcohol	Additiona	l reactions	Heat-curing
	Features		Incombus- tible type	Ultra-fluid type	For heat dissipation	For heat dissipation	Tin-free type	For po non-flar	otting, mmable	Highly resistant type
	Appearance		Gray	Milky white (Translucent)	White	Gray	Gray	Agent A Reddish brown	Agent B White	Gray
	Viscosity	Pa-s	28	1.2	18.0	70	97	5.3	5.0	400
	Flowability		None	Yes	Yes	Yes	None	Yes	Yes	None
	Tack free time	min	5	7	5	10	7			-
Co	ontent of low-molecular siloxane		Reduced product	Reduced product	Reduced product	Reduced product	Reduced product		-	-
	Specific gravity		1.32	1.00	2.6	2.90	1.37	1.:	53	1.18
ning	Hardness		A45	A24	A74	A81	A27	A	70	A11
s after cu	Elongation	%	250	150	48	50	460	7	0	700
Physical characteristics after curing	Tensile strength	MPa	4.0	0.5	3.9	2.5	2.4	4.	.5	2.3
sical cha	Volume resistivity	Ω/m	4.0×10 ¹²	5×10 ¹³	2.0×10 ¹⁴	1.1×10 ¹¹	4.3×10 ¹²	7.8×	1013	7.8×10 ¹¹
Phy	Dielectric breakdown strength	kV/mm	30	28	20	17.4	19	2	9	21
	Thermal conductivity	W/m-K	*	-	1.59	2.5	-	0.4	46	-
ength	Aluminum	MPa	1.0	0.6	0.9	1.1	2.2	Non-ac	lhesive	1.7
bond str	Glass	MPa	1.7	0.6	1.3	-	1.9	Non-ac	lhesive	1.9
Tensile shear bond strength	Acrylic	MPa	2.2	0.5	-	-	2.1	Non-ac	lhesive	-
Tens	Polycarbonate	MPa	1.4	0.6	-	-	1.7	51157324.5	lhesive	-
	Remark(s)		Non- flammable grade UL94 V-0 certified product		Heat conductivity 1.59W/m-K	Heat conductivity 2.5W/m-K		UL94 V-0 Cert Compounding	ratio 100:100 ie: 6 hours ditions: 100°Cx10min	Standard curing conditions: 100°C×1h

^{*}The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

^{*} Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

Application Equipment

This section introduces Application Equipment to apply adhesives efficiently.

- · A lineup of devices that can handle small-amounts and large-amounts of sealants and adhesives is available.
- They are suitable for the bead application of solvent-volatilization-type and moisture-curable-type liquid gaskets.
- · Dispensers that can apply a fixed quantity of a sealant and adhesive without waste are available.
- · A unit that can reduce the amount of a remaining material in a pail is available as an option. (Some conditions must be met.)





Air gun for tube (PG100C)

Dispensing is done by pulling the gun lever. Automatic application by machine is impossible.

Individual catalog number #1



Tube Dispenser Tank (minicoater C5)

The discharge amount is adjusted by means of the dispensing time and tank pressure. Automatic application by machine is possible.

(Individual catalog number #2)

Cartridge





Cartridge-type pump (ACB-20) Pen type manually operated valve (pencil gun)

This dispenser is excellent in high-speed dispense and operability as the result of a combination of high pressure-feeding cartridge pump and a pencil gun. Automatic application by machine is impossible.

Individual catalog number #5



Cartridge-type pump (PCB-20)

This is a high-pressure feeding pump designed for automatic application. When it is combined with a robot, uniform linear application is possible. Automatic application by machine is possible.

(Individual catalog number #6)

1-kg can





Tank for 1-kg can (PT-01) Pen type manually operated valve (pencil gun)

This dispenser is for a low-viscosity material. Dispensing is done by pulling the gun lever. Automatic application by machine is impossible.

(Individual catalog number #3)



Tank for 1-kg can (PT-01) Needle type dispense valve (HPNV-50) Pressure controller (coater \$4) Desktop 3-axis robot (TRC-120R)

This device pressure-feeds a material from a tank and applies the material by controlling the open/close valve of the nozzle section. When the dispenser is combined with a robot, it applies the material appropriately to a programmed position. Automatic application by machine is possible.

(Individual catalog number #4)





Double-acting pump for pails (AP-30) High-pressure flow gun (H-FLG)

This dispenser is excellent in high-speed dispense and operability as the result of a combination of high-pressure feeding pump for pails and a high-pressure flow gun.

Automatic application by machine is impossible.

(Individual catalog number #7)



Single-acting pump for pails (PBIII-45)

This is a pump for streaming a high viscosity liquid agent efficiently.

When it is combined with a robot, uniform linear

application is possible.
Automatic application by machine is possible.

(Individual catalog number #8)



Pump for pails (PBIII-45) Constant-rate injection head (fixed-quantity booster) Desktop 3-axis robot (TRC-130R)

When a high-pressure feeding pump designed for automatic application and a constant-speed dispense head are combined with a robot, high-precision and uniform linear application that is not affected by changes in the environmental

temperature is possible. Automatic application by machine is possible.



Mechanical Forming Dispenser (MFD-10)



Dedicated to surface application Adhesive discharging valve **RV-SN Series**



Mechanical Forming Dispenser (MFD-10)



ThreeBond

1100/4000/4200/4300 Series 4100/5200 Series

Pipe Sealants
Sealants for Construction





Pipe Sealants

These are liquid sealants that can seal inner fluids when applied to the threaded portion of piping.

Highly reliable sealing can be achieved by completely filling in and adhering to the minute clearance of the screw interlocking surface.

Products with various material bases are available including synthetic resin-based, synthetic rubber-based, acrylate-based, silicone-based, olefin resin-based, and acrylic emulsion-based products. There are also various reaction system grades including solvent vaporization, anaerobic curing, and moisture-curing.

There are various types available including a general-purpose type, a type for water supply pipes, and a type for gas pipes. There is also a gas leak repair spray for repairing gas leaks from the threaded portions of gas pipes installed in buildings.



Applicable markets

Fransportation

Electrical and

Industrial Materials and Public Works

Automotive Aftermarket

1110F 1110G This is an anaerobic curing acrylate-based sealant for general pipes.

It does not cure while contacting the air, but quickly cures when the threaded portion is tightened.

Sealability is effective immediately, and it can prevent pipe galling due to its lubricity from the fluorine powder.

It can be used as a general use sealant or for preventing loosening with metallic pipes such as cold and hot water pipes, oil pipes, air pipes, and conduit. 4221 4221B

This is a volatile solvent type sealant for water supply pipes that uses synthetic resin as the main component.

It is compliant with the Japan Water Works Association standard JWWA K-146.

It can be used for prevention of corrosion of the end faces of steel pipes for water supply, as a sealant, and for hot water supply pipes. As for the applicable diameter, up to around 80A can be used.

4230

This is an alcohol type silicone-based sealant for water supply pipes.

It is compliant with the Japan Water Works Association standard JWWA K-146 and K-142. It can be used for water supply pipes and for hot water supply pipes.

It is a mold-resistant type, so it can also be used as a joint sealant or adhesive around water.

4314D

This is a volatile solvent type sealant for gas piping that uses special synthetic rubber as the main component.

After drying, it becomes a rubber-like elastic body with excellent vibration resistance and impact strength.

It can be used for both city gas and LP gas. The applicable diameter is 15A to 50A.

4320B

This is a solventless sealant for gas piping that uses alkyd resin as the main component. Sealability is effective immediately, and it is also a non drying type, so it has excellent vibration resistance and impact strength. It uses tubes with a rotating nozzle, and the nozzle itself rotates so that it is easy to apply to the whole pipe circumference. It is an exclusive product for city gas. It has excellent lubricity, and as for the applicable diameter, up to around 80A can be used.

4325 4325B This is a solventless sealant for gas piping that uses alkyd resin as the main component. It is a non-drying type with excellent vibration resistance and impact strength. It can be used for both city gas and LP gas. The applicable diameter is 15A to 40A.

4333B

This is a solventless sealant for gas piping that uses silicone-modified olefin-based resin as the main component.

It is a mastic type, so putty state is maintained after curing resulting in excellent vibration resistance and impact strength. Sealability is effective immediately, and it can prevent pipe galling due to its lubricity.

It can be used for both city gas and LP gas.

ThreeBond Tape This is a sealing tape that contains unbaked fluororesin as its main component.

It is self adhesive, and can prevent leakage just by being wound around the sealing of various piping screws or bolts.

It has also great heat- and cold-resistance, and can be used in the range of -100 to 260°C. It can also be used for sealing of water and oil, as well as steam, various fuels, organic solvents, etc. since its chemical resistance is also great. JIS-compliant products are also available.

4370

This is an aerosol type sealant that uses acrylic emulsion as the main component for repairing small leaks at the threaded joint portions of gas pipes (interior gas piping). It is possible to repair leaks at the threaded portions of gas pipes in existing buildings by setting the aerosol can and pressure-filling the sealant inside using the aerosol pressure. It can be used for both city gas and LP gas. Principally, the applicable diameter is up to 25A.



Pipe Sealants Property Table

			Product name		1110F	1110G	4002	4004D
	C	harad	cteristics	Unit	1000000		1000000	
	M	ain co	omponent		Acrylate	Acrylate	Synthetic resin	Special synthetic rubber
	C	uring	method		Anaerobic curing	Anaerobic curing	Solvent vaporization	Solvent vaporization
	Features				Lubricity High strength	Lubricity Low strength	For general use	Propane gas City gas for anti- freeze
		Appe	earance		White	Milky white	Gray	Gray
		Viso	cosity	Pa-s	50.0	25.0	4.5	9.5
	S	pecifi	c gravity		1.08	1.12	1.30	1.26
	Non-Volatile Content				Solventless	Solventless	77.0	58.0
	St	ate af	ter curing		Solid	Solid	Dry adhesion	Rubber-like
			20A	MPa	3.4 or higher	3.4 or higher		-
ance	Initial		25A	MPa	-	-	-	0.49 or higher
sure resistance			50A	MPa		-	14.1	0.49 or higher
pressur			20A	MPa	3.4 or higher	3.4 or higher	-	-
Pipe pres		°C/	25A	MPa		- 2.0 or higher		0.49 or higher
			50A	MPa			2.0 or higher	0.49 or higher
			Water*1	96		-	.5	-2.6
Chemical resistance	nge rate		Anti-freeze*1	96	-	-	12.1	-3.2
hemical	Mass change rate	stance	4 °C	96	-	-	-	0.1
0		Gas resistance	20°C	%	-	-	-	0.1
		Remo	wability		Difficult	Excellent	Relatively difficult	Normal
Ор	Operating temperature range (Est.)				-40 to 150	-40 to 150 -30 to 13		-40 to 150
		Rem	nark(s)		For metallic pipes	For metallic pipes	For metallic pipes	Applicable diameter 15A to 50A

^{*1:} Immersion conditions 85°C×24h

^{* -:} Unmeasured
* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

^{*} Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

	Product name					
5	Characteristics	Unit	4221	4221B	4230	
	Main component		Synthetic resin	Synthetic resin	Silicone	
	Curing method		Solvent vaporization	Solvent vaporization	Moisture- curing alcohol type	
	Features		For hot water supply	For hot water supply	For hot water supply	
	Appearance		Gray	White	White	
	Viscosity	Pa-s	5.5	5.5	Paste	
	Specific gravity		1.26	1.26	1.45	
	Non-Volatile Content	96	67.0	67.0	Solventless	
	Tack free time	min	Ψ	- 4	15	
ring	State		Dry adhesion	Dry adhesion	Rubber-like	
istics after curing	Hardness		-	-	A30	
Physical characteristics	Elongation rate	%	÷	72	700	
Phys	Tensile strength	MPa	-		2.5	
Wate	er pressure resistance (20A)	MPa	2.5 or higher	2.5 or higher	2.5 or higher	
	Removability		Relatively difficult	Relatively difficult	Normal	
Оре	erating temperature range (Est.)	°C	-	-	120	
	Remark(s)		JWWA K-146 compliant	JWWA K-146 compliant	JWWA K-146 K-142 compliant	

^{* -:} Unmeasured

The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.
 Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



Pipe Sealants Property Table

			Product name		4314D	4320B	4325	4325B	4332C	4333B	4370
	C	hara	cteristics	Unit	43140	4320B	4325	4325B	43320	4333B	4370
	Main component			Special synthetic rubber	Alkyd resins	Alkyd resins	Alkyd resins	Silicone	Silicone- modified olefin-based resin	Acrylic emulsion	
	C	uring	method		Solvent vaporization	Non-drying	Non-drying	Non-drying	Moisture- curing deamidation	Moisture- curing alcohol type	Vaporization
	Features				For city gas and LP gas	For city gas	For city gas and LP gas	For city gas and LP gas	For city gas and LP gas	For city gas and LP gas	Interior gas piping gas leakage repair
		Appe	earance		Gray	Ivory	Gray	lvory	Ivory	Green-gray	Milky white
		Vis	cosity	Pa-s	9.5	110	40.0	40.0	600	265	7.0 (mPa-s)
	S	pecif	ic gravity		1.26	1.46	1.67	1.67	1.23	1.35	1.01
	Non	-Vola	tile Content	96	58.0	96.3	98 or higher	98 or higher	96.2	Solventless	33.0
	State after curing				Rubber-like	Non-drying	Non-drying	Non-drying	Mastic	Mastic	Rubber-like
			20A	MPa				-	0.49 or higher	0.1 or higher	-
ance	Init	ial	25A	MPa	0.49 or higher	0.5 or higher	-	-	-	-	-
Pipe pressure resistance			50A	MPa	0.49 or higher		-		-	0.1 or higher	-
pressu			20A	MPa	-	-	0.49 or higher	0.49 or higher	-	-	-
Pipe	25°C/ 24h		25A	MPa	0.49 or higher	0.5 or higher			-	-	-
			50A	MPa	0.49 or higher	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Water	96	-1.9	-0.4		-	-		-
		Gas resistance	4°C*¹	96	+0.10	+0.7	-	-	-	-	-
stance	e rate	Gas res	20°C*1	96	+0.10	+0.2		•	-	*3	(Excellent)
Chemical resistance	Mass change rate		Benzene*2	96		-33.1		-	-	-	(Excellent)
Chemi	Mass	В	Benzene vapor phase*2	96		- 14	-4.2	-4.2	-	*4	-
			n-hexane*2	%	-	+3.8	-7.9	-7.9	-	-	-
			n-pentane*2	96	-		-10.1	-10.1	-	-	-
	F	Remo	ovability		Normal	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	-
Оре	Operating temperature range (Est.)			°C	-40 to 150	-40 to 80	-40 to 80	-40 to 80	-40 to 100	-40 to 100	-20 to 80
	Remark(s)				Applicable diameter 15A to 50A	Applicable diameter 15A to 80A	Applicable diameter 15A to 40A	Applicable diameter 15A to 40A			Applicable diameter 25A or less

^{*1:} Immersion for 1h

^{*2:} Immersion at 25°C×24h

^{*3:} Rubber physical properties evaluation for city gas (7 days), elongation change 0%, change in strength -4%
Rubber physical properties evaluation for LP gas (7 days), elongation change -9%, change in strength -21%
*4: Rubber physical properties evaluation (20°C/7 days), elongation change 0%, change in strength -8%

^{* -:} Unmeasured

^{*} The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

^{*} Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

	Product name		ThreeBond Tape	ThreeBond Tape (JIS-compliant products)		
	Characteristics	Unit \				
	Main component		Unbaked fluororesin (tetrafluoride raw tape)	Unbaked fluororesin (tetrafluoride raw tape)		
	Appearance		White	White		
SI	Thickness	mm	0.1	0.1		
Dimensions	Width mm		13	13		
O	Length	m	5	15		
roperties	Tensile strength	MPa	6.8	7.0 or higher		
Physical properties	Elongation rate %		20 or higher	20 or higher		
	Flammability		Non-combustible	Non-combustible		
Ope	erating temperature range (Est.)			-100 to 250		
	Remark(s)		This is a tape made of unbaked fluororesin, which is self adhesive. It can be used for any screw parts such as screws, taper plugs, stud bolts, elbow drains, etc. It is chemical resistant and strong against solvents and steam. It is easy to apply and remove. Also it is noncombustible and usable for foods. (Note) Sodium, fluorine gas, chloride gas, hydrogen fluoride, and so on must not be used.	It can be used for constructions supervised by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism, as the product conforms to JIS K 6885 2 standards.		

^{*} The value listed in the property table is an example of a

measured value and is not the guarantee level.

* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

Sealants for Construction



This is a caulking agent that can be used for various purposes including joints for mortar and concrete, concrete blocks, U-shaped gutters, metal framed glass sliding doors and windows, and for bonding and sealing of pools, water tanks, sinks, etc. It is a single component that cures by simply squeezing it from the container and forms a rubber-like elastic body.

There are various grades of different materials available including synthetic rubberbased, urethane-based, silicone-based, and modified silicone based products. Various primers for silicone are available, and it is possible to gain optimal adhesion for various materials at any work location.

Applicable markets

Transportation Equipment Electrical and

Industrial Materials and Public Works

Automotive Aftermarket

4101

This is a caulking agent that uses chloroprene rubber as the main component. It maintains its rubber elasticity after curing, which is different from oil-based caulking agents, so it does not crack. It can be used as general use joint caulk.

4102

This is a caulking agent that uses modified isobutylene-isoprene rubber as the main component.

It has some tackiness, so it can be used for manhole catch basin joints, sheet metal seems, and for container joints.

4108

This is a caulking agent that uses urethane resin as the main component.

After curing, it becomes a rubber elastic body with low modulus and high elongation, so it can be used for cured materials.

It can be used as a sealant for automobiles, vehicles, and containers, etc., and as a sealant for various joints.

5211 Series

This is a caulking agent with silicone resin as the main component that has good adhesion, weather resistance, freeze resistance, and heat resistance.

Rubber elasticity is maintained over a wide temperature range from -60°C to 200°C (approx.).

These can be used for various purposes including joints for mortar and concrete, concrete blocks, U-shaped gutters, metal framed glass sliding doors and windows, and for bonding and sealing of pools, water tanks, sinks, etc. There are seven different colors available; White, Clear, Gray, Ivory, Black, Aluminum, and Amber.

5222 Series

This is a caulking agent that uses modified silicone resin as the main component. It has excellent heat resistance and freeze resistance, and rubber elasticity is maintained over a temperature range from -40°C to 100°C (approx.).

It is paintable, so it can be applied to cured materials.

It can be used as joint sealing for construction and civil engineering, vehicle window joint seals, and sealing and bonding of electric parts. There are four different colors available; White, Gray, Ivory, and Black.

5223

This is a low-odor caulking agent that uses alcohol type silicone resin as the main component. There is no corrosiveness with metal.

Rubber elasticity is maintained over a wide temperature range from -60°C to 250°C (approx.).

It has excellent adhesion for various materials including metals, glass, tile, and plastic. It is used for sealing locations where glass is used, for repairs, for sealing resin panels, and for filling.

5232C

This is a caulking agent of middle modulus type that is weather resistant, cold resistant, heat resistant, and adhesive. It uses silicon resin as its main component.

It strikes a great balance between adhesion and stretch, and is extremely adaptive to stretching and shrinking.

Rubber elasticity is maintained over a wide temperature range from -60°C to 200°C (approx.).

5264B

This is a primer for improved adhesion for silicone and modified silicone.

By coating and drying it to a substrate in advance, adhesion can be further improved. Various primers are available for different materials.



	Property lable								
3	Product name Characteristics	Unit	4101	4102	4108	5211	5222M	5223	5232C
	Main component Curing method		Chloroprene rubber	Modified isobutylene- isoprene rubber	Urethane resin	Silicone	Modified Silicone	Silicone	Silicone
			Solvent vaporization	Solvent vaporization	Moisture- curing	Moisture- curing oxime type	Moisture- curing alcohol type	Moisture- curing alcohol type	Moisture- curing oxime type
	Features		Rubber elasticity	For catch basins	Low modulus	Weather resistance	Paintable	Low odor, alcohol- removed silicon	Middle modulus, for civil engineering
	Appearance		White	Gray	Gray	Various*1	Various*2	lvory	Gray
	Viscosity	Pa-s	400	300	800	Paste	450	Paste	460
	Specific gravity		1.30	1.40	1.30	1.04	1.40	1.45 (Cured)	1.35
	Tack free time	min	8 to 10	3	8	20	60	15	35
eristics 9	Hardness		~	-	A7	A23	A28	A30	A21
Physical characteristics after curing	Elongation rate	96	-	-	900	500	400	700	890
Physical aft	Tensile strength	MPa	-	-	1.5	2.5	0.9	2.5	6.5
	Iron	MPa	-	1/2		1.1	1.2	-	-
	Aluminum	MPa	-	-	-	1.3	1.2	1.8	-
٩	Acrylic	MPa	-	3		1.1	0.5		-
trengt	ABS	MPa	~	-	-		-	1.1	-
s puoc	Hard PVC	MPa	0.3		-	1.1	1.1	-	-
Tensile shear bond strength	Glass	MPa		-	-	1.3	-	1.8	-
nsiles	Tiles	MPa	-	-		1.2	-	-	-
T.	Concrete/Tiles	MPa	0.6		-	-		-	-
	Concrete	MPa	1.2	-	-	-		-	_
	Wood	MPa	0.6	-	-	0.9	-	1-	-
Oper	Operating temperature range (Est.)		-	-	-	-60 to 200 (250)	-40 to 100	-60 to 200 (250)	-60 to 200 (250)
Remark(s)						5211D: Ivory 5211E: Black	Different colors available 5222J: Black 5222L: Gray 5222M: White 5222N: Ivory		Great adhesion to concrete

^{*1:} White, Gray, Clear, Ivory, Black, Aluminum, Amber *2: White, Gray, Ivory, Black

^{* -:} Unmeasured

* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

^{*} Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

Product name		5262	5263	5264B	5268	
Characteristics	Unit					
Features		Primer for silicone	Primer for silicone	Primer for silicone	Primer for silicone	
Applications		Concrete Wood	Plastic(s)	Metal coated surface	Stainless steel Acrylic resin	
Appearance		Light yellow	Light yellow	Colorless	Colorless	
Specific gravity		0.97	0.90	0.69	0.89	
Non-Volatile Content	%	40.0	5.0	4.7	14.5	
Drying time	min	30 or higher	15 or higher	-	-	
Standard coating weight	g/m²	200	50	38	-	

^{* -:} Unmeasured

<sup>The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.
Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.</sup>



ThreeBond

1300 Series

Anaerobic Adhesives and Sealants



Anaerobic Adhesives and Sealants

These are single-component type acrylic anaerobic adhesives and sealants. In addition to bonding and sealing of screws and interlocking parts, they can also be used for magnet surface adhesion, and bonding and sealing of metal materials.

When air (oxygen) supply is cut between metal materials such as when a screw is tightened and the gaps of the threads are minimized, curing reaction begins due to the metal ions, and curing by polymerization occurs rapidly.

For screws, after around 20 seconds to a few minutes, it cures to where it cannot be moved (set time), and from 30 minutes to 2 hours it reaches 1/2 of final strength (practical strength). After 12 to 24 hours, it reaches final strength, and it forms a tough cured material with excellent oil resistance, chemical resistance, heat resistance, and weather resistance.

It can be used in a temperature range from -40°Cto 150°C (approx.) (200°C for heat-resistant

There are also types with UV curability and primer curability in addition to anaerobic curing property.

A halogen-free type is also available.

Applicable markets

Transportation Equipment

Electrical and Electronics

Industrial Materials and Public Works

Automotive

Aftermarket

1303N 1305N

High strength / Fast Curing Type

This is good for permanent adhesion and sealing of screws.

It can be used in a temperature range from below -40°C to 150°C (approx.).

It can be used with bolts of any size, but 1303N is a low-viscosity type suitable for M10 bolts and smaller, and 1305N is a medium viscosity, lubricating ability type suitable for M10 bolts and larger.

1322N 1324N

Medium strength / Fast Curing Type

It is good for bonding and sealing screws that may need to be removed.

It can be used in a temperature range from below -40°C to 150°C (approx.).

It can be used with bolts of any size, but 1322N is a low-viscosity type suitable for M10 bolts and smaller, and 1324N is a medium viscosity type suitable for M10 bolts and larger.

1342J 1344J

Low strength / Fast Curing Type

It is good for bonding and sealing screws that will be removed.

It can be used in a temperature range from below -40°C to 150°C (approx.).

It can be used with bolts of any size, but 1342J is a low-viscosity type suitable for M10 bolts and smaller, and 1344J is a medium viscosity type suitable for M10 bolts and larger. It is a DOP-free product.

1307N 1360G

With lubricating ability, medium-high strength, medium-high-viscosity type

This is good for bonding and sealing largediameter bolts and high tensile bolts. It can be used in a temperature range from below -40°C to 150°C (approx.) (200°C for heatresistant type).

1307N is a standard type and 1360G is a fastcuring/heat-resistant type. There is also 1360K, which is a slow curing, heat-resistant type, and 1374, which is a standard, high-strength type.

1373N 1375N 1377N

For interlocking, High-strength type

It is good for adhesion and sealing of interlocking portions such as pins, bushes, shafts, and bearings.

It can be used in a temperature range from below -40°C to 120°C (150°C) (approx.). 1373N is a low-viscosity type (heat resistance: 150°C), and 1375N is a medium-viscosity type. 1377N is a medium-high viscosity, lubricating ability type that can be used for press fitting portions.

1360F

Heat resistant / High strength / Fast curing type

It can be used in a temperature range from below -40°C to 200°C (approx.).

It is good for screws and fixing interlocking portion and sealing requiring heat resistance. It can be used with bolts of any size. 1360F is a medium-viscosity type suitable for M10 bolts and larger.

There is also 1360N, which is a slow curing, medium strength type.

1320B

Ultra-low viscosity, low- to mediumstrength type

It is possible to penetrate inside by application on screws after tightening and on the interlocking portion.

It is good for fixing thread portion and interlocking portion and for sealing pinholes, where penetrability is required.

It can be used in a temperature range from below -40°C to 150°C (approx.).

1314

More thermal deterioration-resistant type

Even after continuous aging at 120°C, there is almost no decrease in strength.

It is a high strength, low-viscosity type. It is good for fixing thread portion and interlocking portion and sealing that are normally under high-temperature environments.

It can be used in a temperature range from below -40°C to 150°C (approx.).

1372D

Thermal strength improved type

It has a high softening point, and can maintain high strength even in a high-temperature environment of 150°C.

It is good for fixing interlocking portion and sealing at locations requiring strength under

It is a high strength, low-viscosity type with UV curability.

It can be used in a temperature range from below -40°C to 150°C (approx.).

1353 1355

Type with heat-curing property

It is possible to cure by heating with a large clearance where it is normally difficult for curing to occur only by the anaerobic curing property. It is also possible to prevent dropping because the overflow portion becomes a dry film by heating. It is good for interlocking portion adhesion and sealing. It can be used in a temperature range from below -40°C to 125°C (approx.).

1353 are medium-high strength, mediumviscosity types, and 1355 is a medium-high strength, medium-high-viscosity type. All have UV curability.

1386D 1386E 1386G 1386H 1386L

Exclusive product for sealing welch plugs

It was adjusted to make it easy to use with coating robots.

It is a low strength, slow-curing type. It can be used in a temperature range from below -40°C to 150°C (approx.).

1355D 1357K 1359

1359D

1359G

1376B

Grade for surface adhesion with UV curability

It is flexible, and it can be used for surface adhesion of metal parts, etc., because of its high peel strength.

It can be used in a temperature range from below -40°C to 150°C (approx.) (200°C for heatresistant type).

1355D is a medium-high viscosity type, 1359 and 1359D are high viscosity types, 1357K and 1359G is a high viscosity, heat-resistant types.

1354 1354D

Halogen-free product with heat-curing property

It is possible to prevent dropping because the overflow portion becomes a dry film by heating, and as a result, outgas can be reduced. It is good for adhesion and sealing of interlocking portions where outgas should be avoided such as HDD parts.

It can be used in a temperature range from

below -40°C to 125°C (approx.).

It is a high strength, medium-high-viscosity

type with UV curability.

1390F 1390K 1390R

Halogen-free product for interlocking, High-strength type

It is good for adhesion and sealing of interlocking portions such as pins, bushes, shafts, and bearings.

It can be used in a temperature range from below -40°C to 120°C (approx.).

1389F

Sealant for flanges

This has rubber elasticity, so it has high conformability, and it has excellent sealability for dissimilar metals and larger flanges. It is good for flange sealing of transportation machines, construction machines, agricultural machines, hydraulic equipment, etc. It can be used in a temperature range from below -40°C to 150°C (approx.).

CCuring accelerator (primer) for anaerobic adhesives and sealants

By applying and letting it dry on substrates in advance, it is possible to increase the curing speed of the anaerobic adhesives and sealants. 1390R (Halogen-free enabled) is an alcohol-based solvent type that can be used with plastic parts, and 1390F and 1390K are quickdrying, acetone (solvent)-types.

300 Series



Anaerobic Adhesives and Sealants

Property Table

	Property Table										
	Product name Characteristics	Unit	1301B	1303	1303B	1303N	1305	1305B	1305N	1305P	
	Main component		Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	
	Strength		High strength	High strength	High strength	High strength	High strength	High strength	High strength	High strength	
	Main usages		Screw	Screw	Screw	Screw	Screw	Screw	Screw	Screw	
	Features		Low viscosity	Low viscosity	Low viscosity	Fast-curing	Medium viscosity	Medium viscosity	Fast-curing Lubricity	Excellent water resistance	
	Appearance		Brown	Green	Purplish brown	Green	Green	Purplish brown	Green	Purple	
	Viscosity	mPa-s	8.0	150	125	150	600	500	650	600	
	Specific gravity		1.07	1.11	1.07	1.12	1.11	1.07	1.11	1.16	
	Additional curability		29	2	2	-		-	2	-	
	Set time (Screws ¹)	sec	-	-	-	-	60		-	-	
_	Set time (Interlocking part ²)	sec	-	-	â	-	-	-	-	-	
Curing speed	Set time (Interlocking part ^{*2}) When used with curing accelerator (1390K)	sec	20	-	-		7.2	2	-	-	
	Practical strength*3 onset	h	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	
	Final strength onset	h	24	24	24	12	24	24	12	12	
	Breaking torque ^{*1}	N/m	33.0	33.0	33.0	45.3	33.0	33.0	46.0	20.0	
	Interlocking adhesion strength*2	MPa	35.0	35.0	35.0	40.0	35.0	35.0	45.0	40.0	
	Operating temperature range (Est.)	°C	below -40°C to 120°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 120°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 120°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 150°C	
<u></u>	Remark(s)	0	For permanent adhesion	For permanent adhesion	For permanent adhesion	For permanent adhesion	For permanent adhesion	For permanent adhesion	For permanent adhesion		

^{*1:} Iron bolts/nut M10×Pitch 1.5

^{*2:} Iron pin / collar 6φ ×15mm, Clearance 1/100mm *3: 1/2 of the final strength

1307N	1314	1320B	1322D	1322N	1323N	1324	1324B	1324N	1327	1333B
Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester
High strength	High strength	Medium strength	Medium strength	Medium strength	Medium strength	Medium strength	Medium strength	Medium strength	Medium strength	Low strength
Screw	Screw Interlocking part	Screw Interlocking part	Screw	Screw	Screw	Screw	Screw	Screw Interlocking part	Screw	Screw
Fast-curing Lubricity	Excellent heat aging resistance	Low viscosity Penetrability	Medium viscosity	Fast-curing	Ultrarapid curing	Medium viscosity	Medium viscosity	Fast-curing Lubricity	Compatible with high clearances	Low viscosity
Green	Green	Green	Red	Red	Green	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red
2300	250	18.0	150	150	90.0	650	600	600	2500	125
1.12	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.11	1.16	1.13	1.13	1.12	1.11	1.07
-	12	-	÷	¥		-	-	-	2	-
-	180	480	-	-	1.	-	-	-	-	
-	90	600		Š	÷	-	-			-
-	-		129	2	-	120	120	-	-	-
1	1	2	1	1	0.5	2	2	1	2	4 to 6
12	12	24	12	12	6	24	24	12	24	24
42.0	45.0	20.8	25.5	24.0	20.6	22.0	22.0	27.0	30.0	12.0
40.0	41.0	20.4	28.0	28.0	25.0	28.0	28.0	30.0	32.0	
below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 120°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 120°C
For large- diameter bolts and high tensile bolts	For permanent adhesion				: Unmeasured					

^{*} The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.
* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

300 Series



Anaerobic Adhesives and Sealants Anaeropic Property Table

8	Property Table										
	Product name Characteristics	Unit	1342H	1342J	1344H	1344J	1353	1354	1354D	1355	
	Main component		Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	
	Strength		Low strength	Low strength	Low strength	Low strength	Medium strength	High strength	High strength	Medium- high strength	
	Main usages		Screw	Screw	Screw	Screw	Interlocking part	Interlocking part	Interlocking part	Interlocking part	
	Features		Low viscosity	Fast-curing	Medium viscosity	Fast-curing	Low outgassing	Low outgassing Low halogen content	Low outgassing Low halogen content	Low outgassing	
	Appearance		Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue	
	Viscosity	mPa-s	150	150	650	650	650	1000	1000	1300	
	Specific gravity		1.05	1.06	1.05	1.06	1.11	1.10	1.10	1.12	
	Additional curability		-	-	-	-	Heating UV light	Heating UV light	Heating UV light	Heating UV light	
	Set time (Screws ^{*1})	sec	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	
_	Set time (Interlocking part ^{*2})	sec	•	5	-	-	90	120 to 180	300	120	
Curing speed	Set time (Interlocking part*2) When used with curing accelerator (1390K)	sec	73	-		-	-	5 to 10	5 to 10		
	Practical strength ^{*3} onset	h	2	1	2	1	1	-	1	1	
	Final strength onset	h	24	12	24	12	24		24	24	
	Breaking torque ^{*1}	N/m	16.7	24.1	14.5	23.7		-	٠		
	Interlocking adhesion strength ^{*2}	MPa	21	-			26.0	33.2	36.0	25.0	
	Operating temperature range (Est.)	°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 125°C	below -40°C to 125°C	below -40°C to 125°C	below -40°C to 125°C	
	Remark(s)		Good removability DOP-free product	Good removability DOP-free product	Good removability DOP-free product	Good removability DOP-free product					

^{*1:} Iron bolts/nut M10×Pitch 1.5

^{*2:} Iron pin / collar 6φ ×15mm, Clearance 1/100mm *3: 1/2 of the final strength

1355D	1357K	1359	1359D	1359G	1360	1360F	1360G	1360K	1360N	1372D
Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester
High strength	High strength	High strength	High strength	Medium strength	Medium strength	High strength	Medium- high strength	Medium strength	Medium strength	High strength
Surface adhesion	Surface adhesion	Surface adhesion	Surface adhesion Interlocking part	Surface adhesion	Screw	Screw Interlocking part	Screw	Screw	Screw	Interlocking part
Flexibility Low outgassing	Flexibility High heat resistance Low halogen content	Flexibility Fast-curing	Flexibility Fast-curing	Flexibility High heat resistance	High heat resistance	High heat resistance Fast-curing	High heat resistance Fast-curing with axial force	High heat resistance Slow curing Lubricity	High heat resistance Slow curing	Strength at a high temperature
Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue	Red	Blue	Red	Red	Red	Green
900	12000	12000	14000	23000	1000	500	1800	1700	800	110
1.10	1.10	1.07	1.05	1.10	1.07	1.10	1.10	1.13	1.07	1.07
UV light	UV light	UV light	UV light	UV light	ē	-	-	-	-	UV light
-	-	-	÷	9		-	300	-		-
100 to 110	300	120	-	300 to 360	240	240	-			180
10 to 15	10 (1390R)	1.70		60 to 70	15	15	8.70	-	in .	
-	-		-	-	6	1	2	6	6	1
-					24	12	24	36	36	24
-	1-	-		-	29.0	41.6	37.6	25.0	22.5	-
38.2	30.9	41.2	32.0	22.8	23.0	36.6		25.0	25.0	33.0
below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 175°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 200°C	below -40°C to 200°C	below -40°C to 200°C	below -40°C to 200°C	below -40°C to 180°C	below -40°C to 200°C	below -40°C to 150°C
	Emits light with black light					For permanent adhesion				

^{* -:} Unmeasured
* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.
* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

1300 Series



Anaerobic Adhesives and Sealants

8	Property Table										
	Product name Characteristics	Unit	1373B	1373N	1374	1375B	1375N	1375P	1376B	1377B	
	Main component		Methacrylic acid ester								
	Strength		High strength								
	Main usages		Interlocking part	Interlocking part	Screw	Interlocking part	Interlocking part	Interlocking part	Interlocking part	Interlocking part	
	Features		Low viscosity	Fast-curing	With axial force	Medium viscosity	Fast-curing	Medium viscosity	Low halogen content	High viscosity	
	Appearance		Green	Green	Red	Green	Green	Green	Blue	Green	
	Viscosity	mPa-s	125	90.0	650	800	500	600	700	2000	
	Specific gravity		1.10	1.10	1.11	1.11	1.12	1.12	1.10	1.12	
	Additional curability		-	UV light	-	-	UV light	UV light	UV light	-	
	Set time (Screws ^{*1})	sec	-9	-		-		-	-	-	
	Set time (Interlocking part *2)	sec	-	-	-	-	-	9	60 to 120	-	
Curing speed	Set time (Interlocking part*2) When used with curing accelerator (1390K)	sec		-	1.	-		-	5 to 10	5.0	
	Practical strength ^{*3} onset	h	1.5	1	1 to 2	2	1	1	-	1.5	
	Final strength onset	h	24	24	24	24	24	24	2	24	
	Breaking torque ^{*1}	N/m	42.7	-	35.8	-	-	9	-	-	
	Interlocking adhesion strength ^{*2}	MPa	25 to 34	38.2	19 to 27	29 to 34	31.8	34.5	33.5	25 to 34	
	Operating temperature range (Est.)	°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 175°C	below -40°C to 120°C	below -40°C to 175°C	below -40°C to 120°C	below -40°C to 150°C	
	Remark(s)										

^{*1:} Iron bolts/nut M10×Pitch 1.5

^{*2:} Iron pin / collar 6φ ×15mm, Clearance 1/100mm

^{*3: 1/2} of the final strength

1377N	1386	1386B	1386D	1386E	1386G	1386H	1386L	1389F
Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester	Methacrylic acid ester
High strength	Low strength	Low strength	Low strength	Low strength	Low strength	Low strength	Low to medium strength	Low strength
Interlocking part	Welch plug interlocking sealing	Flange seal						
Fast-curing	Lubricity	Lubricity	Slow curing Lubricity	Slow curing Lubricity	Slow curing Lubricity	Slow curing	Slow curing Lubricity	Rubber elasticity
Green	Red	Yellow	Red	Blue	Dark purple	Fluorescent yellow	Blue	Blue
1500	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2200	2000	60000
1.12	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.12
UV light	-		-	¥	-	-	-	-
	-				50 (min)		15 (min)	-
-	-	-	-	-	15 (min)	50 (min)	20 (min)	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-
1	2	2	5	5	8		6	-
24	24	24	36	36	24		24	-
9	15 to 25	15 to 25	10 to 15	10 to 15	17.2	15.3	23.5	9.0
31.8				-	18.5	(*)	20.5	-
below -40°C to 120°C	below -40°C to 150°C	below -40°C to 150°C						
			: Unmeasured				Galling prevention Excellent coating properties	

^{* -:} Unmeasured

* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

1300 Series



Anaerobic Adhesives and Sealants Property Table

Product name		1390F	1390K	1390R
Characteristics	Unit	20701999	100000000	
Solvent		Acetone	Acetone	Alcohol
Main usages		Anaerobic curing Curing accelerator	Anaerobic curing Curing accelerator	Anaerobic curing Curing accelerator
Features		Quick- drying	Quick- drying	Little influence on plastics
Appearance		Light brown	Green	Blue-green
Specific gravity		0.8	0.8	0.8
Set time (Screws ^{*1}) used with 1322N	sec	15 to 25	10 to 20	10 to 20
Remark(s)				Low- halogen product

^{*1:} Iron bolts/nut M10×Pitch 1.5

The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

Application Equipment

This section introduces Application Equipment to apply adhesives efficiently.

- · Lineup of products for improved productivity and workability.
- The RTM and RTA-H Series can be designed and manufactured to suit your needs.
 - *RTM: Rotary Transfer Motor
 - *RTA-H: Rotary Transfer Air-Motor (by Hand)

Bottle







Transfer-type simple applicator (coater R)

Application to threaded portion is done by lightly pressing the threaded portion of a bolt to the outer portion of the rotating rotor.

Automatic application by machine is impossible.

(Individual catalog number #10)



Syringe dispenser (minicoater C5)

The discharge amount is adjusted by means of the dispensing time and air pressure. Automatic application by machine is possible.

(Individual catalog number #11)



Manual rotary applicator (RTA-H)

This is a rotary coating machine for coating the inside of a cylinder with a material manually.

Automatic application by machine is impossible.

(Individual catalog number #12)



Rotary applicator (RTM2)

This is a unit for applying and pressure feeding anaerobic sealant to the inside of a cylinder.

Automatic application by machine is

Automatic application by machine is possible.

(Individual catalog number #13)



ThreeBond

1400 Series

Agents for Preventing Screw Loosening, Leaks and Rust



Agents for Preventing Screw Loosening, Leaks and Rust

These are single-component type solvent vaporizing-type screw-fixing agents.

They can be used for bonding small screws, mainly size M6 and smaller.

They have penetrability, so they can be applied after tightening. After application, it penetrates to the threaded portion, and the solvent vaporizes, resulting in the formation of a resin-based cured material that can prevent loosening and leakage. These are also good for preventing rust at threaded portions.

these are also good for preventing rust at threaded portions.

It is possible to loosen by a force that is about 10 to 20% higher than the tightening torque, so they can be removed easily when necessary.

For M6 size screws, 1/2 of the final strength (practical strength) is achieved after one or two days, and it reaches final strength after three days.

It can be used in a temperature range from below -40°C to 80°C (approx.).

■ Applicable markets

Transportation Equipment Electrical and Electronics Industrial Materials and Public Works Automotive Aftermarket

Product na	ame		1401	1401B	1401C	1401D	1401E	1402	1402B
Characteristics		Unit					2).		
Main component			Vinyl acetate resin	Vinyl acetate resin	Vinyl acetate resin	Vinyl acetate resin	Vinyl acetate resin	Acrylic resin	Acrylic resin
Features			Standard Type	Standard Type	Standard Type	Low viscosity	High viscosity	Strong adhesiveness Quick dry type	Strong adhesiveness Quick dry type
Appearance			Colorless to Light yellow	Blue	Red	Green	Dark green	Yellow- brown	Green
Viscosity		mPa-s	445	445	445	25.0	630	525	525
Specific gravity			0.90	0.90	0.90	0.85	0.90	1.23	1.23
Solid content (Nonvolatile conter	nt)	96	31.0	31.0	31.0	16.0	32.0	30.0	30.0
	МЗ	N/m	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Breaking* torque	M4	N/m	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	M6	N/m	3.5	3.5	3.5	2.0	2.5	2.0	2.0
Operating temperature (Est.)	range	°C	below -40°C to 80°C	below -40°C to 80°C	below -40°C to 80°C	below -40°C to 80°C	below -40°C to 80°C	below -40°C to 80°C	below -40°C to 80°C
Solvent used			Methanol	Methanol Toluene	Methanol Toluene	Methanol	Methanol	Methylene chloride Methyl acetate	Methylene chloride Methyl acetate

^{*:} Iron bolt/nut M3×Pitch 0.5, M4×Pitch 0.7, M6 Pitch 1.0 (Tightening torque = 0)



^{* -:} Unmeasured

^{*} The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

^{*} Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

1401

This is a standard type transparent screwlocking agent.

It uses alcohol as the solvent, so it can be used without influencing plastic materials.

There are products with different colors and different viscosities available.

1402

This is a quick dry type screw-locking agent with strong adhesiveness.

There are products with different colors available.



ThreeBond

1500 Series

Volatile Solvent-Type Adhesives / Elastomeric Adhesives / Water-Based Pressure Sensitive Adhesives for Screen Printing



Volatile Solvent Type Adhesives

This is a series of single-component, volatile solvent-type adhesives.

They can be used for general bonding to a wide range of substrates such as soft materials like rubber and leather, and rigid materials like plastic and metals. After curing, they have elasticity so they provide excellent bonding between different types of materials due to the high peel strength.

After applying and letting the solvent vaporize until the stickiness is lost, adhesion strength is acquired immediately when it is clamped.

There is a rubber-based solvent type, water-based acrylic emulsion type, paste-like type that can be used with materials with high penetrability, which are normally difficult to bond, and a low-viscosity type that can be applied using an air gun.



Applicable markets

Transportation Equipment Electrical and Electronics Industrial Materials and Public Works

Automotive Aftermarket

1501

This is a standard type rubber-based adhesive. It has a long adhesiveness-keeping time after application and becoming tack free, and it has good bonding workability for a large area. There are products with different colors available. 1521

This is a rubber-based adhesive with high initial adhesiveness.

1521C

This is a high-viscosity colored type of 1521. It has excellent padding ability, so dropping does not occur even when applied to a vertical surface.

It is good for bonding weather strip rubber for automobiles, etc., and is good for porous materials with high penetrability, which are difficult to bond. 1541C

This is a water-based acrylic emulsion type. It can be used for polystyrene foams with low organic solvent resistance.

TCX-004 This is a low-viscosity type of 1521. It can be applied using an air gun.

	Product name		1501	1521	1521B	1521C	TCX-004	1541C
	Characteristics	Unit				2000		
	Main component		Chloroprene rubber Phenolic resin	Chloroprene rubber Phenolic resin	Chloroprene rubber Phenolic resin	Chloroprene rubber Phenolic resin	Chloroprene rubber Phenolic resin	Acrylic resin-based emulsion
	Features		Long adhesiveness- keeping time	High initial adhesiveness	1501 Black Long adhesiveness- keeping time	Optimal for materials with high penetrability	Low- viscosity type of 1521 Application by air gun possible	Water-based adhesive High initial adhesiveness
	Appearance		Brown	Brown	Black	Black	Light yellow	Milky yellow
	Viscosity	mPa-s	5000	2800	4700	Paste	330	1100
	Specific gravity		0.89	0.87	0.88	1.13	0.86	1.00
	Solid content (Nonvolatile content)	%	25.0	26.0	27.0	60.0	26.0	54.0
	Tack free time	min	10 or less	8 to 10	10 or less	5	5	-
Ad	lhesiveness-keeping time	min	90 or higher	8 to 30	90 or higher	40	60	* Open time 20 (Recommended)
	Iron / Cotton canvas	kN/m	4.7	5.2	4.7	1.6	7.6	-
	Tin plate / Cotton canvas	kN/m	2	-	-	-	2	0.7
rength	Iron / Soft PVC	kN/m	15	3.7	15	1.0	-	-
Peel strength	Aluminum foil / Soft PVC	kN/m	-	-	-	-	-	2.0
	Iron / NBR	kN/m	2.0	3.8	2.0	-	1.4	
	Soft PVC / Soft PVC	kN/m	-	-	-	-	*	-
Tensile shear bond strength	ABS	MPa	-	-		•	-	-
Tensile bond st	Hard PVC	MPa	5	ī		-	-	-
(Operating temperature range (Est.)	°C	below -40°C to 80°C	below -40°C to 80°C	below -40°C to 80°C	below -40°C to 80°C	below -40°C to 80°C	below -40°C to 80°C
R	Remark(s) (Solvent used)		Toluene n-hexane	Toluene n-hexane Ethyl acetate	Toluene n-hexane Ethyl acetate	Toluene	Toluene Acetone n-hexane Ethyl acetate	Water Coal tar naphtha Trimethylbenzene

^{- :} Unmeasured

The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

Elastomeric Adhesives

These are single-component type solventless moisture-curing adhesives.

The curing reaction occurs from the moisture in the air when it is squeezed from the container, and it becomes a rubber-like elastic body.

They have excellent adhesive strength for a wide range of materials including metals, plastics, rubber, wood, and inorganic materials.

After curing, they have elasticity so they provide excellent bonding between different types of materials due to the high peel strength.

The 1530 Series begins to have a strong initial tackiness in just 5 to 10 minutes after application, and temporary adhesion is possible without a jig. Depending on the bonding area, it can reach 1/2 of the final strength (practical strength) after 12 to 24 hours, and it reaches final strength after 3 to 7 days.

The 1532 Series reaches practical strength after two days, and reaches final strength after three to seven days, becoming a cured material with high elongation.

There is also a low-viscosity type and a type with incombustibility (certified according to incombustibility standards).

1533 is compliant with REACH.



Applicable markets

Transportation Equipment Electrical and Electronics Industrial Materials and Public Works Automotive Aftermarket

1530 Series

This is a standard type elastomeric adhesive. After an open time of 5 to 10 minutes, initial tackiness develops and temporary adhesion is possible without a jig.

It has excellent adhesion strength for a wide range of materials. It is possible to bond with silicone rubber.

There are many variations such as different color tones and different viscosities.

It has a heat resistance of approximately 100°C to 120°C.

1537 Series

This is an incombustible type elastomeric adhesive.

This product is certified according to flammability standard UL94 V-0. It has small cure shrinkage.

It has excellent adhesion strength for a wide range of materials.

It has a heat resistance of approximately 100°C to 120°C.

1539

Series

This is an elastomeric adhesive that is speedily cured at low temperatures.

Plant-based polymers (Castor oil) are used, so it is an environmentally-friendly adhesive. It has excellent adhesion strength for a wide range of materials.

It has a heat resistance of approximately 100°C.

1532 Series

This is a modified silicone-based elastomeric adhesive.

It forms a cured material with high elongation. Because of its thixotropic properties, it is easy to apply without dropping.

It has excellent adhesion strength with a wide range of materials, and it is also good as a filling adhesion for materials with uneven surfaces.

It has a heat resistance of approximately 80°C for continual use.

1538B

It is an elastomeric adhesive that meets special standards.

Certified as UL Standard QOQW2 [Polymeric Adhesive Systems, Rated temperature 80°C]. It has excellent adhesion strength for a wide range of materials. It has a heat resistance of approximately 100°C to 120°C.



Elastomeric Adhesives

	Product name		1530	1530B	1530C	1530D	1530H	1530K	1530P	1532C
	Characteristics	Unit		2010000	100000			20000000	16 (6 (6 (6)	
	Main component		Silyl- containing special polymer	Silyl- containing special polymer	Silyl- containing special polymer	Silyl- containing special polymer	Silyl- containing special polymer	Silyl- containing special polymer	Silyl- containing special polymer	Modified Silicone
	Reaction type		Alcohol- releasing	Alcohol- releasing	Alcohol- releasing	Alcohol- releasing	Alcohol- releasing	Alcohol- releasing	Alcohol- releasing	Alcohol- releasing
	Features		Standard type	Thixotropic type	Clear type	Low viscosity	Low viscosity	Light blocking type	Ultra-low viscosity	Flexibilit
	Appearance		White	Black	Translucent	Gray	White	Black	Black	White
	Viscosity	Pa-s	100	110	100	22.0	30.0	70	6.0	420
	Specific gravity		1.39	1.31	1.31	1.39	1.14	1.24	1.43	1.40
	Tack-free	min	7	7	7	5	13	12	8	60
guun:	Hardness		A44	A48	A55	A34	A25	A35	A26	A40
cs arrer o	Elongation rate	96	280	380	200	220	280	270	140	360
Physical characteristics after curing	Tensile strength	MPa	5.9	3.0	4.1	3.2	2.1	2.5	1.6	1.8
al cha	Volume resistivity	Ω/m	5.0×10 ¹⁰	3.9×10 ¹⁰	3.6×10 ¹⁰	1.7×10 ¹⁰	4.8×10 ⁹	9.3×10 ⁹	1.2×10 ⁹	-
Prnysic	Dielectric breakdown strength	kV/mm	21	17	20	-		32	17	-
infina	Iron	MPa	5.4	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.5	2.2	2.5	2.0
nonia su	Aluminum	MPa	6.6	4.4	4.3	2.5	2.8	2.5	2.9	2.4
rensile snear bond suengin	Acrylic	MPa	4.7	3.3	3.8	2.6	2.1	2.5	2.3	0.5
lensi	Polycarbonate	MPa	5.6	3.8	4.5	2.4	3.1	3.6	2.0	1.6
	Aluminum	kN/m	2.5	2.8	1.9	2.5	-		1.7	
reer suerigui	NBR	kN/m	1.60	1.50	1.40	-	•	-	0.29	-
Leel	CR	kN/m	1.40	1.60	1.00		-	-	0.04	-
	Silicone rubber	kN/m	0.30	0.75	0.30	-	-	-	0.07	-
	Remark(s)			Structural viscosity ratio 4.1			Small increase in hardness when heating		DBT-free product	

^{* -:} Unmeasured

* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

* DBT: Dibutyltin compounds

1530 Series



Elastomeric Adhesives

	Product name		1532D	1533	1533C	1533D	1533F	1533K	1535	1535C	
	Characteristics	Unit		200000	THE SECOND	20000000	1900-200-2		0.000	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	Main component		Modified Silicone	Silyl- containing special polymer	Silyl- containing special polymer	Silyl- containing special polymer	Silyl- containing special polymer	Silyl- containing special polymer	Silyl- containing special polymer	Silyl- containing special polymer	
	Reaction type		Alcohol- releasing	Alcohol- releasing	Alcohol- releasing	Alcohol- releasing	Alcohol- releasing	Alcohol- releasing	Alcohol- releasing	Alcohol- releasing	
	Features		Flexibility	Standard type	Clear type	Low viscostity	Applicable to Adhesion-difficult Material		Standard type	Clear type	
	Appearance		Black	White	Translucent	Gray	Gray	Black	White	Colorless	
	Viscosity	Pa-s	450	100	100	22.0	180	47.0	75.0	30.0	
	Specific gravity		1.55	1.39	1.30	1.39	1.21	1.24	1.43	1.04	
	Tack-free	min	60	7	7	7	-	12	4	3	
curing	Hardness		A40	A40	A50	A26	A25	A30	A45	A37	
ics after	Elongation rate	96	360	280	145	286	460	480	180	136	
Physical characteristics after curing	Tensile strength	MPa	1.8	4.5	3.8	2.9	3.0	3.0	4.5	3.5	
cal cha	Volume resistivity	Ω/m		3.2×10 ¹⁰	8.8×10 ⁹	1.0×10 ⁹	6.8×10 ¹³	4.6×10 ⁹	5.9×10 ³	4.7×10 ⁹	
Physi	Dielectric breakdown strength	kV/mm	-:	21	25	21	26	19.0	25	28	
rength	Iron	MPa	2.0	5.8	4.6	3.4	3.7	4.1	5.0	7.1	
Tensile shear bond strength	Aluminum	MPa	2.4	5.7	4.7	2.8	3.9	4.4	5.8	8.7	
le shear	Acrylic	MPa	0.6	2.6	3.8	2.7	4.5	2.8	4.1	6.4	
Tensi	Polycarbonate	MPa	1.6	4.3	3.2	2.1	4.2	3.3	3.1	5.5	
	Aluminum	kN/m		3.5	3.2	1.5	-		1.7	1.7	
Peel strength	NBR	kN/m	-	2.30	1.0	1.3	-	-	1.2	0.7	
Peels	CR	kN/m	*	2.10	0.7	1	-	-	1.3	0.4	
	Silicone rubber	kN/m	-:	1.00	0.2	0.4	-		0.1	0.1	
	Remark(s)			DBT-free product	DBT-free product	DBT-free product	DBT-free product	DBT-free product	Tin-free product	Tin-free product	

1537	1537B	1537D	1538B	1538D	1539	1539B
Silyl- containing special polymer	Silyl- containing special polymer	Silyl- containing special polymer	Silyl- containing special polymer	Silyl- containing special polymer	Castor oil polymer	Castor oil polymer
Alcohol- releasing	Alcohol- releasing	Alcohol- releasing	Alcohol- releasing	Alcohol- releasing	Heat-curing	Heat-curing
Incombustible type	Incombustible type	Incombustible type	Incombustible type	Standard type	Standard type	Standard type
White	Black	Gray	Black	Gray	Black	White
55.0	55.0	55.0	80.0	55.0	100	100
1.67	1.67	1.67	1.44	1.67	1.34	1.34
4	4	4	9	7	7-	8-7
A72	A74	A71	A50	A85	A70	A70
29	33	29	170	60	120	140
5.0	3.9	4.3	2.9	4.1	3.5	3.5
1.9×10 ¹⁰	2.3×10 ¹⁰	2.7×10 ¹⁰	3.9×10 ¹⁰	6.2×10 ¹¹	2.4×10 ¹¹	6.5×10 ¹⁰
25	24	26	17	20.6	19	22
4.0	4.2	4.4	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.6
4.3	4.3	4.3	4.2	3.5	4.3	4.1
1.7	1.6	1.8	3.4	3.2	0.7	0.7
3.7	3.6	3.6	3.2	3.5	1.5	1.4
1.0	1.4	1.2	2.2	3.5	1.5	1.5
0.10	0.11	0.09	0.30	-	-	-
0.06	0.05	0.06	0.10	-	is .	
0.13	0.13	0.12	0.30	-	:	-
Non- flammable grade UL94 V-0 certified product	Non- flammable grade UL94 V-0 certified product	Non- flammable grade UL94 V-0 certified product	UL QOQW2 certified product	Non- flammable grade UL94 V-0 equivalent product	Heat-curing 60°C×1 min or more	Heat-curing 60°C×1 min or more

^{* -:} Unmeasured

* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

* DBT: Dibutyltin compounds

Water-Based Pressure Sensitive Adhesives for Screen Printing

This is a series of single-component type, water-based, pressure sensitive adhesives.

They are good for screen printing, and adhesion processing can be done according to the design pattern.

They can be used as pressure-sensitive adhesives for plastic, paper, metal and other nameplates, as well as for labels and stickers.

After printing, a strong adhesive layer is formed by heating and drying, or at room temperature.

It is possible to configure the dried film thicknesses up to around $100\mu m$ according to the screen design.

There is a standard type and a high heat resistant, high moisture-resistant type.



Transportation Equipment Electrical and Electronics Industrial Materials and Public Works Automotive Aftermarket



1549

This is a standard type water-based, pressure sensitive adhesive for screen printing. It has excellent adhesion with various plastics such as polyester, polyvinyl chloride, styrol, ABS, and PET, as well as paper, metal, etc. It is an aqueous type, so it can be used with materials that have low organic solvent resistance.

1555C

This is a high heat resistant, highly moistureresistant, aqueous, pressure-sensitive adhesive for screen printing.

It has excellent adhesion with various plastics such as polyester, polyvinyl chloride, styrol, ABS, and PET, as well as paper, metal, etc. It is an aqueous type, so it can be used with materials that have low organic solvent resistance.

	Product name		1540	15.40B	15556	15550
	Characteristics	Unit	1549	1549B	1555C	1555D
	Main component		Acrylic resin-based emulsion	Acrylic resin-based emulsion	Acrylic resin-based emulsion	Acrylic resin-based emulsion
	Features		Standard type	Standard type High viscosity	High heat resistance High moisture resistance	High heat resistance High moisture resistance Slow drying property
	Appearance		Milky white	Milky white	Milky white	Milky white
	Viscosity	Pa-s	20.0	25.0	30.0	25.0
	Specific gravity		1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01
	Solid content (nonvolatile content)	%	65.0	66.0	65.0	60.0
	Recommended screen			er or SUS mesh, etc.	SUS 80 n	nesh, etc.
Re	ecommended conditions of drying			5 min or min, etc.		20 min) mesh)
	PET/Polystyrol	N/m	823	823		-
	PET/Acrylic	N/m	823	823	-	-
Peel strength	PET/ABS	N/m		-	380	380
А	Polycarbonate/ Polystyrol	N/m	1098	1098	-	
	Polycarbonate/Acrylic	N/m	1098	1098	-	-
	Operating temperature range (Est.)	°C	below -30°C to 60°C	below -30°C to 60°C	below -30°C to 80°C	below -30°C to 80°C
	Remark(s)					

^{- :} Unmeasured

The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

Application Equipment

This section introduces Application Equipment to apply adhesives efficiently.



- · Lineup of products for improved productivity and workability
- Applicators suitable to a wide range of adhesives, such as solvent-volatilization type, moisture-curable type, and aqueous pressure-sensitive type, can be selected.

Tube





Air gun for tube (PG100T)

Dispensing is done by pulling the gun lever. Automatic application by machine is impossible.

Individual catalog number #1



Tube Dispenser Tank (minicoater C5)

The discharge amount is adjusted by means of the dispensing time and tank pressure. Automatic application by machine is possible.

Individual catalog number #2

Cartridge





Air gun for tube (PG100C)

Dispensing is done by pulling the gun lever. Automatic application by machine is impossible.

Individual catalog number #1



Cartridge-type tank (LVCT-AC) Diaphragm type automatic valve Controller for pressure (coater S4) Desktop 3-axis robot (TRC-120R)

This unit pressure-feeds a material from the cartridge and controls the open/close valve to apply the material. When the controller is combined with a robot, it will apply the material to a programmed position. Automatic application by machine is possible.

(Individual catalog number #15)

1-kg can





Tank for 1-kg can (PT-01) Pen type manually operated valve (pencil gun)

This dispenser is for a low-viscosity material. Dispensing is done by pulling the gun lever. Automatic application by machine is impossible.

(Individual catalog number #3)



Tank for 1-kg can (PT-01) Needle type dispense valve (HPNV-50) Pressure controller (coater 54) Desktop 3-axis robot (TRC-120R)

This device pressure-feeds a material from a tank and applies the material by controlling the open/close valve of the nozzle section. When the dispenser is combined with a robot, it applies the material appropriately to a programmed position. Automatic application by machine is possible.

(Individual catalog number #4)

Pail





TB 1530 exclusive power booster (DBP-40)

This is a diaphragm pump-method power booster without a sliding part where it comes in contact with the liquid.

Therefore, it is possible to stream a liquid agent stably without any sticking or resulting increases in resistance.

(Individual catalog number #32)



Dedicated to surface application Adhesive discharging valve RV-SN Series

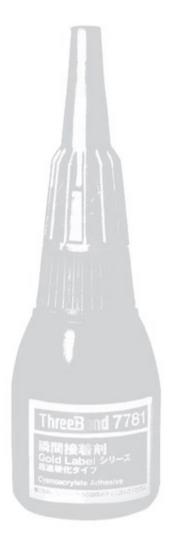
This is an adhesive discharging valve to apply material in plane-like or band-like form. Automatic application by machine is possible.

(Individual catalog number #30)



ThreeBond 1700/7700 Series

Instant Adhesives and Gold Label Instant Adhesives



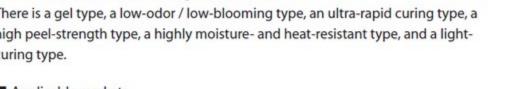
Instant Adhesives Gold Label Instant Adhesives

These are single-component type instant adhesives that use cyanoacrylate as the main component.

When bonding, the adhesives cure in several seconds due to the trace of moisture that exists on the adhesion surface, and bonding occurs within a few seconds to a few minutes.

They are single component products, so they are easy to use and have excellent adhesion strength in a short time for a wide range of materials including metals, plastics, rubber, wood, and inorganic materials.

There is a gel type, a low-odor / low-blooming type, an ultra-rapid curing type, a high peel-strength type, a highly moisture- and heat-resistant type, and a lightcuring type.





Applicable markets

Transportation Equipment

Electrical and Electronics

Industrial Materials and Public Works

Automotive Aftermarket

1721D

Low odor / Low-blooming type

Blooming is a phenomenon where white powder is generated at the bonding location when general use instant adhesives are applied. This is a low bloom product. There is also virtually no irritating odor. It is good for elements requiring a good appearance.

1757

High moisture resistance / Excellent water resistance, High heat resistance type

It has better moisture resistance and heat resistance than regular instant adhesives. Even at an ambient temperature of 120°C, a bonding strength of at least 10MPa (iron/iron) is maintained. In addition, continuous use heat resistance is also high, as it can be used at approximately 120°C. It has excellent moisture resistance and water resistance, so it can be used for bonding parts that are used outdoors. In particular, it has excellent adhesion strength for various elastomers.

1771E 1771M 1773E

Light-curing property

It can be cured by UV light or visible light, so it is possible to cure quickly in overflow portions that cause blooming and areas with large clearance that slows curing. It also has excellent surface curability because there is no curing inhibition by oxygen. 1771M is a ISO10993 compliant product for medical devices

1795C

Remover for instant adhesive

By dropping it on an adhered surface, this product dissolves the cured material so that the substrate can be removed from the surface. It does not contain any chlorinated solvents or specified materials according to the Poisonous and Deleterious Substance Control Act / List of Carcinogens (IARC / Japan Society for Occupational Health).

7721

Non-blooming type

There is no characteristic irritating odor and almost no blooming. It also has excellent quick-curing property. It is a highly functional instant adhesive with special functionality.

7737 7738

Elastomer-containing ultrahigh peel strength / impact-resistant type

This is a half-gel adhesive with sag resistance and excellent workability because there is no stringing.

It has excellent adhesion even at high temperatures and high humidity. It is a highly functional instant adhesive with special functionality.

7741

Standard type

This is a highly functional instant adhesive standard product with excellent adhesion strength even on engineering plastics and with excellent quick-curing property. 7761

Impregnation coating agent for 3D printed plaster cast

This agent has excellent penetrability to be impregnated uniformly throughout the cast. It has excellent curability and resin design with suppressed blooming, and excellent reinforcement cure after impregnation and

The workability is excellent because of reduced irritating odor.

7781

7782

7784 7785

7786

Ultra-rapid curing type

This has excellent quick-curing property, so it has quick adhesion strength even on porous materials that are normally difficult to bond, and on acidic materials such as wood. It has a sharp increase in strength even on difficult-to-bond materials such as polyacetal. It has excellent heat resistance. It is a highly functional instant adhesive with special functionality.

7789

Gel-type

There is no sagging property, so it can be used on vertical surfaces and ceilings.

By using a curing accelerator, thick curing is possible, so it can also be used for filling and reinforcement on uneven portions.

7796

Faint-odor curing accelerator for instant adhesives

By dropping it on protruding excessive adhesive, the bonding time of the adhesive is reduced.

It has excellent balance between low odor and curability.

7797 7797C

Multi-primer for instant adhesive

It allows easy adhesion of difficult-to-bond materials such as polypropylene, polyethylene, polyacetal, fluoropolymers, and silicone rubber. Apply and let it dry on surfaces as a preconditioning agent for difficult-to-bond materials.

1700/7700 Series



Instant Adhesives and Gold Label Instant Adhesives Property Table

		operty rabie										
		Product name	Unit	1701	1702	1702B	1721D	1731	1733	1735	1739	
20)	Main c	omponent		Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	
	Fe	eatures		For metal	For metal	Colored	Low odor Low- blooming	High peel strength	High peel strength	High peel strength	Gel-like	
	Арр	earance		Colorless	Colorless	Blue	Light yellow	Light yellow	Light yellow	Light yellow	Colorless	
	Vi	scosity	mPa-s	3.0	35.0	35.0	6.0	20.0	150	1500	23000	
	Speci	fic gravity		1.10	1.10	1.05	1.07	1.06	1.10	1.10	1.03	
Ç.	at time a	Iron	sec	10	30	40	40	30	40	60	30	
56	et time	NBR	sec	5	15	5	2	60	70	120	30	
		Iron	MPa	23.7	23.0	16.9	14.4	20.0	17.0	18.0	24.2	
gth	,	Aluminum	MPa	15.3	17.0	8.4	13.2	11.0	11.0	10.0	11.5	
ond stren	Po	lycarbonate	MPa	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	7.8	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	1.4	5.8	
Tensile shear bond strength		ABS	MPa	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	7.6	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	6.1	
Ten		NBR	MPa	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	
	Chlor	oprene rubber	MPa	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	
ength		Iron	kN/m			-		3.0	3.0	4.0		
Peel strength	,	Aluminum	kN/m		-	-		2.0	2.0	2.0		
(Operating ran	g temperature ge (Est.)	°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C	
	Rei	mark(s)									Structural viscosity ratio 3.5	

1741	1741D	1741E	1743	1743D	1743F	1745	1747	1757	1771E	1771M
Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate
For general use Low viscosity	For general use Low viscosity Colored	For general use Fast-curing	For general use Medium viscosity	For general use Medium viscosity Colored	Brush- equipped container	For general use Medium viscosity	For general use High viscosity	High moisture resistance Excellent water resistance High heat resistance	Light curing	Light curing Compliant to ISO10993 for medical devices
Colorless	Blue	Colorless	Colorless	Blue transparent	Colorless	Colorless	Colorless	Light yellow	Yellow	Yellow to Yellowish green
2.0	2.0	3.0	100	100	100	500	2000	1200	2.0	2.0
1.06	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.06	1.05	1.05
5	5	5	10	10	20	10	10	30	3	10
5	5	5	10	10	20	10	10	20	2	2
14.2	14.2	14.0	19.3	19.3	22.0	22.2	22.9	19.2	15.1	17.5
16.5	16.5	12.0	16.6	16.6	14.0	16.6	17.3	16.0	10.6	13.3
(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	4.5	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)
4.2	4.2	(Material failure)	5.2	5.2	(Material failure)	5.1	5.0	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)
(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)
(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
÷				-			-	-		
below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 120°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C
								Continuous usage at 120°C possible	Standard curing condition 10kJ/m²	Standard curing condition 10kJ/m ²

^{* -:} Unmeasured
* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.
* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

1700/7700 Series



Instant Adhesives and Gold Label Instant Adhesives Property Table

a Troperty labe												
Product name			1773E	1781	1781F	1782	1783	1785B	1786	7721		
	Chara	acteristics	Unit			11/1/200700	0.000		200 500 90000			
	Main component			Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	
Features			Light curing	Impact resistance Heat resistance	Impact resistance Heat resistance	Impact resistance Heat resistance	Impact resistance Heat resistance	Fast-curing for woodwork	Fast-curing for woodwork	High functionality Non- whitening type		
	Арр	earance		Yellow	Colorless	Blue	Colorless	Colorless	Colorless	Colorless	Colorless to Light yellow	
	Vi	scosity	mPa-s	150	3.0	20.0	80.0	800	3.0	150	5.0	
	Speci	fic gravity		1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.07	
S	et time	Iron	sec	5	10	10	10	10	5	5	15	
30	ettime	NBR	sec	2	5	5	5	5	3	3	2	
	Iron		MPa	15.9	16.4	22.1	25.5	24.7	11.9	18.2	18.4	
ngth	,	Aluminum		11.2	15.3	12.8	17.8	17.7	12.0	13.2	12.9	
Tensile shear bond strength	Polycarbonate		MPa	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	5.4	(Material failure)	
sile shear		ABS		(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	
Ten		NBR MI		(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	
	Chlor	Chloroprene rubber MPa		(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	
Peel strength		Iron kN/m		-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Peel st	Aluminum kN/m		kN/m	-1	ň	15	-	-		-	-	
	Operating temperature range (Est.)		°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 120°C	below -40°C to 120°C	below -40°C to 120°C	below -40°C to 120°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C	
Remark(s)			Standard curing condition 10kJ/m ²	Continuous usage at 100°C possible	Continuous usage at 100°C possible	Continuous usage at 100°C possible	Continuous usage at 100°C possible					

7737	7738	7741	7761	7781	7782	7784	7785	7786	7789
Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate	Cyanoacrylate
High functionality Ultrahigh peel strength	High functionality Ultrahigh peel strength	High functionality Standard type	Impregnating reinforcement coating agent for 3D printers	High functionality Ultrarapid curing	High functionality Ultrarapid curing	High functionality Ultrarapid curing	High functionality Ultrarapid curing	High functionality Ultrarapid curing	Fast-curing gel
Light yellow	Light yellow	Colorless to Light yellow	Light yellow	Colorless to Light yellow	Colorless to Light yellow	Colorless to Light yellow	Colorless to Light yellow	Colorless to Light yellow	Light yellow
2000	5000	2.0	4.9	2.0	15.0	160	500	1000	25000
1.07	1.08	1.05		1.05	1.05	1.05	1.07	1.08	1.09
90	90	3		2	2	3	3	4	10
90	90	2	120	2	2	2	2	2	7
25.7	27.7	15.0	•	14.0	14.2	15.3	16.3	17.0	21.0
20.4	21.4	15.1		14.9	15.3	16.1	14.6	14.9	15.9
(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	*	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)
(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	-	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)
(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)		(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)
(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)		(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)
3.4	4.2	-	-	-	•		-	-	-
3.4	2.9	8.50			-		3.5.	-	-
below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C		below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C	below -40°C to 100°C
Structural viscosity ratio 4.8	Structural viscosity ratio 5.0	Continuous usage at 80°C possible	Impregnation coating for 3D printer shaped objects of plaster	possible Final strength	Continuous usage at 100°C possible Final strength within 30 min	possible Final strength	possible Final strength	Continuous usage at 100°C possible Final strength within 30 min	Structural viscosity ratio 6.5

^{* -:} Unmeasured
* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.
* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



Instant Adhesives and Gold Label Instant Adhesives Property Table

Product name Characteristics Unit		1795C	1796	1796B	1796F	1796G	1796K	1797	7796			
	Main component			Acetone	Amine compound	Amine compound	Amine compound	Amine compound	Amine compound	Amine compound	Amine compound	
				Remover	Curing accelerator	Curing accelerator	Curing accelerator	Curing accelerator	Curing accelerator	Bonding primer	Curing accelerator	
		Features		-	-	Lower odor	Aerosol	Ordinance on Prevention of Organic Solvent Poisoning does not apply	Lower odor Aerosol	-	Slight odor type	
	Appearance			Colorless	Light yellow	Light yellow	Light yellow	Light yellow	Colorless to Light yellow	Light yellow	Colorless to Light brown	
	Viscosity mPa-s		mPa-s		-	-		-	-	-	-	
	Specific gravity			0.90	0.82	0.82	0.81	0.82	0.76	0.80	0.75	
		Iron	sec	-	5 to 10 (TB1739)	5 to 10 (TB1739)	5 to 10 (TB1739)	5 or less (TB1739)	5 or less (TB1739)	-	5 or less (TB1739)	
Set t	time	Polypropylene	sec	-	-	15	-	-	-	5 (TB1741)	-	
		NBR	sec	-1	-	-	-	-3	-	-	-	
Tensile shear bond strength		Iron" ¹	MPa	20	2.7 (TB1739)	2.7 (TB1739)	2.7 (TB1739)	3.4 (TB1739)	2.8 (TB1739)	-	2.7 (TB1739)	
Tensile shear t		Polypropylene	MPa	5)	5	÷		•	ā	(Material failure) (TB1741)	•	
Remark(s)									For hard- to-bond materials			

^{*1:} Tensile shear bond strength: After 1 minute of iron sheer bonding

^{* -:} Unmeasured

^{*} The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value

and is not the guarantee level.

* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

7797	77 9 7C
Amine compound	Amine compound
Bonding primer	Bonding primer
Multi-primer	Multi-primer
Colorless	Colorless
-	-
0.67	0.68
-	
3 (TB7784)	3 (TB7784)
-	-
	-
(Material failure) (TB7784)	(Material failure) (TB7784)
For hard- to-bond materials	For hard- to-bond materials (7797 variant with a different solvent)

Application Equipment

This section introduces Application Equipment to apply adhesives efficiently.



 Application of an instantaneous adhesive that is difficult to handle is automated. This enables the work environment and application quality to be improved.

*TDV: Triple Diaphragm Valve





ThreeBond

1800/1900 Series

Antirust Lubricants / Molybdenum Anti-Seizing Lubricants

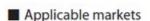


Antirust Lubricants / Molybdenum Anti-Seizing Lubricants

These rust-preventing lubricants mainly contain rust-preventing oil and lubricating agents, so rust is prevented by blocking water and oxygen from metallic surfaces. The oil films and the lubricating agents help ensure slipperiness for lubricating capability.

There are various grades available for general rust-preventing lubrication, heavy-load lubrication, galling prevention, and specially formulated products for automobile parts which provide a wide range of penetrability, oil film strength, base oil heat resistance, and type of lubricating agent, etc.

Other products include a film-type vapor phase corrosion inhibitor for creating a rust-preventing atmosphere, and a rust-preventing lubricant for food.



Transportation Equipment Electrical and Electronics Industrial Materials and Public Works Automotive Aftermarket





1801B 1802B This is a general rust-preventing lubrication spray with excellent penetrability.

By simply spraying, it penetrates to necessary locations providing rust prevention and lubricity.

It also penetrates through rust and dirt, making it easy to remove rust, and it is helpful when loosening bonded screws.

There is also a can type available.

1804

This is an odorless general rust-preventing lubrication spray with excellent penetrability. By simply spraying, it penetrates to necessary locations providing rust prevention and lubricity.

It also penetrates through rust and dirt, making it easy to remove rust, and it is helpful when loosening bonded screws.

There is virtually no influence on rubber and plastic, so it can be used for a wide range of materials.

1805

This is a grease type general rust-preventing lubrication spray.

By spraying, it forms a grease type soft film that strongly adheres to metallic surfaces. It has excellent weather resistance and water resistance, resulting in long-term rust prevention, so it can be used as rust prevention for outdoor parts.

It has high oil film strength, excellent lasting effect on sliding surfaces, and highly durable lubricity.

1807

This is a high-quality rust-preventing lubrication spray with excellent penetrability and good load-resistant lubricating capability. By simply spraying, it penetrates to necessary locations providing rust prevention and lubricity.

It also penetrates through rust and dirt, making it easy to remove rust, and it is helpful when loosening bonded screws.

It contains organic molybdenum with high lubrication, so it can fill in the fine gaps of sliding portions, and it has excellent lubricity.

1807B

This is a penetrative rust-preventing lubricant with improved lubricity, penetrability and rust prevention.

When sprayed to bonded screws, it penetrates throughout the bonded portion because of its high penetrability, making the screws to be loosened with a little force.

Aerosol type adopting a folding long nozzle enables pinpoint spray aiming at a designated area with little scattering.

Foams of the lubricant sprayed by means of carbon dioxide attaches to the object with reduced drip and it can be used without waste.

1809B

This is a odorless grease type rust-preventing lubricant with excellent load-resistant lubricating capability. It forms a soft film when applied. It contains organic molybdenum with high lubrication, so it can fill in the fine gaps of sliding portions, and it has excellent lubricity with high load resistance.

It also has a good lasting effect on sliding surfaces due to its high oil film strength, so it has durability for long-term usage.

1810C

This is an odorless dry powder lubrication spray.

It uses fluorine powder as the main component, so there is no stickiness after spraying.

There is no influence on plastic, so it can be used for a wide range of materials including metals and wood.

It has excellent lubricity for a wide temperature range from high temperatures to low temperatures.

1815D

This is a grease type rust-preventing lubrication spray with excellent rust prevention and heavy load-resistant lubricating capability.

It has excellent extreme pressure property and

It has excellent extreme pressure property and very good lubricity even under heavy loads. It also has good rust prevention and excellent durability for long-term corrosion prevention, and it has good water resistance so that good lubricity can be maintained even when water enters.

It can be used in severe environments such as outdoor facilities, and can be used as rust-preventing lubrication for construction machines.

1816B

This is a rust-preventing lubrication spray for chains.

It has excellent penetrability, lubricity, and rust prevention for chain pins and bushes, and it prevents elongation and abrasion in addition to preventing rust for chains.

It has proper viscosity for a lasting effect on chains during high-speed rotation, and there is less dust attachment because it has low stickiness. The formed film is flexible even at low temperatures so that performance can be maintained.

It can be used for the metal chains of automobiles, motorcycles, and agriculture equipment, etc.

1821

This is a very safe rust-preventing lubrication spray that uses materials certified by the Food Sanitation Act.

It has antibacterial properties and can be used for food machinery.

It also has excellent penetrability. By simply spraying, it penetrates to necessary locations providing rust prevention and lubricity. It also penetrates through rust and dirt, making it easy to remove rust, and it is helpful when loosening bonded screws.

1851 1851B

This is a lubricant that uses low viscosity silicone oil as its main component. It has great flowability, permeability, lubricativity, and weather resistance. It has no negative effect on rubbers or plastics.

It can be used to lubricate rubber parts or plastic parts, to prevent squeaking of run channels of vehicle doors, to lubricate weather strips, and to prevent freezing.

1851 is an aerosol type, and 1851B is a can type.

1855 1856

This is a silicone grease-based rust-preventing lubricant that is mainly used for automobile maintenance.

It has a wide operating temperature range, and has excellent thermal oxidative stability, water resistance, and brake oil resistance. It can be used for brakes, suspension, transmissions, and various other parts because there is no negative influence on rubber or plastics.

There is a tube type and a spray type available.

1860 1860B

This is a silicone grease-based, rust-preventing lubrication spray for vehicle brakes. It has excellent high temperature lubricity because it contains a solid lubricant with a heat resistance of 900°C. Flowing is suppressed at high temperatures since the dropping point is above 280°C.

It has high adhesion to metal parts because it is highly sticky, and it can reduce resonant sound. It also has excellent lubricity for preventing abrasion at metal sliding portions. There is no negative influence on rubber or plastic.

1860 is a tube type, 1860B is a one-time use size of 15 ml aerosol specification.

1862

This is an anti-rust lubricant for screws. In addition to rust resistance, it can reduce screwing stiffness by providing appropriate lubrication, thereby also providing axial stability.

1901 1910

This is a grease-type galling-preventing lubricant that uses molybdenum disulfide as the base.

It has a low coefficient of friction, high lubrication, and extreme pressure property, so it has excellent lubricity for heavy loads, and can prevent abrasion, galling and seizure of parts.

It has excellent heat resistance and can be used at up to 400°C (for galling prevention of screws and pins, up to 800°C).

There is a can type and an aerosol type available.

1920

This is a grease-type lubricant for gas valves and cocks that contains molybdenum disulfide mixed with a stable base oil for city gas and LP gas.

It has excellent wear resistance and sealability to prevent chattering at high temperatures. There is no negative influence on rubber or plastic.

It is used for lubrication and sealing of city gas and LP gas valves and cocks.

1925

This is a spray type grease for brake maintenance for vehicle brake and rubber. It has excellent lubricity because it contains molybdenum disulfide.

It can be used both as a grease for brakes and as a grease for brake rubbers. It has excellent lubricity and rust prevention.

It can be used safely with various rubbers and plastics for brake equipment because it has no negative influence on these. 1930

This is a lubrication spray for preventing noise and abrasion for constant-velocity joint ball bearings of vehicle drive shafts. It uses molybdenum disulfide as the main component, it has high lubricity for reducing noise at bearing portions, and it is used as an abnormal sound-preventing agent and abrasion-preventing agent.



Antirust Lubricants/Molybdenum Anti-Seizing Lubricants Property Table

Product name		1801B	1802B	1804	1805	1807	1807B	1809B	1810C	
	Characteristics	Unit		500,000 to 100	10000000	2000000	10000000	20000000	1000000	I all done
	Applications		screw	Penetrating lubrication Water repellency and rust prevention Loosening of screw Rust removal	screw	Rust- preventing lubrication Long-term corrosion prevention	Sliding portion lubrication Penetrating lubrication Water repellency and rust prevention Loosening of screw	Sliding portion lubrication Penetrating lubrication Water repellency and rust prevention Loosening of screw	Sliding portion lubrication Water repellency and rust prevention Galling prevention	Sliding portion dry lubrication
	Features		Excellent penetrability	For equipment Excellent penetrability	Odorless No damage to plastics	Grease high oil film strength Excellent adhesion Excellent water resistance No damage to plastics	Contains organomo- lybdenum Excellent load resistance No damage to plastics	prevention	lybdenum Excellent load resistance and resistance to	Dry powder lubrication No stickiness because fluorine powder is main component
	Appearance		Brown	Brown	Yellow- brown	Reddish brown	Light brown	Light yellow	Yellow- brown	White
	Viscosity mPa-s		3.8	3.8	5	400	2.7	10	880	
	Specific gravity		0.80	0.80	0.80	0.85	0.80	0.82	0.92	1.40
	Solid content %		33	33	28	70	22	-	97	100
Ru	Rust prevention capability		0	0	0	0	0	0	Δ	×
	Lubricity		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hi	High speed resistance and load resistance		0	0	Δ	0	0	0	Δ	0
	Penetrability		0	0	0	×	0	0	×	×
	Heat resistance		Δ	Δ	Δ	0	0	0	0	0
	Polycarbonate		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
tibility	ABS		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
compa	Polystyrene		Δ	Δ	0	0	0	0	×	-
Plastic compatibility	Hard PVC		Δ	Δ	0	0	0	0	×	-
	Overall evaluation		Δ	Δ	0	0	0	0	Δ	0
	Remark(s)		Aerosol Can Liquid type available	Aerosol Can Liquid type available	Aerosol Can Liquid type available	Aerosol	Aerosol	Aerosol	Can Liquid type	Aerosol

 ^{- :} Unmeasured
 The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.
 Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

1800/1900 Series



Antirust Lubricants/Molybdenum Anti-Seizing Lubricants Property Table

Product name		1815D	1816	1816B	1821	1851	1851B	1855	1856		
	Characteristics	Unit	10135		10100	1021	1051	10315	1035	1050	
	Applications		Rust- preventing lubrication in areas near the ocean and for outdoor facilities Heavy-load environment rust- preventing lubrication	For metal chains Rust- preventing lubrication	Rust- preventing lubrication for metal chains, rotating parts, and sliding portions	Rust- preventing lubrication for food machinery Loosening of screw Rust removal	Preventing vehicle door squeaking Weather strips Rubber lubrication, freeze prevention Rubber part lubrication	Lubrication of rubber and plastic parts	Vehicle parts Rust- preventing lubrication for brakes, suspension, transmissions, etc.	Vehicle parts Rust- preventing lubrication for brakes, suspension, transmissions, etc.	
	Features		Grease Excellent water resistance Strong rust prevention High lubrication Heavy load resistance	Good lasting effect for chains	For chains Excellent penetrability for pins and bushes Low stickiness Good lasting effect for chains Excellent low- temperature performance	Can be used for food machinery Has antibacterial action Excellent penetrability	Low viscosity Excellent heat resistance, freeze resistance, and weather resistance due to silicone oil No damage to rubber, plastic, or paint	Low viscosity Blue coloring Excellent heat resistance, freeze resistance, and weather resistance due to silicone oil No damage to rubber, plastic, or paint	Silicone grease heat resistance, Excellent freeze resistance Excellent brakes oil resistance and water resistance No damage to rubber, plastic, or paint	Aerosol version of 1855	
	Appearance		Light brown	Blue	Yellow	Turbid white	Colorless	Blue	Beige	Beige	
	Viscosity	mPa-s	Paste	80	80	20	1000	950	Paste	Paste	
	Specific gravity		8	0.81	0.81	0.95	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	
	Solid content	96	-5	70	70	97.1	100	98	-	100	
Ru	ust prevention capability		0	0	0	0	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	
	Lubricity		0	0	0	0	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	
Hi	igh speed resistance and load resistance		0	0	0	0	×	×	×	×	
	Penetrability		×	0	0	0	×	×	×	×	
	Heat resistance		0	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	
	Polycarbonate		0	-	-	×	0	0	0	0	
tibility	ABS		0	-	-	×	0	0	0	0	
Plastic compatibility	Polystyrene		0	-	-	×	0	0	Δ	Δ	
Plastic	Hard PVC		-	-	-	×	0	0	-	-	
_	Overall evaluation		0	×	×	×	0	0	0	0	
	Remark(s)		Aerosol	Aerosol	Aerosol	Aerosol	Aerosol	4L can	Tube	Aerosol	

1860	1860B	1862	1901	1910	1920	1925
Brake grease Brake Lubrication for metal contact portions / Preventing resonance and squealing	Brake grease Brake Lubrication for metal contact portions / Preventing resonance and squealing	For screws Rust- preventing lubrication / Axial force stabilization	mechanical parts	Galling and seizure prevention of mechanical parts Abrasion and chattering prevention	Galling prevention Lubrication	Rubber grease Maintenance and rust- preventing lubrication for brake parts and rubber parts
Low flow at high- temperatures due to a high dropping point of above 280°C Excellent high temperature lubricating capability No damage to rubber, plastic, or paint	Low flow at high- temperatures due to a high dropping point of above 280°C Excellent high temperature lubricating capability No damage to rubber, plastic, or paint	Lubricating capability for screws Axial force stabilization	Contains molybdenum disulfide High lubricity Heavy load resistance High heat resistance, can be used at 400°C (for galling prevention, 800°C)	Contains molybdenum disulfide Aerosol	Contains molybdenum disulfide Excellent gas resistance	Contains molybdenum disulfide Excellent lubricating capability No damage to rubber or plastic
White	White	Light yellow	Black	Black	Black	Dark gray
Paste	Paste	185	Paste	25	-	1.1
-	-	0.82	1.40	1.60	0.90	0.91
99.7	99.7	-	96.5	-	99.0	31.0
0	0	0	0	0	-	-
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
-	-	-	0	0	0	0
-	-	-	×	×	×	×
0	-	-	0	0	-	0
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	150		-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0	0	×	×	×	-	0
Tube	Aerosol		Can Paste	Aerosol	Can Paste	Aerosol

^{* -:} Unmeasured
* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.
* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



ThreeBond

2000/2100/2200 Series

Epoxy Resins



Epoxy Resins

These are adhesives that use epoxy resin as the main component.

They have strong adhesion strength and have excellent overall characteristics including chemical resistance, electrical properties, and mechanical strength. There is a two-component type that cures at room temperature, and a single-component type that is a heat-curing type.

They can be used for various purposes including general-purpose adhesion and sealing, for construction materials, and for electronic device bonding, filling, repair, casting, and impregnation.



Applicable markets

Transportation Equipment Electrical and Electronics Industrial Materials and Public Works Automotive Aftermarket

2000 Series (Two-component epoxy resin main agent)

2001

This is a standard epoxy main agent. It forms a cured material with slight flexibility, and it has great adhesion strength.

2002K 2002L It has thixotropic properties and is cream-like. There is virtually no dropping even when mixed with a curing agent, and it has excellent padding ability giving it good workability. 2022

This is a standard epoxy main agent. It forms a cured material with good overall balance.

There is a low-viscosity type (2023), a low-viscosity colored type (2023J), and an ultra-low-viscosity type (2023B).

2022U

This is a high adhesive strength type that can be used as an adhesive for construction. In combination with 2103, it provides strong adhesive strength even when hardened at room temperature.

2100 Series (Two-component epoxy resin curing agent)

2102B

This is a medium viscosity, high-speed curing agent.

2103

This is a low viscosity, high-speed curing agent. It forms a cured material with medium heat resistance.

2104

This is a curing agent with excellent curability at low temperature.

It forms a flexible cured material, so it has excellent impact strength and freeze resistance.

2105C

This is a standard type curing agent. It forms a cured material with some flexibility. This is a medium-viscosity type, so it has excellent workability. 2105F

This is a standard type curing agent. It forms a cured material with medium flexibility, so it has good impact strength.

2106G

This is a curing agent with excellent transparency.

It forms a cured material with excellent tensile shear bond strength and good overall balance. This is also a slightly-high-viscosity type (2106H). 2131D

This is a heat-applied type curing agent with excellent transparency.

It has low viscosity and a low shrinkage rate while curing, so it is good for potting.

2163

This is a heat-applied type curing agent. It forms a cured material with good heat resistance and insulation property.

2080 Series (Two-component epoxy resin adhesive set)

2081D

This adhesive is a set with a main agent and curing agent.

It has excellent adhesion strength for soft PVC, which is difficult-to-bond material. It is good for bonding with rubber such as CR and EPDM, various metals, and concrete, etc.

2082C

This high-strength adhesive is a set with a main agent and curing agent.

Rubber particles are distributed, so it forms a tough cured material.

It has stable and strong adhesiveness. It is good for bonding a wide range of materials such as various metals and plastics. 2083L

This is a spackling adhesive that can be hardened on wet surfaces or in water, and provides strong adhesive power.

A large volume type is also available (2083J).

2084

This filling adhesive is a set with a main agent and curing agent.

It contains iron powder so it forms a tough cured material. It is good for repair of metallic parts. There is an aluminum powder-contained type (2084B), and a crystal-containing type (2084E). 2086N

This fast-curing low temperature type adhesive is a set with a main agent and curing agent. It can even cure at a low temperature of -5°C. It is good for bonding various metals, plastics, and rubber, etc. There is also a low-viscosity transparent type (2086M).

A thixolabile transparent type is also available (2086T).

A twin cartridge type is also available. (2086M, 2086T)

2088E

This heat-resistant adhesive is a set with a main agent and curing agent.

It has excellent adhesion even at 200°C (approx.).

It is good for bonding various metals and ceramics.

2200 Series (One-part heat-curing epoxy resin)

2202

This is a type cured at low temperatures. It has low viscosity and can be used as an underfill agent for electronic device reinforcement. There are grades with different viscosities, different colors and Low-halogen product.

2202C is an ISO 10993 compliant product for medical devices.

2212B

This is a type speedily cured at low temperature. There are grades with different viscosities, different colors, and with low halogen content. 2222P

It has excellent heat resistance for soldering and excellent thermal shock resistance.

It has high adhesion strength and has excellent peeling strength. There are grades with different viscosities. 2223Q

It has excellent thermal shock resistance. It has low halogen content. 2235L

This has a low linear expansion rate and a high glass transition temperature. It is suitable for applications that require heat resistance since it maintains a high elastic modulus even in a high temperature environment.

2237J

This has a high glass transition temperature. It maintains a high elastic modulus even in a high temperature environment, as well as having an excellent peel-off adhesion strength, therefore it is suitable to adhesion and filling of parts where heat resistance is required.

2239H

This is a highly-adhesive type. It forms a cured material with good balance and excellent shear bond strength and peel strength.

There are grades with different viscosities and different colors.

2249G

This is a highly-adhesive type.

It forms a tough cured material with very excellent shear bond strength and peel strength.

There are grades with different viscosities and different colors.

2270C

This has low cure shrinkage and excellent dimensional stability.

It is a low outgassing product with reduced separation and uncuring issue.

It has excellent thermal conductivity and is good for heat dissipating purposes. A high heat conductivity type is also available

(2270J).

2272F

Incombustible type (UL94 V-0 certified product)
This exhibits excellent handling ability. It is good
for bonding and potting electronic devices
and other potential heat sources that require
incombustibility.

22745

This is an underfill agent for mounting CSP and

It has good flowability and penetrates in a short time.

2280E

It has low viscosity and low heat generation while curing, so it is good for coil impregnation and fixing.

A different color grade is also available (2280C).

2284F

This is a high specific-gravity type for adjusting the balance of rotating bodies such as motors. There are grades with different specific gravities and different viscosities.

2287

This is a low-viscosity grade for impregnation of cut cores.



1	Product name	ain agent			2001				2002K		
	Characteristics	ring agent Unit	Main agent	2103	2105C	2105F	2163	Main agent	2105	2105C	
	Main component		Epoxy resin	Aliphatic polyamine	Modified polyamido- amine	Modified polyamido- amine	Modified aromatic polyamine	Epoxy resin	Modified polyamido- amine	Modified polyamido- amine	
	Features		Adhesion strength Slight flexibility	Medium heat resistance Fast-curing	Adhesion strength Flexibility Chemical resistance	Adhesion strength Flexibility Chemical resistance	Heat resistance Mechanical strength	Highly thixotropic Padding ability	Adhesion strength Flexibility Chemical resistance	Adhesion strength Flexibility Chemical resistance	
	Appearance		Light yellow	Light yellow	Reddish brown	Reddish brown	Black	Gray	Light yellow	Reddish brown	
	Viscosity	Pa-s	12.0	-	1.8	40.0	1.2	100	4.5	1.8	
	Viscosity	mPa-s	- 2	20.0	2	-	12	2	12	123	
	Specific gravity		1.16	0.97	0.95	0.96	1.10	1.21	0.95	0.95	
Ma	Compounding ratio (Mass ratio) ain agent / Curing agent		-	100 / 9 to 10	100 / 45 to 50	100 / 80 to 100	100 / 20		100 / 40 to 50	100 / 40 to 50	
(2:	Pot life 5°C / 100g when mixed)		-0	23 min	65 min	60 to 90 min	5 hours	*	-	-	
Sta	andard curing conditions		71	25°C/24h or 100°C/30min	25°C/24h or 100°C/1h	25°C/24h or 100°C/1h	100°C/3h and 150°C/2h	=	25°C/24h or 100°C/1h	25°C/24h or 100°C/1h	
er curing	Hardness			D88	D84	D80	D90	-	D84	D84	
Physical characteristics after curing	Glass transition temperature	°C	-	90	81	64	150	B	-	-	
Characte	Volume resistivity	Ω-m	-	1×10 ¹⁴	1×10 ¹³	1×10 ¹³	2×10 ¹⁵	-	-	-	
Physical	Dielectric breakdown strength	kV/mm	-1	24	20	20	28	*	-	•	
Iron	Tensile shear bond strength (When heat-cured)	MPa	-	18.0	22.0	20.0	24.5	8	17.5	19.1	
-	Peel strength (When heat-cured)	N-m	-	196	353	471	275	-	-		
	Remark(s)										

Modified polyamide anile	200	02K				2002L				200	2M
Adhesion amine Polyamido	2105F	2107	Main agent	2105	2105C	2105F	2105R	2107	2163	Main agent	2105C
Strength Elexibility Chemical resistance Reddish Elexibility Elexibility Chemical resistance Reddish Elexibility Elexibili	polyamido-	polyamido-	Epoxy resin	polyamido-	polyamido-	polyamido-	polyamido-	polyamido-	aromatic	Epoxy resin	Aliphatic polyamine
brown brow	strength Flexibility Chemical		thixotropic Padding	strength Flexibility Chemical	strength Flexibility Chemical	strength Flexibility Chemical	viscosity, appropriate hardness and			electronic device	electronic device
0.96		Light brown	White	Light yellow				Light brown		Black	
0.96 0.96 1.25 0.95 0.95 0.96 0.86 0.96 0.96 1.17 0.95	40.0	30.0	95.0	4.5	1.8	40.0	50.0	30.0	30.0	15.0	1.8
100 / 80 100 / 100 - 100 / 40 100 / 40 100 / 80 100 / 80 100 / 100 100 / 100 - 100 / 40 105 / 50	2	1	829	12	T	2	_	929	2	2	-
to 100 1007 100 - to 50 to 50 to 100 to 100 1007 100 - to 50 to 50	0.96	0.96	1.25	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.86	0.96	0.96	1.17	0.95
25°C/24h or 25°C/24h or 100°C/1h		100 / 100	-					100 / 100	100 / 100	-	
100°C/1h 70°C/30min	-	-	•		-	-	1.5 to 2h	-		-	-
			a. 						70°C/30min	-	25°C/24h or 100°C/1h
16.9 17.6 - 18.8 18.7 20.2 23.3 18.2 18.2 - 19.8	D82	D70		D84	D84	D78	D80	D70	D70	,	D85
16.9 17.6 - 18.8 18.7 20.2 23.3 18.2 18.2 - 19.8	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16.9 17.6 - 18.8 18.7 20.2 23.3 18.2 18.2 - 19.8	-		•	- 2	2			-		u u	
	-						(*)				-
	16.9	17.6		18.8	18.7	20.2	23.3	18.2	18.2		19.8
	3	4	-	+	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
* - : Unmeasured											

^{*}The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



1	Product name	Main agent				2003				2003C	
	Characteristics	Curing agent Unit	Main agent	2102B	2103	2105C	2105F	2106G	2106H	Main agent	
	Main component		Epoxy resin	Modified aliphatic polyamine	Aliphatic polyamine	Modified polyamido- amine	Modified polyamido- amine	Modified aliphatic polyamine	Modified aliphatic polyamine	Epoxy resin	
	Features		Filling adhesion Usable as putty	Fast-curing	Medium heat resistance Fast-curing	Adhesion strength Flexibility Chemical resistance	Adhesion strength Flexibility Chemical resistance	Balance between shear and peel- adhesive strength	Balance between shear and peel- adhesive strength	General- purpose adhesion Usable as putty	
	Appearance		Brown	Reddish brown	Light yellow	Reddish brown	Reddish brown	Light yellow	Light yellow	Black	
	Viscosity	Pa-s	Putty	2.8	-	1.8	40.0	3.0	6.5	Putty	
	viscosity	mPa-s	-	-	20.0	-	-	-	-	-	
	Specific gravity		1.53	1.06	0.97	0.95	0.96	1.06	1.06	1.53	
	Compounding ratio (Mass ratio) in agent / Curing ag			100 / 12.5	100 / 4.5 to 5	100 / 20 to 25	100 / 40 to 50	100 / 25	100/30	-	
(25	Pot life °C / 100g when mixe	ed)	-	25 min	30 min	75 min	2h	40 min	55 min	-	
itai	ndard curing conditi	ons		25°C/24h or 100°C/1h	25°C/24h or 100°C/1h		25°C/24h or 100°C/30 min	25°C/24h or 80°C/1h	25°C/48h or 80°C/2h		
Samuel .	Hardness		-:	D82	D89	D85	D82	D88	D87	-	
	Glass transition temperature		-	-		-	-	80	81	-	
	Volume resistivi	ty Ω-m	2	1×10 ¹⁴	3×10 ¹⁴	1×10 ¹³	1×10 ¹³	2	2	-	
ritysical chalacteristics after curring	Dielectric breakdo strength	kV/mm		20	25	25	20	-	-	-	
	Tensile shear bor strength (When heat-cure	MPa	-	15.0	17.0	22.0	18.0	22.0	23.0	-	
	Peel strength (When heat-cure	ed) N·m		118	196	275	589	1000	1100		
	Remark(s)										

200	3H		2004		2004J		201	16F	
Main agent	2105T	Main agent	2105C	2105F	Main agent	Main agent	2103	2105C	2105F
Epoxy resin	Modified polyamido- amine	Epoxy resin	Modified polyamido- amine	Modified polyamido- amine	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Aliphatic polyamine	Modified polyamido- amine	Modified polyamido- amine
	l-strength veness while curing	Excellent strer For sprink	ngth	Adhesion strength Flexibility Chemical resistance	General- purpose adhesion High viscosity	For filling/ repairing Aluminum powder- contained High mechanical strength	Adhesion strength Flexibility Chemical resistance	Adhesion strength Flexibility Chemical resistance	Adhesion strength Flexibility Chemical resistance
Black	Milky white	White	Reddish brown	Reddish brown	Gray	Silver	Light yellow	Reddish brown	Reddish brown
Pa	ste	60.0	1.8	40.0	90.0	Putty	-	1.8	40.0
	Paste - 1.80 - 100 / 100		- 1	3	-	-	20.0	-	-
1.4	1.80		0.95	0.96	1.18	1.31	0.97	0.95	0.96
-	100 / 100	1.	100 / 32 to 40	100 / 64 to 80	4	(*)	100 / 6.3 to 7	100 / 28 to 35	100 / 56 to 70
-	1 to 2h	-	50 to 60 min	90 min		-	-	-	-
-	25°C/24h or 60°C/1.5h	٠	25°C/24h or 100°C/1h	25°C/48h or 100°C/1h	÷	(*)	25°C/24h or 100°C/1h	25°C/24h or 100°C/1h	25°C/24h or 100°C/1h
-	D80	-	0.40		-	-	D87	D84	D84
-	40	-	-	64	-	-	-		
-	-	-	2/	1×10 ¹³	-	-	-	2	2
-	-	1-1	1,49	-	-	-	-	-	1-
-	12.0 (When cured at room- temperature)	-	15.7	17.7	-	-	14.3	20.1	21.2
-	1900 (When cured at room- temperature)	(*)	-	•				-	
				: Unmeasured					

^{*}The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

*Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



F	roduct name	n agent				20	22				
	Characteristics	ng agent Unit	Main agent	2102	2102B	2103	2104	2105C	2105F	2105R	
	Main component		Epoxy resin	Modified aliphatic polyamine	Modified aliphatic polyamine	Aliphatic polyamine	polythiol	Modified polyamido- amine	Modified polyamido- amine	Modified polyamido- amine	
	Features		Good overall characteristic balance	Fast-curing Some flexibility	Fast-curing	Medium heat resistance Fast-curing	Rubber-like cured material Curing at low temperatures Impact strength Freeze resistance	Adhesion strength Flexibility Chemical resistance	Adhesion strength Flexibility Chemical resistance	High viscosity, appropriate hardness and flexibility	
	Appearance		Light yellow	Light yellow	Reddish brown	Light yellow	Dark brown	Reddish brown	Reddish brown	Reddish brown	
	Viscosity	Pa-s	13.0	6.5	2.8	-	-	1.8	40.0	50.0	
	viscosity	mPa-s		¥	-	20.0	950		-	-	
	Specific gravity		1.16	1.10	1.06	0.97	1.22	0.95	0.96	0.96	
	Compounding ratio (Mass ratio) in agent / Curing agent			100 / 100	100 / 25	100 / 9 to 10	100 / 80 to 100	100 / 40 to 50	100 / 80 to 100	100 / 80 to 100	
25	Pot life °C / 100g when mixed)		-	7 to 9 min	20 min	25 min	25 min	70 min	60 to 90 min	1.5 to 2h	
tar	ndard curing conditions		-	25°C/12h	25°C/24h or 100°C/1h	25°C/24h or 100°C/1h	25°C/24h or 100°C/1h	25°C/24h or 100°C/1h	25°C/24h or 100°C/1h	25°C/48h or 100°C/1h	
)	Hardness		*	D74	D82	D88	D70	D84	D81	D81	
	Glass transition temperature	°C	-	,	70	90	37	80	63	-	
	Volume resistivity	Ω·m	28		1×10 ¹³	2×10 ¹⁴	1×10 ¹³	1×10 ¹³	1×10 ¹³	(-)	
	Dielectric breakdown strength	kV/mm	*	19	20	25	18	23	20	-	
	Tensile shear bond strength (When heat-cured)	MPa	-9	15.0 (When cured at room- temperature)	16.0	17.0	18.0	22.0	20.0	21.3	
	Peel strength (When heat-cured)	N-m	-		235	235	1962	353	589	-	
	Remark(s)										

	20	22		2022B	202	22C	2022D	2022F	2022R
2106G	2106H	2107	2131D	Main agent	Main agent	2131D	Main agent	Main agent	Main agent
Modified aliphatic polyamine	Modified aliphatic polyamine	Modified polyamido- amine	Modified aliphatic polyamine	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Modified aliphatic polyamine	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin
Transparency Medium heat resistance		Adhesive for structures	Transparency Low shrinkage Low viscosity	Low viscosity Medium flexibility	Low viscosity	Transparency Low shrinkage Low viscosity	Water resistance Low discoloration Excellent defoaming ability	Water resistance Low discoloration Excellent defoaming ability	Low viscosity Medium flexibility
Light yellow	Light yellow	Light brown	Light brown	Light yellow	Light yellow	Light yellow	Red	Blue	White
3.0	6.5	30.0	2	4.0	5.0	-	15.0	15.5	4.0
-	-		10	-		10	-	-	-
1.06	1.06	0.96	0.95	1.15	1.10	0.95	1.20	1.20	1.15
100 / 50	100 / 60	100 / 100	100 / 30 to 35		÷	100 / 30 to 35			
65 min	77 min	2.5h	4 to 5h	2	2	4 to 5h	-	2	
25°C/48h or 80°C/1h	25°C/48h or 80°C/2h	25°C/24h or 60°C/1h	80°C/4h or 100°C/1h			80°C/4h or 100°C/1h			-
D87	D87	D70	D85		-	D80	-	*	
78	73	60	-	-	-	80			-
÷	-	2.9×10 ¹²	1×10 ¹³	-	-	1×10 ¹³	-	ů.	
	-	1.0	27			25		*	-
18.0	19.0	26.0	16.0	-	-	16.0	-	7:	
500	500	1961	392			589		-	-
			2	: Unmeasured					

^{*}The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



	Product name	agent	202	225	202	22 U		20	23		
	Characteristics	g agent Unit	Main agent	2105C	Main agent	2103	Main agent	2102B	2103	2105C	
	Main component		Epoxy resin	Modified polyamido- amine	Epoxy resin	Aliphatic polyamine	Epoxy resin	Modified aliphatic polyamine	Aliphatic polyamine	Modified polyamido- amine	
	Features		High st	rength	High strength Adhesive for structures	Medium heat resistance Fast-curing	Low viscosity	Fast-curing	Medium heat resistance Fast-curing	Adhesion strength Flexibility Chemical resistance	
	Appearance		Light yellow	Reddish brown	Black	Light yellow	Light yellow	Reddish brown	Light yellow	Reddish brown	
	Viscosity	Pa-s	13.0	1.8	11.2	-	-	2.8	-	1.8	
	viscosity	mPa-s	-	÷	9	20.0	900	3	20.0		
	Specific gravity		1.15	0.95	1.15	0.97	1.13	1.06	0.97	0.95	
Ma	Compounding ratio (Mass ratio) ain agent / Curing agent		- 13	100 / 40 to 50	ā	100 / 10	:5	100 / 25	100 / 9 to 10	100 / 40 to 50	
(2	Pot life 5°C / 100g when mixed)			70 min	-	13 min	-	22 min	27 min	80 min	
Sta	ndard curing conditions		->	25°C/24h or 100°C/1h	17	25°C/24h		25°C/48h or 100°C/1h	25°C/48h or 100°C/1h	25°C/48h or 100°C/2h	
er curing	Hardness		52	D84	-	D76	-	D80	D85	D82	
ristics afte	Glass transition temperature	°C	-	75	-	103	-	68	80	76	
Physical characteristics after curing	Volume resistivity	Ω-m	28		-	-	182	1×10 ¹³	1×10 ¹⁴	1×10 ¹³	
Physical	Dielectric breakdown strength	kV/mm	*	-	-	-		20	22	20	
Iron	Tensile shear bond strength (When heat-cured)	MPa	*	24.5	-	25	-	16.0	16.0	20.0	
ılı	Peel strength (When heat-cured)	N⋅m		1766	-	613 (When cured at room- temperature)		196	275	392	
	Remark(s)										

		20	23				2023B		2023D
2105F	2105R	2106G	2106H	2131D	2163	Main agent	2106G	2106H	Main agent
Modified polyamido- amine	Modified polyamido- amine	Modified aliphatic polyamine	Modified aliphatic polyamine	Modified aliphatic polyamine	Modified aromatic polyamine	Epoxy resin	Modified aliphatic polyamine	Modified aliphatic polyamine	Epoxy resin
Adhesion strength Flexibility Chemical resistance	High viscosity, appropriate hardness and flexibility	Transparency Medium heat resistance	Transparency Medium heat resistance	Transparency Low shrinkage Low viscosity	Heat resistance Insulation property	Low viscosity	Balance between shear and peel- adhesive strength	Balance between shear and peel- adhesive strength	Low viscosity Flexibility
Reddish brown	Reddish brown	Light yellow	Light yellow	Light yellow	Black	Light yellow	Light yellow	Light yellow	Light yellow
40.0	50.0	3.0	6.5	-	1.15	-	3.0	6.5	8
-	-	-	-	10.0	3	200	-	-	800
0.96	0.96	1.06	1.06	0.95	1.10	1.13	1.06	1.06	1.07
100 / 80 to 100	100/ 80 to 100	100 / 50	100 / 60	100 / 30 to 35	100 / 20	10.5	100 / 50	100 / 60	
2h	1.5 to 2h	90 min	108 min	4 to 5h	5h	-	50 min	70 min	-
25°C/48h or 100°C/1.5h	25°C/48h or 100°C/1h	25°C/48h or 80°C/1.5h	25°C/48h or 80°C/3h	80°C/4h or 100°C/2h	100°C/3h + 150°C/2h	•	25°C/24h or 80°C/1h	25°C/48h or 80°C/2h	-
D80	D78	D84	D85	D81	D88	-	D81	D81	
60	-	63	55	79	140	- 20	46	42	-
1×10 ¹³	-	-	-	1×10 ¹³	2×10 ¹⁴	-		-	-
20	-		-	20	40			-	-
18.0	19.8	18.0	19.0	17.0	24.0	-	17.0	16.0	-
981	-	500	500	235	235		600	400	-
				: Unmeasured			6		

^{*}The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

*Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



ı	roduct name —	Main agent	20	23J	2023K	2023M	20235		2024B		
	Characteristics	Curing agent Unit	Main agent	2104	Main agent	Main agent	Main agent	Main agent	2103	2105C	
	Main component		Epoxy resin	Polythiol	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Aliphatic polyamine	Modified polyamido- amine	
	Features		Low viscosity Black type of TB2023	Rubbery hardened material, low- temperature hardening, impact resistance, cold resistance	White type of TB2023	Low viscosity White type of TB2023	Low viscosity Insulation property	Low shrinkage Heat dissipation property Insulation property	Medium heat resistance Fast-curing	Adhesion strength Flexibility Chemical resistance	
	Appearance		Black	Dark brown	Light yellow	White	Colorless	Light yellow	Light yellow	Reddish brown	
	Viscosity	Pa-s	-	_	2.5	-	100	11.0	-	1.8	
	Viscosity	mPa-s	900	950	-	900	500	-	20.0	-	
	Specific gravity		1.13	1.22	1.15	1.14	1.09	1.45	0.97	0.95	
	Compounding ratio (Mass ratio) in agent / Curing ager	nt	25	100 / 80 to 100	-	-	-	-	100 / 5.4 to 6	100 / 24 to 30	
(25	Pot life °C / 100g when mixed	i)	-	30 min	-	-		-	30 min	75 min	
Star	ndard curing condition	ns		25°C/24h or 100°C/1h					25°C/48h or 100°C/1h	25°C/48h or 100°C/1h	
er curing	Hardness		-	D67	-	-	-	*	D87	D82	
ristics afte	Glass transition temperature	°C	-	3	-	-	-	-	85	75	
Physical characteristics after curing	Volume resistivity	Ω·m	-0	*	-		17-	-	2×10 ¹⁴	1×10 ¹³	
Physical	Dielectric breakdow strength	vn kV/mm	-	-	-		-		25	20	
Iron	Tensile shear bond strength (When heat-cured	MPa		8.2	-	-	-	-	16.0	20.0	
	Peel strength (When heat-cured) N·m	-	564	7	11777	-	5	235	392	
	Remark(s)										

2024B	20	25	206	51F	207	74B	207	7D	208	1D
2163	Main agent	2104	Main agent	2105C	Main agent	Curing agent	Main agent	Curing agent	Main agent	Curing agent
Modified aromatic polyamine	Epoxy resin	Polythiol	Epoxy resin	Modified polyamido- amine	Epoxy resin	Polyamido- amine	Epoxy resin	Modified polyamido- amine	Epoxy resin	Modified polyamido- amine Tertiary amine
Heat resistance Insulation property	Thermal impact Insulation property Flexibility	Rubbery hardened material, low- temperature hardening, impact resistance, cold resistance	Casting Potting	Adhesion strength Flexibility Chemical resistance	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	scosity xotropic	Low vi Flexible h mat	nardened	Soft PVC	adhesion
Black	Light gray	Dark brown	Light brown	Reddish brown	White	Black	Milky white	Light brown	Light yellowish white to pale rose	Brown
1.15	25.0	-	2.0	1.8	25.0	9.0	2.9	28.6	11.0	10.0
-		950			-		1.0	-	-	-
1.10	1.52	1.22	1.10	0.95	1.27	1.16			1.16	0.98
100 / 12	-	100 / 40 to 50	ū	100 / 30	100	/ 50	100 / 80		100 /	100
5h		23 min		60 to 80 min	50 :	min	-		60 1	min
100°C/3h + 150°C/2h	~	25°C/24h or 100°C/1h	÷	80°C/2h	25°C/48h c	or 120°C/1h			25°C/24h (or 60°C/1h
D88		D69		A55	Di	84	D:	54	D60	to 65
140		-4.3		-			4	5	,-	
2×10 ¹⁴	-	-	-	4.7×10 ¹⁰			,			
40	-	-	. 8	1,3×10 ¹³						
24.0	-	11.9	-	-	20).4	15	5.0	13	.7
235	-	766	-		,		23	00	37	30
					- Unmassurad					

^{*}The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



3	roduct name	n agent	208	B2C	20	82E	20	82F	20	83J	
	Curin Characteristics	g agent Unit	Main agent	Curing agent	Main agent	Curing agent	Main agent	Curing agent	Main agent	Curing agent	
	Main component		Epoxy resin	Modified polyamido- amine	Epoxy resin	Modified polyamido- amine	Epoxy resin	Modified polyamido- amine	Epoxy resin	polyamido- amine	
	Features		High shear b	ond strength	General-purp filling	oose adhesive repair	Adhesive f metall	or repair of ic parts	Filling adhe surf	sion for wet aces	
	Appearance		White	Brown	White translucent	Gray	Black	Light yellow	Gray	Dark brown	
		Pa-s	15.0	16.0	90.0	150	5500	-	Putty	Putty	
	Viscosity	mPa-s	-0	-		-		850		-	
	Specific gravity		1.19	0.98	1.20	1.07	2.60	0.95	1.76	1.54	
	Compounding ratio (Mass ratio) in agent / Curing agent		100	/ 100	100	/ 100	100	/10	100	/100	
(25	Pot life °C / 100g when mixed)		70 :	min	60	min	60	min	25 to 4	45 min	
Star	ndard curing conditions		25°C/24h	or 60°C/1h	25°C/24h	or 80°C/1h	25°C/24h	or 80°C/1h	25°€	/24h	
r curing	Hardness		D	76	D	78	D	85	D	65	
Physical characteristics after curing	Glass transition temperature	°C		-	93	3.1	66	5.5		-	
characte	Volume resistivity	Ω·m				-		-		-	
Physical	Dielectric breakdown strength	kV/mm		-		-		-			
Iron	Tensile shear bond strength (When heat-cured)	MPa	25	5.5	16	5.5	20	0.8	(When cure	.8 ed at room- rature)	
1	Peel strength (When heat-cured)	N·m	17	720	S	_		28	8		
	Remark(s)										

208	33L	20	84	208	34B	208	84E	208	6M
Main agent	Curing agent	Main agent	Curing agent	Main agent	Curing agent	Main agent	Curing agent	Main agent	Curing agent
Epoxy resin	Modified aliphatic polyamine	Epoxy resin	Modified polyamido- amine	Epoxy resin	Modified aliphatic polyamine	Epoxy resin	Modified polyamido- amine	Epoxy resin	Polythiol
Structural a wet su	dhesive for irfaces	For repair of r (iron-b	metallic parts pased)	For repair of (aluminu	metallic parts m-based)	For repair (q	uartz-based)	Fast curing tempe	ng at low rature
Light gray	Blue-green	Black	Brown	Silver	Brown	Colorless	Brown	Colorless	Light yellow
Putty	Putty	250	2.4	Paste	,	13.0	1.9	13.0	10.0
-			-	-	250			-	-
1.60	1.50	3.04	0.95	1.20	0.95	1.16	0.96	1.17	1.15
100 / 100		100 / 10		100	/10	100	/50	100	/ 100
15 (min	30 to 40 min		30 to 5	50 min	40 to !	50 min	5 n	nin
25°C	/24h	25°C/24h or 100°C/30 min			24h or 30 min		24h or 30 min	25°C/30 mir	or 5°C/20h
D	77	D8	37	Di	85	(Rockw	ell R55)	Di	85
		7	6	58	3.0	15	•	44	1.7
2.2×	10 ¹⁰	1×1	010	1x1	1010				
2	2	4.	.3						
14.6		15	5.7	9.	81	23	3.7).3 ed at room- rature)
-		82				8	29		
								Twin cartr avail	idge type able

^{*}The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

*Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



	Product name	agent	208	B6N	20	86 T	20	87	208	37N	
	Characteristics	g agent Unit	Main agent	Curing agent	Main agent	Curing agent	Main agent	Curing agent	Main agent	Curing agent	a.
	Main component		Epoxy resin	Polythiol	Epoxy resin	Polythiol	Epoxy resin	Polyamido- amine	Epoxy resin	Modified aliphatic polyamine	
	Features		Fast curii tempe	ng at low erature	tempe	ng at low erature ridge type	Adhesion o	of structures	For HD other o	D parts, out-gas	
	Appearance		Light yellow	Gray	White	Yellow- brown	Light yellow	Light yellow	Milky white	Blue	
	Viscosity	Pa-s	110	50.0	29.0	9.2	13.0	30.0	12.0	5.0	
	Viscosity	mPa-s	-0	-	1-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Specific gravity		1.29	1.20	1.18	1.13	1.16	0.96	1.17	1.05	
	Compounding ratio (Mass ratio) in agent / Curing agent		100	/100	100	/ 100	100	/ 100	100	/50	
(25	Pot life 5°C / 100g when mixed)		5 n	nin	3 r	nin	60	min	25 to 3	30 min	
Sta	ndard curing conditions		25°C/30 mir	n or 5°C/20h	25°C/:	30 min	25°C/24h	or 60°C/2h	60°C/3h c	or 80°C/1h	
er curing	Hardness		D	70	D	78	D	70	D	80	
Physical characteristics after curing	Glass transition temperature	°C	29	9.7	52	2.0	7:	2.0	80	0.0	
characte	Volume resistivity	Ω·m			7.2>	<10 ¹⁴		-			
Physical	Dielectric breakdown strength	kV/mm			2	29		-			
Iron	Tensile shear bond strength (When heat-cured)	MPa	(When cure	1.0 ed at room- rature)	15	5.5	21.4		30	0.3	
=	Peel strength (When heat-cured)	N∙m			is.	-	12	220	5.	-	
	Remark(s)										

208	7W	208	38E	20	88J	
Main agent	Curing agent	Main agent	Curing agent	Main agent	Curing agent	
Epoxy resin	Modified polyamido- amine	Epoxy resin	Polyamido- amine	Epoxy resin	Polyamido- amine	
High shear b Twin cartr	ond strength idge type	High ti adhesi	hermal veness		resistance re resistance	
White	Light yellow	Yellow	Yellow- brown	White	Brown	
15.0	16.0	40.0	4.0	13.0	4.5	
-	-		-		-	
1.17	0.98	1.19	1.03	1.17	0.95	
100 /	100	100	/ 25	100	/30	
70 ı	min	70 :	min	4	h	
25°C/24h (or 60°C/1h	25°C/24h o	or 100°C/1h	80°0	C/2h	
D	30	Di	B2		-	
		1; (150°	70 C/1h)	10	00	
				-		
25.5		22	2.9	20	0.0	
1720		8	en e	· ·		

^{* -:} Unmeasured

^{*}The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



ı		Froperty lable										
		Product name		2202	2202C	2202P	2204	2206	22065	2206U	2206V	
	Т	Characteristics Main component	Unit	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	
		Features		Curing at low temperatures	Curing at low temperatures	Curing at low temperatures Low outgassing No flowing while curing Strong adhesiveness	Curing at low temperatures	Curing at low temperatures Peel strength	Low halogen content	Low halogen content	Low halogen content	
		Appearance		Black	White	Purple	Black	Black	Black	Black	Black	
		Vicanita	Pa-s	13.0	27.0	13.0	28.0	120	15.0	40.0	42.2	
		Viscosity	mPa-s	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Specific gravity		1.14	1.39	1.16	1.23	1.20	1.36	1.25	1.34	
	Re	ecommended curing conditions		70°C/50 min 80°C/20 min	70°C/50 min 80°C/ 15 to 30 min 100°C/ 10 to 15 min 120°C/ 5 to 10 min 150°C/ 2 to 7 min	90°C/ 20 to 30 min	70°C/50 min 80°C/20 min	70°C/50 min 80°C/20 min	80°C/30 min	80°C/30 min	80°C/30 min	
	er curing	Hardness		D88	D90	D88	D89	D85	D87	D86	D87	
	Physical characteristics after curing	Glass transition temperature	°C	111	101	115	109	104	106	103	114	
	characte	Volume resistivity	Ω-m	1.3×10 ¹⁵	-	-	1.7×10 ¹⁴	1.4×10 ¹³	4.8×10 ¹³	5.8×10 ¹³	3.7×10 ¹³	
	Physical	Dielectric breakdown strength	kV/mm	16	-	-	16	16	31	36	24	
	Iron	Tensile shear bond strength (When heat-cured)	MPa	9.29	12.2	23.0	9.39	13.6	12.0	18.0	10.2	
	=	Peel strength (When heat-cured)	N-m	331	235	-	419	-	-	-	-	
		Remark(s)										

2210	2210C	2210K	22105	2212	2212B	2212C	2212E	2212Q	2215	2215D
Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin
Low viscosity Penetrability Small heat generation while curing	Low viscosity Reduced separation and uncuring issue	Low viscosity Curing at low temperatures	Low halogen content	Low viscosity Glossy cured material Excellent penetrability and flowability	Excellent moisture resistance Curing in 1 min at 150°C	Excellent moisture resistance Curing in 1 min at 150°C	Medium flowability Glossy cured material	Low halogen content	Some padding ability Glossy cured material	Reduced separation and uncuring issue
Black	Black	Black	Black	Black	Black	Reddish brown	Black	Black	Black	Black
10.0	8.0	3.5	8.0	13.0	25.0	25.0	35.0	15.0	80.0	140
÷		-	-		-	-	-		-	-
1.18	1.17	1.15	1.20	1.39	1.39	1.39	1.40	1.69	1.40	1.30
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		80°C/40 min	100°C/30 min	90°C/30 min 100°C/20 min 120°C/15 min	The second secon	100°C/20 min 120°C/10 min	100°C/20 min		90°C/30 min 100°C/20 min 120°C/15 min	
D86	D87	D87	D89	D92	-	D93	D92	D92	D94	D85
120	120	92	95	100	109	109	94	105	125	110
1.5×10 ¹⁴	-		4.5×10 ¹⁴	5.7×10 ¹⁴	1.6×10 ¹⁴	1.6×10 ¹⁴	5.7×10 ¹⁴	-	5.7×10 ¹⁴	-
23	-	-	27	23	23	23	23	32	23	(#9)
16.3	14.7	16.5	13.9	10.8	10.2	8.89	11.7	10.0	14.7	17.7
204	-	400	-	329	338	349	297	-	-	3-0
					Ulamosured					

^{* -:} Unmeasured

^{*}The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

*Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



	Product name Characteristics	Unit	2217	2217H	2219C	2221D	2222P	2222R	2223	2223Q	
Ξ	Main component		Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	
	Features		Screen printing possible Curing in 1 min at 150°C	Temporary fixing of chip components Compatible with syringes Fast-curing, Curing at low temperatures Compatible with high- speed coating machines	High viscosity Low flowing while curing	Excellent flowability Reduced separation and uncuring issue	Heat resistance for soldering Thermal shock resistance Shear, peel strength	Heat resistance for soldering Thermal shock resistance Low linear expansion coefficient Shear, peel strength	Heat resistance for soldering Good electric insulation	Good thermal shock resistance Low halogen content	
	Appearance		Reddish brown	Pink	Black	Reddish brown	Black	Black	Reddish brown	Black	
	V5	Pa-s	265	175	250	13.0	45.0	65.0	45.0	33.0	
	Viscosity	mPa-s	-0	-		-	-	-	-	-	
	Specific gravity		1.44	1.25	1.37	1.30	1.60	1.70	1.40	1.68	
	Recommended curing conditions		100°C/20 min 120°C/10 min	80°C/217 sec 100°C/79 sec 120°C/55 sec 150°C/39 sec	80°C/ 30 to 40 min 100°C/ 20 to 30 min 120°C/ 10 to 20 min 150°C/ 1 to 7 min	100°C/40 min 120°C/30 min	100°C/60 min	100°C/60 min	100°C/40 min 120°C/30 min 150°C/10 min	100°C/60 min	
er curing	Hardness		D90	D86	D90	D91	D89	D91	D93	D91	
ristics afte	Glass transition temperature	°C	120	99	95	123	115	115	127	125	
Physical characteristics after curing	Volume resistivity	Ω-m	+3	1.7×10 ¹⁴	5.8×10 ¹³	2.1×10 ¹⁴	-	-	1.1×10 ¹⁴	1.7×10 ¹⁴	
Physical	Dielectric breakdown strength	kV/mm	24	22	34	19	-		17	31	
Iron	Tensile shear bond strength (When heat-cured)	MPa	9.8	22.0	19.0	17.7	25.5	21.4	18.7	18.0	
=	Peel strength (When heat-cured)	N-m		-		200	1740	776	390	-	
	Remark(s)										

22235	2224	2224C	2225G (NEO)	2230	2230B	2232	2233B	2233G	2234C	2234E
Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin
Stable with low flowability change in time Good adhesion Humidity resistance	Excellent flowability	Excellent flowability	For relay sealing Excellent flowability	Low viscosity Peel strength Glossy cured material	Peel strength	Penetrability Heat resistance Glossy cured material	Flexibility Glossy cured material	Little dropping while curing Impact strength	Excellent flowability Heat resistance Glossy cured material	Excellent flowability Heat resistance for soldering Glossy cured material
Black	Reddish brown	Black	Black	Hazel	Black	White	Black	Black	Gray	Black
42.9	80.0	64.0	50.0	8.0	8.0	27.0	55.0	60.0	110	70.0
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.60	1.40	1.70	1.35	1.28	1.28	1.23	1.16	1.19	1.35	1.42
100°C/60 min 120°C/30 min	100°C/40 min 120°C/30 min 150°C/10 min	120°C/30 min	100°C/60 min 120°C/30 min	100°C/120 min 120°C/60 min 150°C/30 min	100°C/120 min 120°C/60 min 150°C/30 min	100°C/65 min 120°C/40 min 150°C/30 min	100°C/90 min	120°C/60 min		120°C/60 min 150°C/30 min
D91	D95	D94	D87	D84	D84	D90	D75	D82	D92	D92
118	125	140	132	70	70	130	75	-	142	142
6.0×10 ¹³	1.1×10 ¹⁴	1.1×10 ¹⁴	3.6×10 ¹⁵	2.0×10 ¹³	2.0×10 ¹³	2.5×10 ¹³	1.0×10 ¹³	-	2.0×10 ¹³	2.0×10 ¹³
21	17	17	23.1	-	-	10	20	-	20	20
24.0	16.7	21.6	20.0	23.2	23.7	15.6	19.6	11.8	24.5	24.5
2.9	390	780	3500	1320	2400	-	1962	2000	1200	1200
					: Unmeasured					

^{*}The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

*Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



		Property Table										
Į		Product name		2235L	2236	2237H	2237J	2239H	2239M	2239N	2239P	
ı		Characteristics	Unit									
		Main component		Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	
		Features		High glass transition temperature Heat resistance Low linear expansion coefficient	Heat resistance Excellent flowability Electric insulation	Low halogen content Screen printability	High glass transition temperature Heat resistance Low linear expansion coefficient Peel-adhesive strength	Low linear expansion coefficient	Strong adhesiveness	Strong adhesiveness	Strong adhesiveness	
		Appearance		Black	Grayish white	White	White	Grayish white	Gray	Greenish gray	Greenish gray	
		Viscosity	Pa-s	80	120	47.0	115	-	510	510	230	
		,	mPa-s	-1	-	-	-	-	-	-	0 4 0	
		Specific gravity		1.69	1.35	1.49	1.64	1.55	1.47	1.47	1.51	
	R	ecommended curing conditions		140°C/30 min	120°C/60 min 150°C/30 min	1 3/1°/ /2() main	120°C/60 min	120°C/60 min 130°C/50 min 150°C/30 min	150°C/30 min	150°C/30 min	150°C/30 min	
	er curing	Hardness		D92	D92	-	D89	D92	D90	D92	D90	
	Physical characteristics after curing	Glass transition temperature	°C	155	142	106	150	115	118	119	118	
	characte	Volume resistivity	Ω·m	4.9×10 ¹⁵	2.0×10 ¹³	2.9×10 ¹⁴	5.9×10 ¹⁵	1.7×10 ¹⁴	8.5×10 ¹³	5.4×10 ¹³	8.5×10 ¹³	
	Physical	Dielectric breakdown strength	kV/mm	23	20	-	24	29	-	-	-	
	Iron	Tensile shear bond strength (When heat-cured)	MPa	23.0	23.0	16.0	26.0	21.5	23.0	26.0	23.0	
	=	Peel strength (When heat-cured)	N-m	2000	1180	-	3600	1600	2000	2900	2000	
		Remark(s)										

2242	2247D	2249G	2252	2253E	2253G	2270C	2270J	2272F	2273B	22745
Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin
Strong adhesiveness Peel strength	Later penetration type Strong adhesiveness Excellent flowability under heat	Strong adhesiveness High peel- adhesive strength	High peel- strength adhesiveness Low viscosity Crack resistance	Strong adhesiveness	Flexibility	Excellent heat dissipation property Low cure shrinkage Reduced separation and uncuring issue High Tg	Excellent heat dissipation property Low cure shrinkage Good curability at low temperature	Incombusti- bility	Strong adhesiveness	For mounting CSP/BGA Underfill Agent
Black	Milky white	Black	Black	Milky white	White	Gray	White	Black	Milky white	Blue
53.0	45.0	75.0	24.0	90.0	37.0	65.0	150	75.0	32.0	3.8
-	-	-	1-1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.46	1.17	1.59	1.15	1.55	1.48	1.95	2.86	1.64	1.30	1.17
100°C/40 min 120°C/30 min	150°C/30 min	160°C/30 min	120°C/60 min	120°C/60 min 150°C/30 min	120°C/60 min	100°C/40 min 120°C/30 min 150°C/20 min	100°C/40 min	100°C/60 min	150°C/30 min	120°C/10 min
D87	D84	D90	D81	D89	D65	D93	D96	D92	D90	-
100	120	104	-	60	19	140	117	117	127	124
3.3×10 ¹³	-	1.0×10 ¹³	4.7×10 ¹²	1.2×10 ¹³		-	1.5×10 ¹³	2.0×10 ¹³	-	1.6×10 ¹⁴
15		33	21	•	-		19	24		
23.0	35.8	34.8	26.0	26.5	12.5	21.6	9.0	21.0	33.2	23.0
1600	2300	4210	4500	2350		314		460	5900	-
								Non- flammable grade UL94 V-0 Certified Product		

^{* -:} Unmeasured

^{*}The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

*Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



		Property lable										
		Product name Characteristics	Unit	2280C	2280E	2284D	2284E	2285	2286D	2286G	2286L	
		Main component		Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	
		Features		Low viscosity Small heat generation while curing	Low viscosity Small heat generation while curing	Resin for balancing a motor Strong adhesion when not cured	Resin for balancing a motor Nonmagnetic type	For motor coil impregnation and fixing Excellent penetrability under heat High heat resistance Strength when highly heated	For motor coil impregnation and fixing High heat resistance Low shrinkage while curing Impact strength	For motor coil coating Heat resistance Low linear expansion coefficient	For motor coil coating Low linear expansion coefficient High viscosity No flowing while curing	
		Appearance		Colorless	Black	Brown	Brown	Milky white	Grayish white	Pale red	Milky white	
		Viscosity	Pa-s	1.0	1.0	Putty	Putty	140	330	325	590	
		viscosity	mPa-s	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Specific gravity		1.16	1.16	3.2	3.42	1.56	1.66	1.66	1.68	
	R	ecommended curing conditions		120°C/120 min	120°C/120 min	120°C/20 min	100°C/40 min 120°C/20 min 150°C/10 min	120°C/60 min 150°C/30 min	150°C/20 min	150°C/30 min	160°C/30 min	
	er curing	Hardness		D87	D87	D90	D93	D90	D94	D93	D94	
4	Physical characteristics after curing	Glass transition temperature	°C	125	125	120	120	180	182	155	142	
	characte	Volume resistivity	Ω-m	-	-	8.9×10 ¹²	-	2.3×10 ¹⁴	+	-	-	
10	Physical	Dielectric breakdown strength	kV/mm	20	20	-	-	20	-	-	-	
	Iron	Tensile shear bond strength (When heat-cured)	MPa	10.8	12.4	9.8	8.8	24.0	21.0	23.0	27.0	
	ZI	Peel strength (When heat-cured)	N⋅m	- 70	217	-	7	543	5	12		
		Remark(s)										

								_
2286T	2286U	2287	2287B	2287D	2287F	2287G	2296	2296B
Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin
For motor coil coating	For motor coil coating Low linear expansion coefficient	Cut core- impregnating adhesion Low viscosity Excellent impregnation	Cut core- impregnating adhesion Low viscosity Excellent impregnation	For motor coil impregnation and fixing High heat resistance	Cut core- impregnating adhesion	Cut core- impregnating adhesion	Fast curing at low temperature Good shape retention Low halogen	Fast curing at low temperature Good shape retention Low halogen
Milky white	Milky white	Reddish brown	Reddish brown	Brown	Reddish brown	Light yellow to Orange	Black	Black
1800	1150	-	*	25.0	-	-	12.0	18.5
		120	170		110 to 190	76.8		-
1.58	1.40	1.10	1.10	1.16	1.08	1.12	1.24	1.25
160°C/30 min	160°C/30 min	150°C/ 5 to 15h	120°C/2h + 150°C/4h	160°C/30 min	150°C/4h	170°C/2h	80°C/10 min 60°C/30 min	80°C/10 min 60°C/30 min
D91	D91	D86	-	D88	D75	D79	D82	D82
120	110	65	-	135	15	48	48	47
4.4×10 ¹³	4.0×10 ¹²	4.5×10 ¹²	4.5×10 ¹²	-	-	2.7×10 ¹¹	9.3×10 ¹³	6.3×10 ¹³
33	-	-	2	-	-	22	22	21
21.2	27.1	11.8	20.6	13.7	15.0	21.4	-	-
2400	2300	120	160	-	-		17	5
			: Unmeasured					

^{* -:} Unmeasured

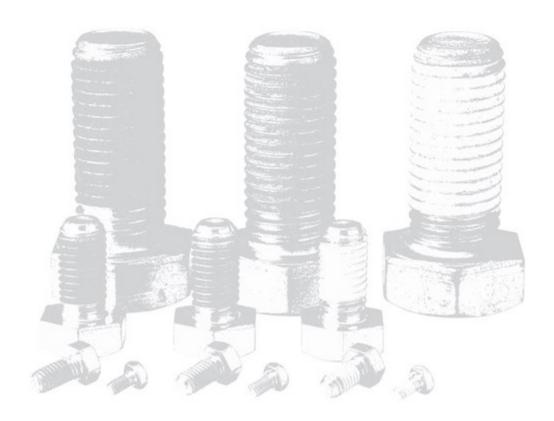
^{*}The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

*Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



ThreeBond 2300/2400 Series

Prevention of Leaks and Loosening of Screws, or Bonding of Threaded Portion Threelock and Sealock Processes/Bolts and Nuts Pre-Coated by MEC process



Threelock and Sealock Processes to Prevent Leaks and Loosening of Screws

This is the process for coating the sealant and locking agent to the thread portion of screws, bolts, pipes, etc. to add sealing and locking functions to screws themselves.

Pre-coated screws maintain stability, and have sealing or locking functions when tightened.

Pre-coating of bolts includes bolts pre-coated by MEC Processing where a microencapsulated reactive adhesive is applied, Threelock Processing where nylon is fused, and Sealock Processing where a sealing function is added.

■ Threelock Processing

Fusion processing of nylon resin with excellent elastic modulus, wear resistance, chemical resistance, lubricity, and weather resistance.

When processed screws are tightened, excellent loosening prevention is achieved by the nylon resin elastic force generated in the screw clearance.

Because of the nylon resin's excellent elastic modulus, wear resistance, and adhesion to the screw, it is possible to use them more than five times with compliance to JIS (JIS B 1056).

They can be used in a wide temperature range from -50°C to 120°C (approx.).

■ Sealock Processing

This is a baked-on processing of special synthetic resin.

When processed screws are tightened, the screw clearance receives deformed filling by the special synthetic resin and sealing is achieved immediately. The heat-resistant type can achieve sealing with hydraulic pressure at approximately 170°C.

Applicable markets

Transportation Equipment Electrical and Electronics Industrial Materials and Public Works Automotive Aftermarket

2358

Sealock Processing / Heat-Resistant Type

This is a sealing process that uses fluoropolymer as the main component.

Because it is a baked-on type, the sealing function can be achieved by simply tightening the screw.

It has excellent heat resistance, and the sealing function works up to approximately 170°C.

It has excellent chemical resistance.

2365B 2365C

Threelock Processing / Standard Type

Prevailing type loosening prevention coating for small screws using nylon as the main component.

Because it is a fusion type, the loosening prevention function and drop-preventing function can be achieved by simply tightening the screw.

Functions are maintained even at 120°C (approx.).

It has excellent repeatability.

The applied screw diameter is M1.6 to M40, allowing it to be used for a wide range of applications.



Property Table

		Produ	ct name	- 59	2358
	Ch	aracteris	stics	Unit	2000
	Mai	n compo	onent		Fluoropolymer
		Feature:	s		For sealing
	А	ppearan	ce		White
	Applied	d screw o		-	
			MPa	2 or higher	
	Air tight*1	25°C	MPa	2 or higher	
	1 1 1 1 1 1		3/4 PT plug	MPa	2 or higher
			M10 bolt	MPa	2 or higher
	Water tight*1	25°C	1/8 PT plug	MPa	2 or higher
			MPa	2 or higher	
ty.			MPa	12 or higher	
Sealability		80°C	1/8 PT plug	MPa	12 or higher
Š			3/4 PT plug	MPa	12 or higher
			M10 bolt	MPa	12 or higher
	Oil tight*2	150°C	1/8 PT plug	MPa	12 or higher
	33		3/4 PT plug	MPa	12 or higher
			M10 bolt	MPa	12 or higher
		170°C	1/8 PT plug	MPa	12 or higher
			3/4 PT plug	MPa	12 or higher
Оре	erating te	mperatu	ire range (Est.)	°C	Seal 170
		Remark(s)		Sealock processing

^{*1:} Iron seal block / Tightening torque M10 bolt: 30N-m, 1/8 plug: 4N-m, 3/4 plug: 44N-m, Maximum applied pressure 2MPa
*2: Iron seal block / Tightening torque M10 bolt: 30N-m, 1/8 plug: 4N-m, 3/4 plug: 44N-m, Maximum applied pressure 12MPa

	P	2365B	2365C		
	Charac	teristics	Unit	25050	23030
	Main cor	mponent		Nylon resin	Nylon resin
	Feat	ures		Repeated usage	Repeated usage
	Appea	arance		Green	Red
Applied screw diameter				M1.6 to 40	M1.6 to 40
	M1.6×P0.35 (0.05N·m tightening)	Screw torque	N-m	0.017	0.017
		Loosening torque First rotation	N-m	0.012	0.012
		Loosening torque Fifth rotation	N∙m	0.007	0.007
rdue	M4×P0.7 (2N·m tightening)	Screw torque	N-m	0.47	0.47
Repetitive torque		Loosening torque First rotation	N-m	0.40	0.40
Repet		Loosening torque Fifth rotation	N-m	0.22	0.22
5000	M10×P1.5 (30N·m tightening)	Screw torque	N-m	8.1	8.1
		Loosening torque First rotation	N-m	6.5	6.5
		Loosening torque Fifth rotation	N⋅m	4.3	4.3
	Scre	ew torque	N-m	4.7 to 6.5	4.7 to 6.5
	25℃	Unwinding torque	N-m	24.0	24.0
		Loosening torque	N-m	4.9	4.9
بو		Unwinding torque	N∙m	21.5	21.5
Torque by temperature	80°C	Loosening torque	N-m	3.5	3.5
y temp		Unwinding torque	N-m	23.6	23.6
rque b	100°C	Loosening torque	N-m	2.8	2.8
To	120°C	Unwinding torque	N⋅m	20.8	20.8
		Loosening torque	N-m	2.1	2.1
		Unwinding torque	N-m	20.1	20.1
	150°C	Loosening torque	N-m	1.7	1.7
Operating temperature range (Est.)			°C	-50 to 120	-50 to 120
Remark(s)				Threelock Processing	Threelock Processing

The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

^{* -:} Unmeasured

* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

^{*} Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

Pre-Coating of Bolts and Nuts to Prevent Screws from Loosening and Leaking

This is the process for coating the sealant and locking agent to the thread portion of screws, bolts, and pipes, etc. to add sealing and locking functions to screws themselves.

Pre-coated screws maintain stability, and have sealing or locking functions when tightened.

Pre-coating of bolts includes bolts pre-coated by MEC Processing where a microencapsulated reactive adhesive is applied, Threelock Processing where nylon is fused, and Sealock Processing where a sealing function is added.

■ Bolts pre-coated by MEC process

A microencapsulated reactive adhesive is used for the coating process.

The microcapsules are broken up when the processed screws are tightened, and the packaged adhesive quickly cures by polymerization.

After 24 to 48 hours, it reaches final strength, and it forms a tough cured material with excellent oil resistance, chemical resistance, heat resistance, and weather resistance.

It has good heat resistance. The lock function works up to approximately 100°C (approximately 150°C for the heat-resistant type), and the sealing function works up to approximately 170°C.

Applicable markets

Transportation Equipment Electrical and Electronics Industrial Materials and Public Works Automotive Aftermarket



2418

Bolts pre-coated by MEC process / Acrylic medium-strength heat-resistant type

It is good for bonding and sealing screws that may need to be removed.

It has good heat resistance. The lock function works up to approximately 150°C, and the sealing function works up to approximately 170°C.

The minimum applied screw diameter is M3. The standard curing conditions are 25°C×24h. 2448 2448B

Bolts pre-coated by MEC process / High-strength epoxy type

This is good for permanent adhesion and sealing of screws that do not need to be removed.

It has good heat resistance. The lock function works for 2448 up to approximately 150°C and for 2448B up to approximately 160°C, and the sealing function works up to approximately 170°C.

The minimum applied screw diameter is M2. The standard curing conditions are 25°C×24 h.

2458

Bolts pre-coated by MEC process / Acrylic low-strength type

It is good for bonding and sealing screws that will be removed.

The lock function works up to approximately 100°C, and the sealing function works up to approximately 170°C.

The minimum applied screw diameter is M3. The standard curing conditions are 25°C×24h. 2458B

Bolts pre-coated by MEC process / Acrylic low-strength less-scum type

It is good for bonding and sealing screws that will be removed.

The lock function works up to approximately 100°C, and the sealing function works up to approximately 170°C.

The minimum applied screw diameter is M3. The standard curing conditions are 25°C×24h.

2468

Bolts pre-coated by MEC process / Acrylic medium-strength type

It is good for bonding and sealing screws that may need to be removed.

The lock function works up to approximately 100°C, and the sealing function works up to approximately 170°C.

The minimum applied screw diameter is M3. The standard curing conditions are 25°C×24h.

2478

Bolts pre-coated by MEC process / Acrylic high-strength less-scum type

This is good for permanent adhesion and sealing of screws that do not need to be removed.

It has good heat resistance. The lock function works up to approximately 130°C, and the sealing function works up to approximately 170°C.

The minimum applied screw diameter is M3. The standard curing conditions are 25°C×24h.

2488

Nuts pre-coated by MEC process / Acrylic type

It is good for bonding nuts that may need to be removed.

It has good heat resistance. The lock function works up to approximately 130°C.

The minimum applied nut diameter is M3.

The standard curing conditions are 25°C×24 h.





Bolts and Nuts Pre-Coated by MEC process Property Table

8-5-6	Property Table	•									
	Product name	2418	2446	2446B	2448	2448B	2457	2458	2458B		
	Characteristics Unit \								10	0	
	Main component		Acrylic resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Acrylic resin	Acrylic resin	Acrylic resin	
	Strength		Medium strength	High strength	High strength	High strength	High strength	Low strength	Low strength	Low strength	
Star	Standard curing conditions		25°C×24h	25°C×48h	25°C×48h	25°C×24h	25°C×24h	25°C×24h	25°C×24h	25°C×24h	
	Appearance		Yellow	Blue	Orange	Blue	Orange	Green	Green	Green	
А	Applied screw diameter		M3 or larger	M2 to 40	M2 to 40	M2 to 40	M2 to 40	M4 to 40	M3 or larger	M3 or larger	
	Iron	N⋅m	49.8	53.7	53.7	62.6	64.6	40.2	38.2	39.2	
_	Zinc-chromate plating	N·m	49.1	56.1	56.1	67.0	70.7	35.9	37.4	39.3	
terial	Chromium plating	N-m	50.3	52.3	52.3	67.8	62.1	37.9	32.9	40.3	
ach mi	Nickel plating	N-m	50.4	54.9	54.9	73.9	65.1	38.8	37.3	40.7	
h to ea	Unichromate plating	N⋅m	50.2	47.6	47.6	72.0	66.5	37.3	36.3	39.4	
trengt	Black oxide	N-m	46.1	53.3	53.3	62.4	64.1	39.8	33.5	39.6	
Fixing strength to each material"	SUS304	N-m	47.8	49.0	49.0	64.6	66.8	35.1	31.9	38.5	
	Brass	N-m	26.2	-	-	38.3	37.8	29.0	27.0	28.4	
	Aluminum	N-m	26.8	26.9	26.9	36.4	40.9	21.4	20.6	20.9	
	25°C	N-m	49.1	58.0	58.0	70.3	70.7	35.3	37.4	39.3	
	60°C	N⋅m	45.6	39.2	39.2	52.2	54.4	35.1	32.6	38.0	
	80°C	N-m	42.9	-	-	50.3	52.0	34.1	32.0	31.9	
ength.	100°C	N⋅m	40.5	37.2	37.2	46.8	47.6	32.4	30.8	31.5	
Hot strength?	120°C	N-m	-	33.7	33.7	-	-	29.4	26.0	(100)	
_	130°C	N-m	38.3	-	-	37.0	42.0	-	-	26.1	
	150°C	N-m	33.2	29.5	29.5	31.6	38.0	21.2	20.4	25.9	
	180°C	N-m	26.2	24.7	24.7	21.4	21.0	16.5	19.5	21.3	
52	25°C	MPa	10 or higher								
Sealability ³	150°C	MPa	10 or higher								
	170°C	MPa	10 or higher			10 or higher	10 or higher		10 or higher	10 or higher	
0	Operating temperature range (Est.)		Locking 150°C Sealing 170°C	Locking 150°C Sealing 150°C	Locking 150°C Sealing 150°C	Locking 150°C Sealing 170°C	Locking 160°C Sealing 170°C	Locking 120°C Sealing 150°C	Locking 100°C Sealing 170°C	Locking 100°C Sealing 170°C	
	Remark(s)		Aqueous type								

^{*1:} M10×P1.5 bolt/nut, Tightening torque 30N·m (15N·m for brass and aluminum)

*2: M10×P1.5 zinc-chromate plated bolt/nut, Tightening torque 30N·m

*3: Iron seal block/Hydraulic pressure, M10×P15 bolt, Tightening torque 30N·m, Maximum pressure 10MPa

*4: 2488 is a grade for nuts, processing is done to nuts for testing, and measurement is done using a protrusion rate of 50% to bolts

2468	2475	2478	2488'4
Acrylic resin	Acrylic resin	Acrylic resin	Acrylic resin
Medium strength	High strength	High strength	Medium strength
25°C×24h	25°C×24h	25°C×24h	25°C×24h
Red	Blue	Blue	Blue
M3 or larger	M2 to 40	M3 or larger	M3 or larger
45.4	56.1	52.5	43.1
44.9	46.1	52.3	44.9
43.4	46.1	49.8	42.5
42.2	44.5	52.8	40.8
45.8	44.9	48.4	41.5
43.8	42.1	42.5	40.8
42.6	42.1	45.5	41.1
28.8	-	29.6	36.5
24.8	24.9	22.3	22.4
44.9	46.1	52.3	44.9
36.4	43.1	44.3	37.5
33.5	38.9	38.9	36.4
30.1	41.4	37.5	34.7
26.9	39.4	34.1	33.4
-	-	31.0	31.4
22.9	32.1	30.1	27.4
18.4	25.9	21.1	21.1
10 or higher	10 or higher	10 or higher	-
10 or higher	10 or higher	10 or higher	-
10 or higher		10 or higher	T-1
Locking 100°C Sealing 170°C	Locking 150°C Sealing 150°C	Locking 130°C Sealing 170°C	Locking 130°C
Aqueous type	Aqueous type	Aqueous type	Aqueous type * For nuts

^{* -:} Unmeasured

* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



ThreeBond 3000/3100 Series

UV Curing Resin



UV Curing Resin

These are single-component solventless type adhesives with curing in several seconds by UV light irradiation.

They have excellent adhesion to various materials such as metals, plastics, and glass, and are used for many purposes including bonding, sealing, casting, and coating of electric and electronic devices, automobile parts, optical parts, and, accessories, etc.

There are many variations available including acrylate-based, epoxy-based, and silicone-based products, and there are grades with different curability including visible-light-curing, anaerobic curing, heat-curing, moisture-curing, and primer curing in addition to curing under UV light. Therefore, it is possible to cure portions that do not receive UV light and to bond materials that do not transmit UV light. There are many grades available according to physical properties including a type that forms a tough cured material with high hardness and a type that forms a flexible cured material with rubber elasticity.





■ Applicable markets

Transportation Equipment Electrical and Electronics Industrial Materials and Public Works Automotive Aftermarket

3013

This is soft with excellent impact strength. It is used for bonding optical pick-up lenses and optical parts.

There are variations available according to viscosity, curing characteristics, adhesion characteristics, etc.

3013Q

This uses acrylic rubber polymer as the main component and forms a rubber-like elastic body with excellent heat and chemical resistance. It maintains rubber elasticity in a wide temperature range, and continuous usage is possible at approximately 120°C. It has excellent chemical resistance for engine oil and AT oil, so it is used for electrical device adhesion, sealing, etc.

3017

This is soft with high peel-strength adhesiveness.

It has excellent adhesion with difficult-tobond materials such as PET and PPS, PEN (polyethylene naphthalate), and olefin-based materials.

It forms a cured material with a low water absorption rate and low moisture permeability. There are grades with different viscosities. 3017D 3017E 3017F

This forms a soft cured material with excellent surface curability. It has good adhesion with difficult-to-bond materials such as olefin-based materials, and is used for bonding optical parts. It also has LED curing capability. This is a low-halogen product. There are grades with different viscosities.

3020B

This is colored and formed into a black hardened material by ultraviolet radiation. It is used for exterior coating of electric/electronic parts, and coating or adhesion of parts that require sealing.

3026 Series This is an exclusive product for sealing of liquid crystal filling ports of LCD panels that has excellent adhesion to glass.

There are variations available according to

There are variations available according to viscosity, curing characteristics, adhesion characteristics, etc.

3027G 3027H

This is an electrode-protection molding grade product with low water absorption.

It is used as a protective agent for ITO electrodes of LCD panels.

The balance of the cured material strength and adhesion strength was adjusted, and repair is also possible.

3027H can be used in low halogen products.

3030 3031 3033F

3034

This has flexibility and has excellent adhesion with plastic materials.

It is used for electric and electronic devices and optical parts.

There are variations available according to viscosity, curing characteristics, adhesion characteristics, etc.

3035B

This is a sealant for dye-sensitized solar cells with low moisture permeability and resistance to liquid electrolytes. It can be used for main sealing and end sealing.

3036G

This forms a cured material with small cure shrinkage and a low linear expansion coefficient. It is used for fixing optical parts requiring accurate positioning such as optical pick-up parts.

There are variations available according to viscosity, curing characteristics, adhesion characteristics, etc.

It also has LED curing capability.

3042 Series

This has excellent adhesion with glass and metal.

It forms a transparent cured material with excellent surface curability.

There are products with different viscosities and colors available.

3046

This forms a water soluble cured material with strong adhesion to glass.

It is possible to peel using water after bonding, so it is used for temporary fixing during the cutting process for products that use glass and quartz.

There are grades with different viscosities.

3050C

This has excellent adhesion with glass and metal.

It is used for fixing of pin lead with LCDs. There are variations available including a high glass transition temperature-adopted type and heat cycle resistance-improved type.

3055

This is a type with primer curing property that can be cured in shaded areas, etc. during UV light irradiation by using the primer. It has excellent adhesion strength and durability.

It is used for bonding motor magnets and fixing of pin lead with LCDs. There are products with different colors available.

3056F

It is a moisture-curing type that can be cured by moisture in the air, etc., and in shaded area, etc. during UV light irradiation.

It has excellent adhesion with glass, metals, and plastics.

It is used for bonding, sealing, and coating of electric and electronic parts.

3057

This is a type with heat-curing property that can be cured in shaded areas, etc., during UV light irradiation.

It has excellent adhesion with metal.

There are grades with different viscosities, and the low-viscosity grade is used as a coating agent for preventing burrs of a stepping motor when grinding.

3062 3064E 3065E 3067 This is a type with anaerobic curing property that can be quickly cured in the small gap of metal surfaces which is shaded during UV light irradiation.

It has excellent adhesion with glass, metal and plastic, and it is used for bonding motor magnets and electrical parts.

There are many variations available according to viscosity, curing characteristics, and adhesion characteristics, etc.

3074C

This has a great transparency, and forms hardened material with minimal yellowing by heating.

It is suitable to adhesion of optical parts and transparent materials, and protective coating of control boards.

It is of a low halogen grade.

3075

This forms a soft, transparent cured material with excellent surface curability. It has excellent crack resistance and is used as a soft coat material for nameplates and accessories.

3081J 3081L This forms a rubber-like elastic body, and is used as a precure type CIPG (on-site formed gasket).

It has rubber elasticity over a wide temperature range, and has excellent sealability due to its small compression set.

It also has excellent shape retention during application, and is used for electrical parts.

3084 3084E This is an exclusive product for correcting the balance of rotating bodies such as motors and polygon mirrors (balancing resins). It forms a cured material with high specific gravity that has shape retention during application.

3088 3088B This is a two-component type product. In addition to UV light irradiation, it can also be quickly cured by two-component mixture reaction, so there is no need to worry about it being uncured in shaded areas or about thickness restrictions.

It can be used for potting sensors and for coating, etc., in shaded areas.

There is a soft type and a hard type available.

3094 3094B 3094C These have great adhesiveness on plastic materials such as polycarbonates, and are used for medical instruments, such as adhesion of a syringe and hub.

They are suited to LED hardening.
3094 is a ISO10993 (biological safety
evaluation) compliant product.
3094B is a blue low viscosity type, and 3094C is
a blue high viscosity type.

3114

This is a UV curing resin that uses epoxy resin as the main component.

It has small cure shrinkage, and is used for fixing optical parts that require accurate positioning such as optical pick-up parts and CMOS.

There are grades with different characteristics including a low halogen grade.

3118

This is a sealant for dye-sensitized solar cells with low moisture permeability and excellent resistance to liquid electrolytes. It can be used for main sealing.

3121D 3121E

This has low hardening shrinkage, and forms a soft hardened material.

It has adhesive strength for a wide variety of materials such as glasses, metals, plastics, etc., and is used to adhere and fix optical parts such as camera lens parts.

3161 3163 3164D

This is a UV curing resin that uses silicone resin as the main component.

It cures by UV light irradiation and humidity, forming a rubber-like elastic body. It has excellent heat resistance, freeze resistance, and heat cycle resistance, and also

has excellent adhesion to engineering plastics.
With its low content of low-molecular siloxane,
the product is free from contact failures.

3168 3168E

This is a UV curing resin that uses silicone resin as the main component.

It becomes a soft gel cured material with excellent adhesion and has excellent vibration absorption.

It is used as a damping agent for optical pickup parts.

Customized products are available.

3170B

This is a visible-light-curing resin. It can be cured by visible light in addition to UV light, so bonding is possible even with UV-cutting transparent materials.

It has excellent adhesion with glass, metals, and plastics.

It is used for electric and electronic devices and optical parts.

There are grades with different characteristics including a low halogen grade.

3177

This is a UV curing resin and instant adhesive hybrid type product.

It cures by visible light, and has excellent adhesion for a wide range of materials including metals, plastics, and rubber. It has excellent moisture resistance and heat resistance, so it can be used outdoors.



	Product name		3003J	3006D	3006F	2012	2012P	3013D	2012M	3013Q	
	Characteristics	Unit	30037	30060	3000F	3013	3013B	30130	3013M	3013Q	
	Main component		Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acryl rubber	
	Additional curability		-	Heating		-					
	Features		Low viscosity Flexibility	Rubber elasticity Heat resistance	Rubber elasticity Heat resistance Oil resistance	Soft Impact strength	Soft Impact strength	Soft Impact strength	Soft Impact strength	Rubber elasticity Heat resistance Oil resistance	
	Main usages		Sealing/ potting of terminals and screws	Wire harness connector Automotive electronics Electrical parts	Wire harness connection, electrical components, potting of electrical and electronic parts	up lens Optical part	Optical pick- up lens Optical part	Optical pick- up lens Optical part	Optical pick- up lens Optical part	Automotive electronics Electrical part potting	
	Appearance		Light yellow	Blue	Blue	Light yellow	Pale greenish brown	Pale green	Blue	Blue	
	Managha	Pa-s	1.3	2.0	2.3	6.0	1.0	-	8.5	23.0	
	Viscosity	mPa-s	-	-	-	1.5	-	680	-	-	
	Specific gravity		1.11	1.07	1.07	1.00	1.02	1.03	1.01	1.11	
(Cu	Curing conditions mulative light intensity)	kJ/m²	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	45	
			A93	A50	A67	A90 to 95	A90	A90	-	A32	
Physical characteristics after curing	Hardness		-	-		D20		-	D42	-	
calcha	Volume resistivity	Ω-m	1.2×10 ¹⁵	2.6×10 ⁸	2.2×10°	2.1×10 ¹¹	2.0×10 ¹¹	2.0×10 ¹¹	7-	9.4×10°	
Physi	Dielectric breakdown strength	kV/mm	26	30	27	-	-	-		21	
	Glass/Glass	MPa	6.5	5.3	5.0	-	-	-	-	120	
	Glass/Acrylic	MPa	6.8	3.1	4.5	-					
£	Glass/Polycarbonate	MPa	7.0	4.0	3.6		-				
trengt	Glass/Glass epoxy	MPa	6.8	5.2	4.4	-	-			-	
Tensile shear bond strength	Glass/ABS	MPa	7.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
hear b	Glass/LCP	MPa	4.1			-	-		4.9	-	
siles	Glass/Iron	MPa	6.7	5.3	3.9	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	-	-	4.1	
Ter	Glass/Aluminum	MPa	6.7	6.1	3.1	-				2.8	
	Glass/Stainless steel	MPa	7.7	5.2	4.0	-	-		-	5.1	
	Polycarbonate/ Polycarbonate	MPa	6.2			7.0					
	Remark(s)									Exellent engine oil and AT oil resistance Continuous use at approx. 120°C	

3013Z	3014	3014C	3015F	3016	3016H	3017	3017B	3017D	3017E	3017F
Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate
Heating			-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Soft Heat resistance Oil resistance	Soft Impact strength	Soft Impact strength Moisture resistance	Low cure shrinkage Low linear expansion coefficient	Rubber- like cured material Thick film curing	Rubber- like cured material Thick film curing	Low moisture permeability Peel strength	Low moisture permeability Peel strength	Compatible with LED light sources Adhesion strength with difficult- to-bond materials Low halogen content	Adhesion strength with difficult- to-bond materials Low halogen content	Adhesion strength with difficult- to-bond materials Low halogen content
Adhesion/ sealing of wire harness, connectors, and electrical components	Optical pick- up lens Optical part	Optical pick- up lens Optical part	Optical pick- up PD/LD Optical part	Electrical part potting Soft material adhesion	Electrical part potting	Difficult- to-bond materials such as PET, PEN, and PPS	Difficult- to-bond materials such as PET, PEN, and PPS	Olefin-based difficult- to-bond materials Optical part	Olefin-based difficult- to-bond materials Optical part	Olefin-based difficult- to-bond materials Optical part
Yellow	Light yellow	Milky white	White	Light blue	Light blue	Yellow	Milky white	White	White	White
2.0	17.0	10.0	14.1	20.0	20.0	46.0	16.0	13.0	25.0	7.5
-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	(*)
1.2	0.99	1.06	1.57	1.18	1.17	0.87	1.05	0.93	0.93	0.93
30	30	20	30	30	30	60	30	30	30	30
A60	A80 to 85	A50	-	A25	A37	A20	A40	A41	A35	A58
-	-		D86	-	-	-		-	-	-
2.7×10 ¹¹	8.5×10 ¹⁰	3.9×10 ¹²	-	3.8×10 ¹²	5.8×10 ¹⁵	-	1.0×10 ¹³	-	-	-
23		12.4	- 5	5			22.1	-	-	-
5.5	-	-	-	-	4.8	-	-	-	-	-
5.1					4.2		-		-	-
3.9	-	-7	-	5	3.3	-		-	-	-
4.9	-	-	-		2.8	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
-				-	2.1			-	-	1.0
6.3	(Material failure)		-	-	2.1	-	-	-		-
5.4				3.4	2.3	(*)	-			-
3.4	-	-	-	5.5	2.1	-	1,5			-
-		2.0	1.4	-						
Emits light with black light				Blue after curing	Blue after curing	PET/ Aluminum Peel strength: 1.1kN·m	PET/ Aluminum Peel strength: 1.2kN·m	ZEONEX °/ LCP adhesion : 1.0MPa	ZEONEX */ LCP adhesion : 1.0MPa	ZEONEX */ LCP adhesion : 2.0MPa
					: Unmeasured				11	

^{* -:} Unmeasured
* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.
* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



	Product name										
	Characteristics	Unit	3018	3020B	3021J	3026B	3026E	3026G	3026J	3027G	
	Main component		Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	
	Additional curability		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Features		Soft Thick film curing	Blackening by UV radiation	Excellent surface curability Excellent transparency	Exclusive product for liquid crystal panel end sealing	Low water absorption rate Good repairability				
	Main usages		Electrical part potting Soft material adhesion	Coating for exteriors such as for electrical and electronic parts	Bonding Coating	Liquid crystal panel end sealing	Liquid crystal panel end sealing	Liquid crystal panel end sealing	Liquid crystal panel end sealing	Display panel ITO electrode molding	
	Appearance		Colorless	Light yellow	Light yellow	Milky white	Colorless	Light yellow	Faint brown	Light yellow to Pale white	
	Viceocity	Pa-s	8.0	3.5	-	10.0	19.0	14.0	20.6	2.0	
	Viscosity	mPa-s	27		135	-	-	2	-	-	
	Specific gravity		1.12	1.05	1.06	1.23	1.17	1.17	1.17	1.01	
(Cı	Curing conditions umulative light intensity)	kJ/m²	45	30	30	10	20	30	30	30	
stics			A62	×	-	-	-	-	-	A80	
uring	Hardness		-	D54	D70	D85	D85	D80	D81	-	
Physical characteristics after curing	Volume resistivity	Ω·m	2.8×10 ¹¹	3.0×10 ⁷	-	8×10 ¹⁰	1.1×10 ¹²	8		1.0×10 ¹¹	
Physi	Dielectric breakdown strength	kV/mm	- 1	14.0		20.1	-		-	18.4	
	Glass/Glass	MPa	3.3	8.0	6.9	6.9	(Material failure)	7.0	6.3	5.0	
	Glass/Acrylic	MPa	-	7.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	
£	Glass/Polycarbonate	MPa	-	7.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Tensile shear bond strength	Glass/Glass epoxy	MPa	(Material failure)	7.8	-	-	=2	9	-	-	
ponds	Glass/ABS	MPa	2.4	6.8	-	-		¥	2	-	
shear	Glass/LCP	MPa	2	4.7	- 12	-	120	×		-	
ensile	Glass/Iron	MPa		9.4	-	-	-	*	-	-	
-	Glass/Aluminum	MPa	*	3.4		-	-	-	-	-	
	Glass/Stainless steel	MPa	*:	9.0	6.9	-	-	-	-	-	
	Polycarbonate/ Polycarbonate	MPa	4.2	3.7	5.9	*	-	*	-	-	
	Remark(s)		Cures to 10mm or more at 30kJ/m ²	Supports LED light sources, Colored black after hardening						Boiling water absorption rate : 0.2%	

3027H	3027J	3030	3030B	3031	3031J	3033	3033B	3033F	3033G	3034
Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate
-	-	-	**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Low water absorption rate, flexible, good visibility	Low halogen Light blocking type	Flexibility Heat cycle resistance Strong adhesiveness	Low viscosity Flexibility	Flexibility Strong adhesiveness	Curing in low light intensity	Strong adhesiveness Thick film curing Thixolabile	Flexibility Heat cycle resistance Strong adhesiveness	Flexibility Strong adhesiveness	Thixolabile Flexibility Strong adhesiveness	Excellent moisture resistance Strong adhesiveness Screen printing
Display panel ITO electrode molding Low halogen	Liquid crystal panel, light blocking/ adhesion of end faces	Plastic bonding Optical part	Lens bonding Glass bonding	Plastic bonding Optical part	Electronic device potting	Thick coating, moisture- proof coating of printed- circuit board	plastics	device potting /	Adhesion/ fixing of electrical and electronic parts	Engineering plastics bonding
Red	Black	Milky white	Light yellow	Light brown	Light yellow	Blue	Milky white	Blue	Yellow white	Milky white
1.6	2.4	16.5	2.6	5.0	5.0	40.0	35.0	40.0	20.0	20.0
-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
1.02	1.04	1.16	1.10	1.05	1.14	1.13	1.09	1.14	1.14	1.11
30	30	30	30	30	10	30	30	30	30	30
~	-	A95	-	-	-	-	-	,	-	A95
D50	-	D63	D52	D70	D95	D95		D70	D65	D68
1.2×10 ¹¹	2.2×10 ¹⁴	2.0×10 ¹⁴	-	8.1×10 ¹¹	-	3.0×10 ¹³		1.0×10 ¹³	5.8×10 ¹⁰	2.0×10 ¹²
29	15	-	Ti .	5	-	(5)	-	-	28.0	19.4
5.2	7.1 (8.8)*	(Material failure)	7.5	-	-	-	(Material failure)	8.3	8.3	570
6.8	6.6 (7.3)*	-	- 4	-	-	-		8.2	5.5	-
4.9	7.8 (7.4)*	-	-	3	-	-	1-	7.6	3.5	-
6.6	8.1 (8.3)*	(Material failure)	22	2	-	-	-	8.5	5.4	(2)
4.2	6.5 (6.9)*	(Material failure)	-	-	-	-	-	7.6	3.8	(Material failure)
4.4	4.5 (4.8)*			-		-		3.8	3.3	
5.5	8.1 (8.6)*	-	-	*	-	-	-	9.6	7.2	-
2.5	8.8 (8.8)*	-	+1	-	-	-	-	8.9	7.6	(*)
5.6	4.0 (5.5)*	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	8.5	-	-
7.2	2.8 (2.6)*	4.0				-	6.4	5.4	9.2	(Material failure)
Boiling water absorption rate: 0.2%	(UV-LED) * Material failure								Supports LED light sources	
					Unmeasured					

^{*} The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



-	Froperty lable										
	Product name		3034C	3035B	3036	3036E	3036G	3038	3038B	3042	
	Characteristics	Unit									
	Main component		Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	
	Additional curability		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Heating	
	Features		Flexibility Strong adhesiveness Thick film curing	Sealant for dye- sensitized solar cells	Low cure shrinkage Low linear expansion coefficient	Low cure shrinkage Low linear expansion coefficient	Compatible with LED light sources Low cure shrinkage	with LED	Compatible with LED light sources Low cure shrinkage	1 in it	
	Main usages		Sealing of terminals	Main sealing / end sealing of dye- sensitized solar cells	Optical pick- up lens	Optical pick- up lens Optical part	source parts	Optical pick-up Optical part	Optical part	Coating agent preventing burrs of stepping motors when grinding Glass/metal bonding	
	Appearance		Blue	White	Grayish white	Light orange	White	White	Blue	Colorless	
		Pa-s	27.0	51.0	35.0	10.5	29.0	13.0	12.5	-	
	Viscosity	mPa-s		ē	-	-	-	ō	-	20	
	Specific gravity		1.13	1.30	1.53	1.54	1.53	1.17	1.56	1.07	
(Cı	Curing conditions umulative light intensity)	kJ/m²	30	30	30	30	60 (LED)	70 (LED)	3000	15	
stics			-	-	-	-	-	-	D75	-	
il characteristics fter curing	Hardness		D69	D48	D77	D58	D40	D70	-	D82	
cal cha after cu	Volume resistivity	Ω·m	3.2×10 ¹³	1.5×10 ¹⁴	-	-	-	5.0×10 ¹⁰	5.0×10 ¹⁰	2.3×10 ¹³	
Physical afte	Dielectric breakdown strength	kV/mm		23	-	-	-	30	30	-	
	Glass/Glass	MPa	7.8	(Material failure)	-	-	-	-	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	
	Glass/Acrylic	MPa	-	2.36	-	-	-	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	-	
_	Glass/Polycarbonate	MPa	-	2.3		-	-	2.6	(Material failure)	-	
Tensile shear bond strength	Glass/Glass epoxy	MPa		4.6	-	-	-	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	
ondst	Glass/ABS	MPa	2	3.6	-	-		-	(Material failure)	2.1	
hearb	Glass/LCP	MPa	-	3.6	5.1	-	-	3.7	3.8	-	
nsile s	Glass/Iron	MPa	(Material failure)	5.4	-	-	4.5	4.3	(Material failure)	-	
Te	Glass/Aluminum	MPa	-	6.8	10	-	3.8	6.1	5.2	-	
	Glass/Stainless steel	MPa	(Material failure)	0	9.4	-	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	-	
	Polycarbonate/ Polycarbonate	MPa	-	1.3	10	-	-	-	2.1	3.7	
	Remark(s)						PPS/Glass Material failure ZnDc/Glass Material failure				

3042B	3042C	3042D	3042G	3043B	3046	3046B	3050B	3050C	3051	3051E
Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transparency Low viscosity High hardness		High hardness Moisture resistance Heat cycle resistance	Good adhesion on glass and metals	Flexibility Nylon adhesion	Water soluble Glass adhesion	Water soluble Glass adhesion	Excellent low- temperature properties	Heat resistance	Glass adhesion	Metal adhesion
Injection needle adhesion accessory coating Glass/metal bonding	Injection needle adhesion accessory coating Glass/metal bonding	Lens Optical part	Fixing prisms and lenses	Nylon fiber binding Strings for tennis	Temporary fixing of glass or quartz products while being cut	Temporary fixing of glass or quartz products while being cut	Liquid crystal panel pin lead fixing	Liquid crystal panel pin lead fixing	Liquid crystal panel glass fixing end-sealing	Battery insulating sealant
Colorless	Colorless	Milky white	Green	Light yellow	Light yellow	Light yellow	Transparent green	Light yellow	Light brown	Light transparent yellow
-	1.5	15.0	8.0	1.6	-	10.0	4.5	9.0	5.0	1.5
500	-	-	-		5.0	-	2070	-	-	153
1.10	1.11	1.13	1.1	1.05	1.00	1.10	1.04	1.04	1.16	1.06
15	30	30	30	15	18	18	20	15	30	15
-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
D83	D83	D84	D80	D60	D80	D80	D65	D58	D85	D70
8.1×10 ¹³	5.5×10 ¹³		-	2		-	4.16×10 ¹¹	1.05×10 ¹⁰	3.5×10 ¹²	
-				-			18.0	15.7		
(Material failure)	8.2	7.5	7.8	-	(Material failure)	5.0	-	-	(Material failure)	-
-	-			-		-	-	-	-	
-	-	-			-	-		-	-	-
(Material failure)	-	-	-	-	2.8	-	-	-	(Material failure)	(*)
(Material failure)	-	-	-	-	(Material failure)	-	-	7.	(Material failure)	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.50
-	-	-	7.8	8.0	-	5.0	-		-	-
2	-	12.0	12	6.0	12	-	-	-		-
-	-	-	7.8	8.0	-	-	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	-	7.8
4.1	-		2.1	4.0	4.8	-	-	-	1.8	-
	High viscosity of 3042	3042 with thixotropy				High viscosity grade of 3046				

^{*} The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



	Product name		3051G	3052	3052B	3052C	3052D	3055	3055B	3055D	
	Characteristics	Unit		1970,001,000				20000000		3.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	Main component		Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	
	Additional curability		-	-	-	-	-	Primer	Primer	-	
	Features		Flexibility	Glass adhesion	Glass adhesion	Glass, metal adhesion	Weather resistance Heat cycle resistance	Adhesion Moisture resistance Impact strength	Adhesion Moisture resistance Impact strength	Good adhesion to various materials, color tone change by UV radiation	
	Main usages		Bonding Temporary fixing Potting	Liquid crystal panel glass fixing end-sealing	Liquid crystal panel glass fixing end-sealing	Glass/Iron Polycarbon- ate Acrylic bonding	Glass/Iron Polycarbon- ate Acrylic bonding	Motor magnets Liquid crystal panel pin lead fixing	Motor magnets Liquid crystal panel pin lead fixing	Adhesion/ fixing of electrical and electronic parts	
	Appearance		Light transparent yellow	Light brown	Light yellow	Light yellow	Light yellow	Light yellow	Green	Pink	
		Pa-s	6.5	11.0	9.0	8.0	43.0	15.0	15.0	13.0	
	Viscosity	mPa-s		-					-		
	Specific gravity		1.08	1.17	1.17	1.05	1.04	1.06	1.06	1.06	
(Ci	Curing conditions umulative light intensity)	kJ/m²	30	10	30	35	30	20	20	30	
istics	Hardness		-0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
racter	nardness		D66	D90	D90	D65	D70	D70	D70	D70	
Physical characteristics after curing	Volume resistivity	Ω·m	2.1×10 ¹³	3.5×10 ¹²	3.5×10 ¹²	-	-	4.6×10 ¹⁰	4.6×10 ¹⁰	2.0×10 ¹⁴	
Physi	Dielectric breakdown strength	kV/mm	30	ā	17	-	-	14.2	14.2	23	
	Glass/Glass	MPa	-	(Material failure)	-	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	-	-	7.0	
	Glass/Acrylic	MPa		-	12	-	-	2	-	8.5	
_	Glass/Polycarbonate	MPa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.2	
trengt	Glass/Glass epoxy	MPa	-	(Material failure)	-	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	-	4	8.7	
s puod	Glass/ABS	MPa	-	(Material failure)	2	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	-		7.7	
sheart	Glass/LCP	MPa	-	-	-		-	-	-	4.1	
Tensile shear bond strength	Glass/Iron	MPa	(Material failure)	-	(Material failure)	-	7.5	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	9.3	
1	Glass/Aluminum	MPa	-	-		-			-	3.9	
	Glass/Stainless steel	MPa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Polycarbonate/ Polycarbonate	MPa	-	2.2	-	(Material failure)	(Material failure)	-	-	9.5	
	Remark(s)		Iron/Acrylic (Material failure)						Green version of 3055	Supports LED light sources	

3056F	3057	3057B	3057J	3059D	3060	3062	3062D	3062F	3062H	3062K
Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate
Humidity	Heating	Heating	Heating	3	Anaerobic Primer	Anaerobic Primer	Anaerobic Primer	Anaerobic Primer	Anaerobic Primer	Anaerobic Primer
Moisture- curing Flexibility Adhesion	Metal adhesion	Metal adhesion	Hard Adhesion	Low outgassing Thixotropic properties	Anaerobic curing	Flexibility Impact strength	Moisture resistance Impact strength Low viscosity	Flexibility Moisture resistance Impact strength	Flexibility Moisture resistance Impact strength	Flexibility Moisture resistance Impact strength
Electrical parts sealing / bonding General- purpose adhesion	Electrical parts bonding	Electrical parts bonding	Electrical parts bonding	HDD parts Electrical parts bonding	Metallic joint Electrical parts bonding	Motor magnets Stator coil Adhesion of different materials	Metallic joint Electrical parts bonding	Motor magnets Sheet coil Adhesion of different materials	Motor magnets Piezoelectric element Adhesion of different materials	Metallic joint Adhesion of different materials
Green	Turbid white	Turbid white	Light yellow	Milky white	Light yellow	Light yellow	Blue	Light yellow	Light yellow	Light yellow
6.0	35.0	18.0	9.0	80.0	1.2	8.0	150	4.0	2.0	7.0
1.08	1.44	1.42	1.06	1.18	1.12	1.07	1.1	1.08	1.07	1.05
30	30	30	30	30	30	35	35	35	30	70
-	-	-	-	-	A90	-	-	-	-	-
D65	D89	D80	D80	D86	D65	D70	D80	D45	D80	D65
1.4×10 ¹¹	7.6×10 ¹²	7.8×10 ¹²	5.6×10 ¹²	-	3.2×10 ¹¹	4.2×10 ¹²	2.6×10 ¹²	-	-	-
27.5	28.4	28.4	31	-	17.2		-			17/
6.4	(Material failure)	-	6.9	8.0	(Material failure)	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
-			-	-	-	-		-		-
-	(Material failure)	-		-	(Material failure)	-	-	-	4	-
-	0.2	-	-	-	3.5	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
7.5	-	5.0	-	3.0	-	(Material failure)	18.0	-	(Material failure)	(Material failure)
6.0		-	-	3.0	-	-		-		
7.8	-	-	-	5.0	-	-	-	-	-	
7.5	1.7	-	4.1	-	3.8		9.7	-	3.3	3.9
								Shear bond strength Iron: 10MPa		
				٠.	: Unmeasured				- 11 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	

^{* -:} Unmeasured
* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.
* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



	Product name										
	Characteristics	Unit	3062P	3062Q	30625	3062U	3064E	3065E	3066	3067	
	Main component		Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	
	Additional curability		Anaerobic Primer	Anaerobic Primer	Anaerobic Primer	Anaerobic Primer	Anaerobic Primer	Anaerobic Primer	Anaerobic Primer	Anaerobic Primer	
	Features		Flexibility Moisture resistance Impact strength	Hard / Tough	Hard / Tough Metal/glass adhesion	Flexibility	Flexibility Surface adhesion	Flexibility Surface adhesion Low outgassing	Hard Chemical resistance	Hard Chemical resistance	
	Main usages		Stator coil Resin Magnets Adhesion of different materials	Liquid crystal panel pin lead fixing General- purpose adhesion	Motor magnets Metal/glass bonding	Motor magnets Adhesion of different materials	Adhesion of different materials	Adhesion of different materials	Metallic joint Electrical parts bonding	Metallic joint Electrical parts bonding	
	Appearance		Light yellow	Green	Light yellow	Light yellow to Brown	Light yellow to Brown	Light yellow	Light yellow	Light yellow	
	ve u	Pa-s	15.0	12.0	8.0	1.0	-	7.0	-	-	
	Viscosity	mPa-s	-	-		-	700	ū	230	600	
	Specific gravity		1.07	1.06	1.05	1.07	1.07	1.05	1.13	1.18	
(Cu	Curing conditions imulative light intensity)	kJ/m²	35	20	30	30	30	30	30	30	
stics	Handa and		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Physical characteristics after curing	Hardness		D35	D65	D70	D70	D66	D65	D90 to 95	D90	
calcha	Volume resistivity	Ω·m	- 6	-	-	-	2.9×10 ¹¹	5.8×10 ¹⁰	1.3×10 ¹³	7.6×10 ¹²	
Physi	Dielectric breakdown strength	kV/mm	20	-	-	-	23	24.2	17.7	28.4	
	Glass/Glass	MPa	-1	-	-	9.8	8.3	-	-	(Material failure)	
	Glass/Acrylic	MPa	7:	ē	-	-	7.5	-	-	-	
£	Glass/Polycarbonate	MPa	26	-	-	-	8.0	-	-	-	
treng	Glass/Glass epoxy	MPa	- 1	-	a.	8.8	7.6		-	(Material failure)	
spuo	Glass/ABS	MPa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(Material failure)	
Tensile shear bond strength	Glass/LCP	MPa	-21	-	-		4.3	-	12	-	
nsiles	Glass/Iron	MPa	4.4	4.4	10.0	12.7	10.4	12.0	-	4.9	
Tei	Glass/Aluminum	MPa	-	-	-	-	5.8		-	-	
	Glass/Stainless steel	MPa	21	-	-	-	9.1	-	-	-	
	Polycarbonate/ Polycarbonate	MPa	3.7	8.8	10.0	-	-		-	1.6	
	Remark(s)		3062C with more viscosity								

3067B	3067C	3068B	3069F	3074C	3075	3075E	3081J	3081L	3081P	3084
Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate
Anaerobic Primer	Anaerobic Primer	Anaerobic Primer	Anaerobic Primer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hard Chemical resistance	Hard Chemical resistance	Flexibility	Hard / Tough Metal/glass adhesion	High transparency, no yellow discoloration over time	Clear/ Transparent Soft / Tough Crack resistance	Clear Flexibility	Rubber elasticity Heat resistance / Freeze resistance	Rubber elasticity Heat resistance / Freeze resistance	Rubber elasticity Heat resistance / Freeze resistance	High specific gravity Shape retention
Metallic joint Electrical parts bonding	Metallic joint Electrical parts bonding	Metallic joint Electrical property bonding	Motor magnets Metal/glass bonding	Adhesion of optical parts	Soft coating for nameplates/ accessories Electronic device coating	Transparent insulating coating of substrate	CIPG for electric parts Elastic sealing application	CIPG for electric parts Elastic sealing application	CIPG for electric parts Elastic sealing application	Balance correcting agent for motors, polygon mirrors, etc.
Dark blue	Turbid white	Red	Milky white	Colorless	Colorless	Colorless	Light yellow	Grayish white	Light yellow	Gray
-	4.0	-	55.0	7.0	-	20.0	95.0	70.0	400	100
120	-	280		-	700	-	-	2	- 4	
1.13	1.17	1.07	1.20	1.09	1.07	1.11	1.11	1.14	1.09	2.19
30	30	30	30	30	27	30	45	30	45	30
-	-	-	-	-	A49	D56	A27	A21	-	-
D90 to 95	D88	D75	D90	D70	-	-	-	-	E19	D90 to 95
7.8×10 ¹²	7.6×10 ¹²	2.1×10 ¹¹	6.4×10 ¹²	1.5×10 ¹²	2.2×10 ⁹	1.1×10 ¹²	1.2×10 ¹⁰		8.8×10 ⁸	9.8×10 ¹²
-	-	-	33.0	24.1	84	23.6	19.0	9	24.9	18.3
-	-	-	8.9	6.5	7.0	(Material failure)	-	-	-	(Material failure)
-	-	-	-	5.4		(Material failure)			-	87/4
-	-	-	-	3.5	-	(Material failure)	-	-	-	-
-			-	6.4	-	(Material failure)	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	4.6	-	5.6	-	-	-	-
-	٠.			5.4		4.3		-	-	-
4.9	7.0	-	8.9	8.1	-	(Material failure)	-	-	-	(Material failure)
-		-	3.0	2.2	-	4.1		-	-	-
-			8.0	6.3		(Material failure)		-	-	-
-			-	1.6	4.0	3.8		10.9	-	5.1
	3067 with added thixotropy		High- thixotropic							
					: Unmeasured					

^{* -:} Unmeasured
* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.
* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



UV Curing Resin

Property Table	
-----------------------	--

	Main component		3084E	3087G	30	88	30	88B	3094	3094B	
	Characteristics	Unit									
	Main component		Acrylate	Acrylate	Acry	ylate	Acr	ylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	
	Additional curability		75	ā	Two-compo	nent mixture	Two-compo	nent mixture	1.5	-	
	Features		High specific gravity Shape retention	2P molding Optical part molding	Soft Impact strength Short-time curing in shaded areas		Impact Short-tim	oft strength e curing in d areas	Good adhesion to plastic materials such as PC	Good adhesion to plastic materials such as PC	
	Main usages		Balance correcting agent for motors, polygon mirrors, etc.	Optical part	Sensor potting UV light impermeable material adhesion		Sensor potting UV light impermeable material adhesion		Adhesion of medical devices, etc.	Adhesion of medical devices, etc.	
	Appearance		Milky white	Light transparent yellow	Main agent Blue	Curing agent Pale green	Main agent Blue	Curing agent Pale green	Light yellow	Blue	
		Pa-s	30.0	-	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.6	-	
	Viscosity	mPa-s	-	640	-	-	-	-		150	
	Specific gravity		1.46	1.05	1.02	1.02	1.04	1.04	1.07	1.02	
(Cu	Curing conditions imulative light intensity)	kJ/m²	30	30	3	80	3	80	30	30	
			-	-	A	50		-	-	-	
racteri	Hardness		D90	D69	6	-	D	55	D60	D75	
Physical characteristics after curing	Volume resistivity	Ω·m	1.3×10 ¹²	-	1.5>	<10 ¹¹	5.7>	<10 ¹¹	-	-	
Physic	Dielectric breakdown strength	kV/mm	32.0	-		-		-	-		
	Glass/Glass	MPa	7.1	-		-		-	7.9	7.0	
	Glass/Acrylic	MPa	-	-		-		-	6.8	6.4	
£	Glass/Polycarbonate	MPa	-	2		- "		-	7.3	7.1	
trengl	Glass/Glass epoxy	MPa		-	8	- :		-	7.6	7.9	
spuo	Glass/ABS	MPa	-	-	3	.4	6	.4	6.9	7.0	
hearb	Glass/LCP	MPa	-	-	3	-		-	3.2	3.9	
Tensile shear bond strength	Glass/Iron	MPa	*3	-				-	9.0	8.4	
Tel	Glass/Aluminum	MPa	2.8	-	-			-	5.8	2.5	
	Glass/Stainless steel	MPa	8.0	2	-			-	6.0	5.3	
	Polycarbonate/ Polycarbonate	MPa	-	(Material failure)	5.2		6	.4	8.6	5.2	
	Remark(s)			Refractive index 1.49 Abbe's number 49 (cured material)		ed for static xers		ed for static xers	Supports LED light sources Compliant to ISO 10993 for medical devices	Supports LED light sources	

3094C	3111B	3113B	3114	3114B	3118	3121D	3121E	3161	3163	3164D
Acrylate	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Epoxy resin	Silicone	Silicone	Silicone
ē.		5 7 .5	-	-	5	-	3.5	Humidity	Humidity	Humidity
Good adhesion to plastic materials such as PC	Low moisture permeability	Surface curability Deep curability Low cure shrinkage	Surface curability Low cure shrinkage Low linear expansion	Low cure shrinkage	Sealant for dye- sensitized solar cells	Low cure shrinkage Good adhesion to various materials	Low cure shrinkage Soft Good adhesion to various materials	Rubber elasticity High and low temperature resistance	Rubber elasticity High and low temperature resistance	Rubber elasticity High and low temperature resistance Adhesion to engineering plastic
Adhesion of medical devices, etc.	Main sealing for touch panel bonding	Optical pick- up parts Electrical parts bonding	Optical pick-up parts Electrical parts bonding Accurate adhesion of optical parts such as for digital cameras	Adhesion and fixing of optical parts such as optical pick- up parts		Adhesion and fixing of optical parts	Bonding/ adhesion of polarizing plates	Electrical parts bonding / sealing / potting	Sealing for sliding portion of cleaner rotor Electrical parts bonding	Electrical parts bonding / sealing / potting
Blue	White	Milky white	Grayish white	Grayish white	White	Light yellow	Light yellow	Light yellow	Blue	Pale white
4.6	9.0	15.0	26.0	50.0	86.0	-	-	3.0	12.0	10.0
-	-	-	-		-	850	750	-	-	-
1.07	1.18	1.13	1.54	1.62	1.33	1.15	1.14	0.98	1.02	1.00
30	30	20	30	30	30+80°C ×1h	30	30	30 (+Moisture-curing)	30 (+Moisture-curing)	30 (+Moisture-curin
-	-	-	-	- u	-	-	A73	A30	A33	A32
D60	D47	D72	D80	D82	D83	D65	-		-	-
-	-		-		5.2×10 ¹³	-	2.1×10 ¹¹	4.0×10 ¹²	-	8.8×10 ¹²
-	-		-	-	-	-	19.8	12.3	-	30
6.5	7.2	-	(Material failure)	3.8	(Material failure)	7.3	9.2	6.0	3.9	4.0
6.7					1.2	-	6.4	-		(#S
7.3	-		-	-	1.3	-	5.9		9	-
7.6	-		-	-	3.3		6.5	-	-	4.8
7.4	-	-	-	-	3.8	-	7.1		-	3.4
4.2	4.5	- 22	3.5	3.4	2.9	-	5.0		- 4	1.9
9.1	-		-	-	4.5	-	9.1	2.0	-	-
3.0	-	(Material failure)	-	-	3.1	-	5.6	0.66	-	0.5
8.5	6.0	(Material failure)	-	-	4.3	-	6.6	0.9		-
7.6	-	3.4	-	-	0.58	-		0.96		2.6
Supports LED light sources	Moisture permeability 40g/m²/24h (60°C×95%RH\ Film thickness 150µm			Rate of contraction with hardening: 2.0%		Rate of contraction with hardening: 4.5%	Rate of contraction with hardening: 2.8%	Reduced content of Low molecular	Alcohol- releasing type Reduced content of Low molecular circular siloxane	Reduced content of Low molecula

^{* -:} Unmeasured

* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



	Product name		3168	3168E	3170B	3170D	3170E	3170F	3170J	3177
	Characteristics	Unit		to de la traca			1000000	1.01.000000	3534337	
Main component			Silicone	Silicone	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate	Acrylate
Additional curability			-	-	Visible Light	Visible Light	Visible Light	Visible Light	Visible Light	Visible Light Humidity
Features			Soft Gel Damping materials	Soft Gel Damping materials	Thick film curing Adhesion	Thick film curing Adhesion	Thick film curing Adhesion	Thick film curing Adhesion	Thick film curing Adhesion Heat cycle resistance	High and low temperature resistance Humidity resistance Adhesion
	Main usages		Damping agent for pick-ups	Damping agent for pick-ups	Transparent material that cuts UV light Electrical parts bonding	Transparent material that cuts UV light Electrical parts bonding	cuts UV light Electrical	Transparent material that cuts UV light Electrical parts bonding	Transparent material that cuts UV light Electrical parts bonding	Light blocking materials Optical part Metal/plastic/ rubber bonding
	Appearance		White	Red	Light yellow	Light yellow	Light yellow	Light yellow	Light yellow	Yellow to Light yellow
		Pa-s	15.0	90	1.8	37.0	11.2	18.0	4.5	-
	Viscosity	mPa-s		-	- 1	-	-	2	-	1200
Specific gravity			1.01	1.02	1.04	1.06	1.10	1.06	1.04	1.06
Curing conditions (Cumulative light intensity)		kJ/m²	30	60	30	30	30	30	30	10
	mulative light linensity)		Gel	Gel	-	-	-	-	-	-
acteris	Hardness		(Penetration: 100)	(Penetration: 100)	D70	D54	D44	D50	D10	D84
I characteristics ter curing	Volume resistivity	Ω-m	2.7×10 ¹²		-	-	-	-	1.0×10 ¹¹	9.2×10 ¹³
Physical afte	Dielectric breakdown	kV/mm	-	-	-	-	-	2	29	24
<u>.</u>	strength Glass/Glass	MPa			(Material	_	_	(Material	_	-
	Glass/Acrylic	MPa		_	failure)	-	-	failure)	5.5	
	Glass/Polycarbonate	MPa	2	<i>8</i>		170			4.7	120
Tensile shear bond strength	Glass/Glass epoxy	MPa				_	_		7.,	
nd stre	Glass/ABS	MPa								
ar bor	Glass/LCP	MPa	- 5		- 3				5.4	
le she	Glass/Iron	MPa	-	-	-		-	-	5.4	-
Tensi			76	8	(Material	-	-	(Material	-	
	Glass/Aluminum	MPa	-	-	failure) (Material	-	-	failure) (Material	4.9	-
	Glass/Stainless steel Polycarbonate/	MPa	-	-	failure)	-	-	failure)	7.6	-
	Polycarbonate	MPa	5		5.0	-	-	6.9	4.5	5.8
	Remark(s)		Reduced content of Low molecular circular siloxane	Color fades to light yellow after curing						Hybrid instant adhesive

^{* -:} Unmeasured

* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

Application Equipment

This section introduces Application Equipment to apply adhesives efficiently.

- We offer applicators suitable for each type of the UV curing, anaerobic-curing, and moisture-curing agents.
- Auxiliary equipment needed for the process from application to curing is available.
- Equipment suitable for CIPG application (design of a specialpurpose machine is possible)

*CIPG: Cured in Place Gasket

Syringe



250-g/1-kg bottle



Cartridge





Syringe dispenser (minicoater C5)

The discharge amount is adjusted by means of the dispensing time and air pressure. Automatic application by machine is possible.

(Individual catalog number #11)



Tank for 250-g/1-kg bottle (PT-005/PT-01) Pen type manually operated valve (pencil gun)

This dispenser is for a low-viscosity material.

Dispensing is done by pulling the gun lever.

Automatic application by machine is impossible.

(Individual catalog number #3)



Cartridge-type air gun (PG-100C)

Dispensing is done by pulling the gun lever. Automatic application by machine is impossible.

(Individual catalog number #1)



Cartridge-type tank (LVCT-AC) Diaphragm type automatic valve Controller for pressure (coater S4) Desktop 3-axis robot (TRC-120R)

This unit pressure-feeds a material from the cartridge and controls the open/close valve to apply the material. When the controller is combined with a robot, it will apply the material to a programmed position. Automatic application by machine is possible.

(Individual catalog number #15)



Dedicated to surface application Adhesive discharging valve PV-SN Series

This is an adhesive discharging valve to apply material in plane-like or band-like form. Automatic application by machine is possible.

(Individual catalog number #30)



ThreeBond 3300 Series

Electrically Conductive Resins / Anisotropically Conductive Pastes



Electrically Conductive Resins/ Anisotropically Conductive Pastes

These are conductive adhesives that have conductive materials that consist of electro conductive fillers evenly dispersed in the synthetic resin that work as an adhesive/binder.

By applying and curing at bonding locations requiring conductivity, they show excellent adhesion and conductivity.

Silver, nickel, carbon, etc., are used as electro conductive fillers, and epoxy resin, urethane resin, silicone resin, synthetic rubber, etc., which have good physical properties, are used as binders. There are various grades available.

They have excellent adhesion with various materials including metals, plastics, glass, and rubber, and can be used for bonding lead wires and electrodes, and for semiconductor elements and EMI shield parts.

In addition, anisotropically-conductive adhesives for screen printing can be used for multiple-contact simultaneous connection of displays such as LCDs.







Applicable markets

Transportation Equipment Electrical and Electronics Industrial Material

Automotive Aftermarket

3301E

This is a soft type conductive adhesive for crystal oscillators that uses silver as an electro conductive filler and uses heat-curing epoxy resin as a binder.

It has excellent heat aging property. In addition to quartz crystal, it can also be used for spot conductive adhesion.

There are grades with different viscosities.

3301W

This is a highly-adhesive type solventless conductive adhesive that uses silver as an electro conductive filler and uses heat-curing epoxy resin as a binder.

It is used for adhesion of fixed surfaces for quartz crystal.

It can also be used for surface adhesion in addition to spot conductive adhesion.

3303B

This is a heat-resistant flexible type conductive adhesive for SMD-type crystal oscillators that uses silver as an electro conductive filler and uses heat-curing silicone resin as a binder. It has flexibility because of the silicone resin, and has excellent stress relaxation property, and its characteristics are stable over a wide temperature range.

There are grades with different viscosities.

3303G (NEO) This is a heat-resistant flexible type conductive adhesive for SMD-type crystal oscillators that uses silver as an electro conductive filler and uses heat-curing silicone resin as a binder. It has flexibility because of the silicone resin, and has excellent stress relaxation property, and its characteristics are stable over a wide temperature range.

It has excellent adhesion with gold electrodes and silver electrodes.

There are also grades that use slow-drying solvents.

3315E

This is a soft type conductive adhesive that uses carbon as an electro conductive filler and uses synthetic rubber as a binder.

Hot-melt adhesion is possible for dried films from which the solvent has dried after application.

It is used as a conductive adhesion for copy machine neutralization rollers, and as a ground for electronic devices. 3331D

This is a no-solvent type conductive adhesive that uses silver as an electro conductive filler, and one-component hardening type epoxy resin as a binder.

It is hardened at a low temperature and can be used to conductively adhere and/or ground electronic parts.

It is in a syringe form, therefore can be used for dispenser coating.

3333C

This is a heat-resistant flexible type conductive adhesive for SMD-type crystal oscillators that uses silver as an electro conductive filler and uses heat-curing silicone resin as a binder. It has flexibility and excellent stress relaxation property, and its characteristics are stable over a wide temperature range.

In addition, it is used as an electrode connection for small quartz crystals and SAW filter piezoelectric elements.

3351C

This is a low-halogen, solvent-vaporization heating type conductive paint that uses nickel as an electro conductive filler and elastomer as a binder.

It can be used for ensuring conductivity by film forming and spot welding, and for electronic device grounds.

3350B

This is a solvent-vaporizing type conductive paint that uses silver

as an electro conductive filler and uses acrylic resin as a binder.

It is quick-drying and forms a cured film. It can be used for screw conductive locking, for electromagnetic

wave shielding, for fixing of terminals, repairing of circuits, and for plating bases.

There is also a low-resistance type available.

3373F

This is an anisotropically-conductive adhesive for screen printing that uses gold plated particles as an electro conductive filler and uses synthetic rubber as a binder. It is possible to form an anisotropically-conductive film directly on the substrate by screen printing, and multiple contact points can be connected at the same time via thermo compression bonding. It is used for general connections such as for touch panels and flexible substrates, membrane switches, and film substrates for EL backlights.

3380

This is a solventless conductive adhesive that uses silver as an electro conductive filler and uses two-component room temperature curing epoxy resin as a binder.

It can be used for bonding electronic device electrodes and carbon contact points, and for conductive adhesion of ceramic and glass portions where soldering cannot be done.

3381

This is a solventless conductive adhesive that uses nickel as an electro conductive filler and uses two-component room temperature curing acrylic resin as a binder.

It is used for electronic device EMI shielding. It is used for bonding conductive plastic materials for EMI shields. It can also be used for conductive adhesion of large areas.

3300 Series



Conductive Resin Materials

Property Table

	Product name		3301E	3301F	3301M-1	3301W	3302B	3303B	3303R	3303G (NEO)	
	Characteristics Binder	Unit	Epoxy-based	Epoxy-based	Epoxy-based	Epoxy-based	Urethane	Silicone- based	Silicone- based	Silicone- based	
El	ectro conductive filler		Silver-based	Silver-based	Silver-based	Silver-based	Silver-based	Silver-based	Silver-based	Silver-based	
	Features		Soft type	Soft type	Soft type	Solventless Surface adhesion- available	Soft type	Heat resistance Flexible type	Excellent adhesion with gold/ silver electrodes	Excellent adhesion with gold/ silver electrodes	
	Main usages		Quartz crystal	Quartz crystal	Quartz crystal	Adhesion of fixed surfaces for quartz crystal	Quartz crystal	SMD-type crystal oscillator / Transmitting element / SAW filter	SMD-type crystal oscillator / Transmitting element / SAW filter	SMD-type crystal oscillator / Transmitting element / SAW filter	
	Appearance		Silver	Silver	Silver	Silver	Silver	Silver	Silver	Silver	
	Viscosity	Pa-s	31.0	23.0	67.0	37.0	15.0	22.0	50.0	40.0	
	Specific gravity		3.08	3.40	o.	3.20	2.73	2.30			
Sta	ndard curing conditions		130°C/40 min or 150°C/30 min	130°C/40 min or 150°C/30 min	150°C/30 min	120°C/60 min or 170°C/15 min	150°C/30 min	150°C/60 min or 170°C/30 min	180°C/60 min	180°C/60 min	
tics after	Volume resistivity	Ω-m	1 to 2×10 ⁻⁶	1 to 2×10 ⁻⁶	0.9×10 ⁻⁶	1.6×10 ⁶	2.0×10 ⁻⁶	3 to 4×10 ⁻⁵	2.8×10 ⁻⁶	2.5×10 ⁻⁶	
haracteris	Pencil scratch hardness		4Н	4H	-	4H	5B	Softer than 6B	Softer than 6B	Softer than 6B	
Physical characteristics after curing	Chip bonding strength (Ceramic chip/Glass)	MPa	2	2	17		-	2.9	3.5	3.0	
	Remark(s)				3301M alternative product						

-										
3303M	3303N	3303Y	3303Z	3304	3304D	3315E	3331D	3333C	3350B	3350C
Silicone- based	Silicone- based	Silicone- based	Silicone- based	Silicone- based	Silicone- based	Synthetic rubber- based	Epoxy-based	Silicone- based	Acrylic resin- based	Acrylic resin- based
Silver-based	Silver-based	Silver-based	Silver-based	Silver-based	Silver-based	Carbon- based	Silver-based	Silver-based	Silver-based	Silver-based
Excellent adhesion with gold/ silver electrodes (slow-drying type)	Excellent adhesion with gold/ silver electrodes (slow-drying type)	Excellent adhesion with gold/ silver electrodes (slow-drying type)	Excellent adhesion with gold/ silver electrodes (Thixotropy added, quick- drying) (Applied in small amounts)	Excellent adhesion with gold/ silver electrodes (Thixotropy added)	Excellent adhesion with gold/ silver electrodes (Thixotropy added, quick- drying) (Applied in small amounts)	Can be used for conductive hot melting	Low temperature hardening, syringe type	Stress relaxation property (low elasticity)	Quick- drying Cured material	Low resistance
SMD-type crystal oscillator / Transmitting element / SAW filter	SMD-type crystal oscillator / Transmitting element / SAW filter	SMD-type crystal oscillator / Transmitting element / SAW filter	Conductive adhesion for copy machine neutralization rollers Electronic device ground	Conduction fixing of electronic parts, earthing	Conductive adhesive for SMD- type crystal oscillator Small crystal oscillator / Transmitting element / SAW filter	Spot fixing Screw conductive locking Circuit repair Electromag- netic wave shielding	Spot fixing Screw conductive locking Circuit repair Electromag- netic wave shielding			
Silver	Silver	Silver	Silver	Silver	Silver	Black	Silver	Silver	Silver	Silver
40.0	41.0	40.0	70.0	65.0	50.0	0.6	25.0	30.0	2.5	1.0
3.07	3.02		- 2	-		0.87		3.2	1.90	2.20
180°C/60 min	180°C/60 min	180°C/60 min	210°C/60 min	180°C/60 min	180°C/60 min	80°C/30 min	80°C/60 min	180°C/60 min	25°C/4h or 60°C/1h	25°C/24h or 60°C/1h
1.9×10 ⁻⁶	2.3×10 ⁻⁶	2.7×10 ⁻⁶	0.6×10 ⁻⁶	1.8×10 ⁻⁶	1.3×10 ⁻⁶	4.3×10 ⁻²	0.5×10 ⁻⁵	8.0×10 ⁻⁶	2 to 3×10 ⁻⁶	2.0×10 ⁻⁶
Softer than 6B	Softer than 6B	Softer than 6B	Softer than 6B	Softer than 6B	Softer than 6B	-	Harder than 9H	Softer than 6B	ЗН	3H
3.6	3.1	2.5	1.4	2.4	2.4		19.9	1.4	2	
3303F alternative product			Supported nozzles: inner diameter 0.13 mm or more		Supported nozzles: inner diameter 0.14 mm or more	Flexibility				
					* - : Unmeasure					

^{* -:} Unmeasured

* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.



Conductive Resin Materials Property Table

	Product name Characteristics	Unit	3351C
	Binder		Elastomer synthetic resin
Elec	ctro conductive filler		Nickel-based
	Features		Low halogen content
	Main usages		Ensuring conductivity by film forming / spot welding Electronic device ground
	Appearance		Gray
	Viscosity	Pa-s	3.0
	Specific gravity		1.5
Stand	lard curing conditions		90°C/60 min
stics after	Volume resistivity	Ω·m	8.0×10 ⁻⁵
Physical characteristics after curing	Pencil scratch hardness		-
Physical	Chip bonding strength (Ceramic chip/Glass)	MPa	12
	Remark(s)		Halogen- free enabled



Anisotropically Conductive Pastes Property Table

8	Product name Characteristics	Unit	3373C	3373F	3374
	Binder		Synthetic rubber-based	Synthetic rubber-based	Epoxy-based
Elec	ctro conductive filler		Gold plated particles	Gold plated particles	Gold plated particles
	Features		For screen printing Anisotropically conductive adhesive	For screen printing Anisotropically conductive adhesive	For screen printing Anisotropically conductive adhesive
	Main usages		Electrical connection, bonding between electrical circuits	Electrical connection, bonding between electrical circuits	Electrical connection, bonding between electrical circuits
	Appearance		Light yellowish green	Grayish white	Brown gray
	Viscosity	Pa-s	75.0	60.0	140
	Specific gravity		1.00	1.08	1.40
Film	Film formation (drying) conditions		100°C/10 to 20 min or 120°C/5 to 10 min	100°C/10 to 20 min or 120°C/5 to 10 min	-
Cr	imping conditions		140°C× 3MPa× 10s	140°C× 3MPa× 10s	120°C× 1.5MPa× 5 to 10 min
aracteristics uning	Connection resistance	Ω	1 or less	1 or less	1 or less
Physical characteristics after curing	Hardness		-	-	D93
	Remark(s)		Isophorone Toluene	Aromatic solvent Halogen- free enabled	

 ^{- :} Unmeasured
 The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.
 Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

^{* -:} Unmeasured

* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.

	Product name Characteristics	Unit	33	80	33	81	
	Binder			-based	Acrylic resin-based		
Ele	ctro conductive filler		Silver-	based	Nickel-based		
	Features		temperat	onent room ure curing ntless	Two-component contact curing		
	Main usages		point for vari devices / 0 adhesion o	rbon contact ous electrical conductive f yokes and ites	Electronic device EMI shielding Bonding of conductive plastic for EMI shielding Conductive adhesion for large areas		
	Appearance		Main agent	and the second second	Agent A	Agent B	
	Appearance		Silver	Grayish yellow	Black	Black	
	Viscosity	Pa-s	70.0	120	100	90.0	
	Specific gravity		3.30	2.68	2.80	2.70	
Stan	Standard curing conditions		25°C/5 days or 60°C/24h or 80°C/1h		25°C/15h or 60°C/30 min		
tics after	Volume resistivity	Ω·m	8.0×10 ⁻⁶		7 to 10×10 ⁻⁵		
Physical characteristics after curing	Pencil scratch hardness		3	н	н		
Physical	Chip bonding strength (Ceramic chip/Glass)	MPa			-		
Remark(s)			Compound	ing ratio 2:1	Compounding ratio 1:1 Toluene included		

^{* -:} Unmeasured

* The value listed in the property table is an example of a measured value and is not the guarantee level.

* Before using, confirm the adequacy and safety for the relevant application.